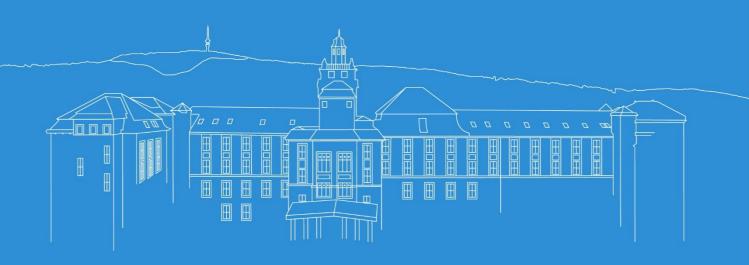


STUDY GUIDE FOR EXCHANGE STUDENTS



FACULTY OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Faculty of Business and Economics – Focusing on You

Short history

Our Faculty, founded in 1970, is the second oldest Faculty of Economics in Hungary. Since our foundation we have been a leading and proactive participant in Hungarian Higher Education. Our wide range of international partnerships with 61 European and several non-European universities allow 15-20% of our nearly 3,000 students to spend a semester abroad. To broaden their opportunities, we are working to establish a strong network of partners from the business environment. The nationally outstanding number of qualified faculty and the doctoral students of FBE are active and renowned participants in social and economic research in Hungary. Today the Faculty is not only regarded as an educational institution but also as a rich and creative network of academic staff and current students, of international and corporate specialists and of alumni in senior management positions or dynamic entrepreneurs. FBE is a community of practitioners in the economic sciences and, as such, a hugely significant regional knowledge centre.

Education – Stimulating Learning Environment

The Faculty devotes itself to preparing its students for a career in the business world and for achieving high-level, responsible positions in business in general. We offer Bachelor-level programmes in Hungarian in Economics, Business Administration, Marketing, Finance, and Economics-related Information Technology; there are also Master-level programmes in Hungarian in Business Administration, Marketing, and Finance and, from September 2009, in Economic Analysis, Regional and Environmental Economic Policy, MBA and PhD programmes in Regional Studies and Business Administration and short training programmes in various fields for companies. The Faculty offers two programmes in English: BA in Business Administration and MSc in Applied Management.

Faculty - Academic Excellence

The Faculty of Business and Economics is an international centre of academic excellence. The members of the teaching staff have both practical experience and highly specialised knowledge in their research field. The Faculty has such Honorary Doctors as Charles Simonyi (the developer of Word and Excel applications), Professor Peter Lorange (President of IMD, Lausanne and holder of the Nestlé Chair at that institution) or Francis Aguilar, Professor at the Harvard Business School.

International relations – Opening the World

We focus on building and broadening our present range of partnerships both with European and overseas universities. Our aim is to create a basis for teaching and study exchange programmes, internships and research.

THE BSC BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

The three-year (six-semester) BA course, validated by Middlesex University, was launched in 1996. It is also accredited by the Hungarian Accreditation Committee. Upon successful completion of the course, students will receive both a Hungarian and a British degree, which is accepted in the EU and which is exactly the same as Middlesex University confers in the UK.

Participating lecturers include both the academic staff of the Faculty and visiting lecturers from all over the world. Course material, content delivery and teaching methods are all international, using the very latest text-books and other state-of-the-art resources. The presence of international students in the midst of the Hungarian student body provides a unique international dimension to our own domestic courses, and to accommodate the international organisational framework the ECTS credit system has been introduced.

THE BSc TOURISM AND CATERING PROGRAMME

With the acquired economic, business, social sciences, applied methodology and tourism and catering specialised knowledge you will be able to manage the tasks and challenges and the related workflows in a wide range of activities related to tourism and catering. You will be able to reveal and analyse the factors influencing the tourism demand, create an attractive and experience based supply and organise and fulfil the related services activities.

THE MSc APPLIED MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

Based on the success of the BA programme taught in English, and the growing interest in Master's Programmes in general, the Faculty launched the MSc programme in 1999. It is a specialized, two-year degree course for those who wish to deepen their knowledge and develop skills associated with a successful business or professional career.

THE MSc ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP PROGRAMME

The programme, first launched in 2018, is the result of several years of development within the framework of the Faculty's Charles Simonyi Business Development Center.

An advanced understanding of business and enterprise development, consciously developed managerial skills make our MSc students able to launch their own enterprises or find middle or senior managerial employment in various fields of national and international business life. Graduates may also be able to manage projects for either state or privately owned enterprise developing institutions, venture-capital companies, and financial institutions.

The programme is validated by Middlesex University London.

Curriculum Table (BSc. Business Administration)

Semester 1	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4	Semester 5	Semester 6
A1	A1	A1	A1	A1	B1
Quantitative Methods	Probability and Statistics	Business Statistics	Introduction to Marketing	Corporate Finance	Investments
A2	A2	B1	B1	B1	B1
The Art of Writing and Presenting	Introduction to Social Sciences	Organizational Behavior	Human Resource Management	Strategic Manageme nt	Operations Managemen t
A1 Microeconomics	A1 Macroeconomics	A1 Introduction to Accounting	A1 International Economics	A1 Business Economics	B2 (electives) To be announced at the beginning of the semester
A1 Information Systems	B1 Introduction to Management	A1 Corporate Finance	B2 (electives) To be announced at the beginning of the	B2 (electives) To be announced at the beginning of the	B2 (electives) To be announced at the beginning of the
			semester	semester	semester

Curriculum Table (BSc. Tourism and Catering)

Semester 1	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4
A1	A1	A1	A1
Quantitative Methods	Probability and Statistics	Business Statistics	Introduction to Marketing
A1	A1	A1	A1
Microeconomics	Macroeconomics	Introduction to Accounting	International Economics
A1	A1	A1	В
Information Introduction to Social Sciences		Corporate Finance	Foundations of Digital Marketing
A2 B		В	В
The Art of Writing and Presenting System of Tourism		Tourism Geography	Fast and Slow Tourism Products

Year 1

Core Modules (A1/A2/B1)

1.	Module code:	B19A01E
2.	Title:	QUANTITATIVE METHODS
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	fall
5.	Module leader:	GYÖNGYI BUGÁR, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	Programme	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in Tourism and Catering
	 Level restrictions 	4
	 Other restrictions or requirements 	none
_	Α'	

8. Aims:

To make students aware of the usefulness of mathematics as an aid in formulating and solving business-related problems. To enable the students to understand the main features of deterministic phenomena and investigate their models. To provide a toolkit to other subjects which use mathematical techniques, e.g. Economics, Finance, Operations Research and Operations Management.

9. Learning outcomes:

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1.understand and appreciate the key aspects of function theory, optimisation theory and matrix algebra
- 2.demonstrate the role and significance of quantitative methods in decision making
- 3. distinguish the limitations of the different optimisation models and solution methods
- 4. examine and model deterministic phenomena from Business, Economics, Finance, etc.
- 5. develop and solve simple business-related optimisation problems
- 6. analyse and interpret the output given by Excel applications

- Brief review of the basic concepts of Mathematics: introduction to the theory of sets, numbers, vectors and functions. Operations with sets, numbers and vectors.
- Elementary theory of matrices, matrix operations. Determinants, Cramer's Rule. Business applications. Excel applications for matrix operations
- Elementary theory of single variable real functions. Continuity, monotonicity, convexity/concavity, extremal values, zeroes, etc. Graphical representation and graphical analysis of single variable real functions. Business applications.
- Elementary theory of several variable real functions. Convexity/concavity, extremal values, zeroes, etc. Graphical representation and graphical analysis of several variable real functions.
- The level curve method. The elements of linear and nonlinear programming.
 Graphical solution methods. Business applications.
- Introduction to differential calculus. Basic concepts and calculus rules.
- Complete analysis of single variable functions. Business applications.
- The indefinite integral, basic rules for integration. Differential equations. Business applications.

- The definite integral and its geometric meaning. The Newton-Leibniz Rule. Improper integrals.
- Differential calculus for functions with several variables. Seeking for extremum.
 Business applications.
- Systems of linear equations. Matrix equations. The inverse of a matrix. Vector space and coordinate transformation methods. The pivot algorithm. Excel applications for supporting the solution.
- Unconstrained optimization problems.
- Equality constrained optimization problems. The Lagrange Multiplier Rule.

There will be weakly lectures (2 hrs/week) and seminars (2 hrs/week). Exercises and business-related problems will be set as the basis for discussion. The solutions will be supported by Excel applications wherever it is possible.

12. Assessment scheme:

Formative assessment scheme

Formative feedback will be provided throughout this module through the discussion of problems given as homework.

Summative assessment scheme

Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes

Students will have two closed-book written examinations during the semester (Midterm 1 and Midterm 2) on selected problems. At the end of the semester there will be a closed-book written exam (Final Examination). This will assess the full range of learning outcomes.

Midterm 1	15 %
(it will assess LOs 1 and 5)	
Midterm 2	15 %
(it will assess LOs 1, 2, 5 and 6)	
Final Examination	70 %
(it will assess the full range of LOs)	

It is required to achieve more than 50% of the scores onthe Final Exam in order to receive a pass. In case of the Midterms there is no such requirement. Based on all of the assessment elements, however, more than 50% in aggregate is needed for the pass rate. As a consequence, only the final exam can be resat.

Maximum of 25% missing is allowed; otherwise the semester will not be approved.

		, от
	Seen examination	0 %
	Unseen examination	100 %
	Coursework (no examination)	0 %
13.	Timetabled examination required	YES
14.	Length of exam	75 minutes in case of the Midterms, 90 minutes in case of the Final Examination
15.	Learning materials	
	Essential	 K. Sydsæter, P. Hammond and A. Strøm: Essential Mathematics for EconomicAnalysis, Pearson Education, 4th edition, 2012. Handouts uploaded to Neptun.
	Recommended	 E. F. Haeussler, R. S. Paul and R. J. Wood: Introductory Mathematical Analysis for Business, Economics and Life and Social Sciences, Pearson Education, Thirteenth edition, 2011.

1.	Module code:	B19A20E
2.	Title:	THE ART OF WRITING AND PRESENTING
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	fall
5.	Module leader:	KÁRMEN KOVÁCS, DR./PETRA RÁCZ-PUTZER, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	Pre-requisite	none
	Programme	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in Tourism and Catering
	Level restrictions	4
	Other restrictions or requirements	none

Module aims to introduce students to the practice of researching, writing and presenting for academic purposes. It also provides a guide for finding useful professional sources, assessing their relevance and reading them critically and introduces how to integrate sources into a paper by quoting, paraphrasing, summarising, critiquing and acknowledging in a scholarly way. Students learn to avoid plagiarism and apply citation and referencing in a correct way. Module aims to prepare students for work in subsequent courses in which researching, writing and presenting are requirements.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. collect, select and critically evaluate professional literature and information sources;
- 2. construct appropriate macro and micro structure in a paper;
- 3. apply correct citation and referencing;
- 4. define the basic elements of presentations;
- 5. select effective presentation techniques in speech making.
- 6. apply systematic approach and critical thinking to research and writing;
- 7. conduct effective literature survey;
- 8. show timed speaking activities for 2 to 10 minutes on a given topic.

- Definition and types of research. Research proposal.
- Types of professional sources. Online databases (EBSCOhost, Springer, Wiley etc.) and information sources.
- Selection of sources. Assessing sources. Reading sources critically.
- Integrating sources by quoting, paraphrasing and summarising. Critiquing sources.
- Writing a literature review. The academic writing style.
- Avoiding plagiarism. Citation and referencing.
- Basics of presentations: Understand the situation and know your subject matter and know how to sell it.
- Presentation tools and self-awareness.
- Organizing information and writing the script of presentation.
- Selecting appropriate visual aids.
- Basics of body language.
- Final group presentation project.

This module will be delivered via a combination of lectures and seminars. Lectures (75 minutes) are provided to establish the framework of researching, writing and presenting (LOs2, 4, 5). Professional guides and samples are applied for practice to develop LOs 1, 3,5, 6, 7 and 8. They are used during interactive seminars (75 minutes) and for written assignments. Virtual learning environment is used to develop LOs2, 3,5 and8. Feedback on home assignments and presentations will be given through emails and one-to-one meetings.

12. Assessment scheme:

(a) Formative assessment scheme

Feedback from lecturers on in-class activities, draft essays and work-in-progress presentations.

(b) Summative assessment scheme

Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes

Written assignment 1 (Research Proposal)(10%) in Week 4

Students will be required to write a Research Proposal to a business or economic topic (max. 1,000 words) (LOs 6)

Midterm exam(20%) in Week 7

Students will have a closed-book written examination during the semester. (LOs 1,2,3,4,7 and 8)

Written assignment 2 (Essay)(20%) in Week 9

Students will be required to write an essay about a business or economic topic in a scholarly way (max. 3,000 words). Literature review, correct citation and referencing, appropriate paper structure and professional writing style are required. (LOs 1,2,3,6 and 7)

Coursework (presenting) (20%) in Week 9, 10, and 11

Students will practice the basic elements of presentation and the usage of body language using training techniques. (LOs 4 and8)

Final group presentation (15%) in Week 12

Students will be required to create groups and as a group to create a 15-minute presentation in a chosen economic topic and perform it (LO 8)

Written assignment 3 (Video analysis) (15%) in Week 13

Students will be required to create groups and as a group to produce a critical report of a chosen video in an identified context of presentation techniques and body language. (max. 1,000 words) (LOs 4 and 5)

Students who do not gain more than 50% in the midterm exam, can write the retake midterm exam in the last week of the semester.

After deadline, any submission of the tasks will be refused.

Based on all of the assessment elements, more than 50% in aggregate is required to pass the course.

Seen examination	N/A
Unseen examination	20%
Coursework (no examination)	80%

13.	Timetabled examination required	NO
14.	Length of exam	1 hour
15.	Learning materials	
	Essential	Deane, M. (2010), Academic Research, Writing & Referencing. Harlow, Pearson. Russel, L. and Munter, M. (2014), Guide to Presentations (4th Edition). Harlow, Pearson.
	• Recommended	Anderson, C. J. (2016), TED Talks: The Official TED Guide to Public Speaking. Mariner Books Hart, C. (2008), Doing a Literature Review: Releasing the Social Science Research Imagination. London [etc.], Sage Publications. Krogerus, M. and Tschäppeler (2018), The Communication Book: 44 Ideas for Better Conversations Every Day. Penguin Books Ledden, E. (2014), The Communication Book: How to say it, mean it, and make it matter. Harlow, Pearson. Machi, L. A. and McEvoy, B. T. (2009), The Literature Review: Six Steps to Success. Thousand Oaks, Corwin Press. McMillan, K. and Weyers, J. (2013), How to Cite, Reference and Avoid Plagiarism at University. Harlow, Pearson. McMillan, K. and Weyers, J. (2013), How to Improve Your Critical Thinking and Reflective Skills. Harlow, Pearson. McMillan, K. and Weyers, J. (2014), How to Complete a Successful Research Project. Harlow, Pearson. Moss, R. W. (2004), Strauss's Handbook of Business Information: A Guide for Librarians, Students, and Researchers. Westport, libraries Unlimited. Mukkavilli, S. (2015), Slide Spin: Your Power of Expression. Notion Press Neville, C. (2010), The Complete Guide to Referencing and Avoiding Plagiarism. 2nd ed. Maidenhead, Open University Press. Saunders, M., Lewis, P. and Thornhill, A. (2007), Research Methods for Business Students. 4th ed. Harlow; New York, Financial Times - Prentice Hall.

1.	Module code:	B19A02E
2.	Title:	MICROECONOMICS
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	Fall
5.	Module leader:	KATALIN ERDŐS, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	Programme	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in Tourism and Catering
	 Level restrictions 	4
	 Other restrictions or requirements 	none

The aim of the module is to provide an introduction to the field of microeconomics. It targets the discussion of the basic concepts and approaches, including optimization, equilibrium and empiricism. Discussion will cover consumer and producer decisions, market structures, and welfare issues. The module helps students to understand the role of economics in society and the way economists think and optimize under different conditions.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. explain ordinal and cardinal thinking,
- 2. compare positive and normative approaches,
- 3. analyse optimization methods behind consumption and production decisions
- 4. compare a selection of key theories in the field.
- 5. model economic processes,
- 6. apply mathematical models in a microeconomic setting,
- 7. organize data and information relevant in the field.

10. Syllabus:

- The Principles and Practice of Economics
- Economic Methods and Economic Questions
- Optimization: Doing the Best You Can
- Demand, Supply, and Equilibrium
- Consumers and Incentives
- Sellers and Incentives
- Perfect Competition and the Invisible Hand
- Trade
- Externalities and Public Goods
- Monopoly
- Game Theory and Strategic Play
- Oligopoly and Monopolistic Competition
- Markets for Factors of Production

11. Learning and teaching strategy:

Lectures focus on the interpretation of theory. Seminars aim to help students apply the theoretical concepts on calculus and everyday examples. Weekly on-line quizzes give an incentive to students to revise chapters discussed during the previous class and get feedback on their level of knowledge. It also supports understanding of the new learning material by refreshing the most important concepts of the previous lecture.

Exercises will be available online for individual practice. The key questions covered will include: household decisions, consumer choice; firm's output and input decisions in case of different market structures; production; factor demand and supply decisions; microeffects of taxation; externalities.

12. **Assessment scheme:**

Formative assessment scheme

Sample exams will be given to students to practice before the final and the midterm exams. The solutions to the exercises will be discussed during the seminars, so students get feedback in order to be able to assess their knowledge level and identify areas to be developed, and to request for further explanation if needed.

Summative assessment scheme

40% Midterm exam (LOs 1, 2, 3 and 5)

If the student fails the first attempt of midterm exam, there is one retake opportunity in the study period. Should the student fail the midterm retake the student cannot participate the final exam and failed the module.

60% Final exam (LOs 3, 4, 5 and 6)

If the student fails the first attempt of the final exam, there is one retake opportunity in the examination period.

	Seen examination	0%
	Unseen examination	100%
	Coursework (no examination)	0%
13.	Timetabled examination	NO
	required	
14.	Length of exam	Midterm exam 75 minutes, final exam 120 minutes

15. **Learning materials**

Essential

David Begg – Stanley Fischer – Rudiger Dornbusch: Economics. Part 1–3. McGraw-Hill. (seventh or newer edition).

Recommended

Daron Acemoglu – David Laibson – John A. List (2016): Economics. Part I–III. Pearson Education

1.	Module code:	B19A03E
2.	Title:	INFORMATION SYSTEMS
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	fall
5.	Module leader:	SÁNDOR DANKA, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in Tourism and Catering
	 Level restrictions 	4
	Other restrictions or requirements	none

The course intends to present basic knowledge on modern information technology in general and an overview on business applications to establish the necessary level of understanding, the roles and potential of these technologies and methods in everyday business life.

The course covers the uses of data, information, technology, software, networking, manpower, organization, and will conclude by discussing information management, IT business planning, competitiveness and the problems of the Information Society.

9. Learning outcomes:

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. Elaborate the role and characteristics of IT tools and methods in business life.
- 2. Compare up-to-date technology development (hardware and software) and trends.
- 3. Assess IS and modern info-communication technologies in the context of the business organization
- 4. Demonstrate the IS development process, different approaches, advantages and risks in business
- 5. Ability to compare the role and types of stand-alone and networked IT devices
- 6. Plan to use information technology to develop competitive organizations
- 7. Ability to examine dilemmas and controversies on IT and Information Management
- 8. The usage of PC-based managerial support tools in their individual work.

- Exploring Our Digital Planet; History on the Informatics
- Introduction to the Microsoft Excel 2010, basic tasks
- Hardware, Case study
- Software: Applications, Aspects of software purchases, Case study
- Software: Operating System, Applications of mobile technology and portable devices, Case study
- Computers at Work, School and Home, Gamification as the motivation or training tool of the IT and economic workforce, Case study
- Graphics, Digital Media and Multimedia, VR, extended reality, augmented humans, Excel Test
- Internet of Things, Access Demo
- National holiday
- Networking and digital communication + The evolving internet, Big data, Case study, Access Exercises
- Graphics, Digital Media, and Multimedia, Case study
- Information Security part 1. Protection/ security of information systems, attacks, abuses. Case study
- Information Security part 2. Utilizing User Data, Case study

- Information System in Business, The current market for enterprise management systems and enterprise resource planning (ERP) systems., Access Test
- E-commerce and E-Business, Cryptic money and corporate finance, financial services, Retake of tests

Lectures (about 50% of classroom activities), practices and case studies (with individual preparatory work) will present the key steps required to gain a competitive advantage in the marketplace through the use of information techniques and IT related methods.

Students are expected to engage in self-managed learning activities.

Lab work meetings start with Q&A session to make all terms of the week clear.

12. Assessment scheme:

(a) Formative assessment scheme

Formative feedback will be provided throughout this module through the discussion of problems given as topics for presentations and as homework.

- (b) Summative assessment scheme
- 1. Excel Test (20%): Students will have a case study based evaluation at the IT Lab during the semester using Excel software on selected problems. These tests will mainly assess learning outcome (LO) 1, 5, 9.
- 2. Access Test (20%): Students will have a case study based evaluation at the IT Lab at the end of the semester using Access software on selected problems. These tests will mainly assess learning outcome (LO) 2, 7, 9.
- 3. Group Presentation (10%): Presentations will cover most of the LO's depending on the content of the given presentation (10%).
- 4. Final Exam (50 %): At the end of the semester students will have a closed-book written exam (Final Examination). This will assess the full range of learning outcomes (50%).

Resit opportunity: Excel and Access tests have to be fulfilled with at least 50,01 %. According to this, these assessments have one resit opportunity each at the last week of the study period. The final exam has a retake opportunity during the exam period.

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	Seen examination	N/A
	Unseen examination	90%
	Coursework (no examination)	10%
13.	Timetabled examination	YES
	required	
14.	Length of exam	Excel and Access Test: 75 minutes
		Group presentation: 25 minutes
		Final exam: 75 minutes
15.	Learning materials	
		Jane P. Laudon, Kenneth C: Management Information
		Systems: Managing the Digital Firm,13th Edition,
	Essential	Pearson, ISBN-13: 978-0133050691
		Beekman, G: Digital Planet, Tomorrow's Technology
		and You, 10th edition, Pearson, ISBN13:
		9780132737524; ISBN10: 0132737523
		Gardner, CRathswohl, E.: MIS Cases using
		application software
		Wiley, 2011; ISBN: 978-0-470-10122-3
	Recommended	Excel 2010 Introduction: Part I,
		Excel 2010 Introduction: Part II,
		Excel 2010 Advanced
		Download: http://www.bookboon.com
1		

1.	Module code:	B19A04E
2.	Title:	PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	spring
5.	Module leader:	DÁNIEL KEHL, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in Tourism and Catering
	 Level restrictions 	4
	 Other restrictions or requirements 	none

8. **Aims:** To develop a basic understanding in probability theory (discrete and continuous distributions) and basic statistical methods (both descriptive and inferential). The course aims to build a basis in methodology for both theoretical and practical issues in the given field. The module helps to understand concepts and methods covered in more advanced statistics courses. Data analytic skills are among the most in-demand jobs nowadays and in the coming years.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. analyse a population using descriptive statistics,
- 2. summarise the key aspects of probability and random variables in the decision making process,
- 3. infer population parameters based on a sample.
- 4. solve numerical business problems,
- 5. select the appropriate technique and method for the solution of such problems,
- 6. apply theoretical concepts in a business environment.

10. **Syllabus:**

- Introduction
- Organizing and Visualizing Data
- Numerical Descriptive Measures
- Basic Probability
- Discrete Probability Distributions
- The Normal Distribution and Other Continuous Distributions
- Sampling and Sampling Distributions
- Confidence Interval Estimation
- Fundamentals of Hypothesis Testing: One-Sample Tests
- Two-Sample Tests

11. Learning and teaching strategy:

Two classes per week in which theory is explained and applications are demonstrated. An exercise comprising several problems issued at each lecture will form the basis of the follow-up seminars. A home assignment is given each week for the students to practice the newly learnt material. Students are expected to extend their knowledge of computer programs (primarily Microsoft Excel) to solve some of these problems.

It is inevitable that students practice on their own at home based on the exercises and their solutions in the core learning materials. A Forum is provided to have the ability of a panel discussion about the material online on Moodle.

12. Assessment scheme:

Formative assessment scheme

QA sessions before midterm tests and drop-in office hours.

Summative assessment scheme

Midterm (15% each): Three written unseen tests in computer lab using Excel usually in weeks 4, 7 and 10 (LOs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5)

	Take home assessments (15%): 30-question weekly quizzes in Moodle to be done at home(LOs 1, 2 and 3)	
	Final exam(40%): unseen, written examination in computer lab, based on statistical	
	problem-solving across the syllabus (LOs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6)	
	Midterm tests and home assign	ments cannot be resat.
	Seen examination	0%
	Unseen examination	85%
	Coursework (no examination)	15%
13.	Timetabled examination	YES
	required	
14.	Length of exam	1.5 hours
15.	Learning materials	
	Essential	Basic Business Statistics: Global Edition 13/e Mark L Berenson, David Levine and Timothy C. Krehbiel ISBN: 9781292069029
	Recommended	

1.	Module code:	B19A21E
2.	Title:	INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL SCIENCES
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	spring
5.	Module leader:	CSABA PAUKER, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in Tourism and Catering
	Level restrictions	4
	 Other restrictions or requirements 	none

Module aims to examine critically the theoretical and empirical background in the social sciences as it facilitates a deeper understanding of people and human acting on the market, in the market economy and in different organizations. This module offers brief introduction into the history of social sciences in order to understand the development of social thought. The module gives overview about the most important issues in close connection with business life and exposes students to the most important social and psychological issues that arise in various business contexts.

This module invites students to adopt and apply knowledge in managerial problem solving. The module will also seek to promote students' ability to think critically.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

On completion of this module the successful student will be able to:

- 1. analyse the development of social thought from the 19th century to the present day.
- 2. compare the main competing theories of current debate and analyse their applications in practice.
- examine and illustrate the social context in which business people operate. The
 different fields of activities and the rules relating there to; with special emphasis
 on the latest developments in Central Europe.
- 4. analyse social issues in the globalised and Hungarian business environment.
- 5. construct and carry out effective small-scale research (library use, literature research, referencing)
- 6. demonstrate positive contribution to team working
- 7. effectively explain ideas verbally
- 8. contrast views with peers

- Sociology as a social science. Sociological perspective. Sociological Imagination. Critical sensitivity
- The "Ideal-Type" of "Homo Oeconomicus", "Homo Sociologicus" and "Homo Psychologicus". Integration at micro and macro level. Competitiveness. Social factors of competitiveness.
- Culture and human behaviour. Roles, values and norms.
- Socialization process.
- Verbal and non-verbal communication.
- Intelligence. Emotional intelligence. Interpersonal intelligence. Tests: IQ, EQ.
- Conformity and deviance. Anomie-theory.
- Social stratification and classes. Stratification models.
- Groups and organizations.
- Work and society. The social nature of work.

- Fordism. Future of work. Post-Fordism. Flexibility debate. Globalization of society.
- Modern Urbanism. Social Change. Post-industrial society? Globalization.
- Methodology. Research process. Research methods

This module will be delivered via a combination of lectures and seminars. Lectures (2 academic hours in duration) will be deployed to introduce key concepts, issues, and debates, whilst seminars (2 academic hours) will be used to promote active student involvement in the learning process by way of a diverse range of practical activities or reading based discussions.

12. Assessment scheme:

Formative assessment scheme

Monitoring learning process:

- 10 minutes in class-test
- discussions in seminars and team work of low point value
- feedback on in-class activities and exercises

Summative assessment scheme

- 1. Midterm exam (8th week) (30%) LOs 1, 2 If the student fails the first attempt of the midterm exam, there is one retake opportunity in the study period. Should the student fail the midterm retake the student cannot participate the final exam and failed the module.
- 2. Final exam (50%) LOs 3, 4 If the student fails the first attempt of the final exam, there is one retake opportunity in the examination period. Should the student fail the retake exam the student failed the module.
- 3. Seminar work (20%): 5% short seminar papers (LOs 1, 2,); team work: essay (500 words) (5th week) 5% (LOs 5,6,7,8) and seminar activity 10% (LOs 6,7,8) All 3 parts must be passed successfully (min.50.01%) in order to pass the module.

	Seen examination	0%
	Unseen examination	Midterm Examination 30%
		Final Examination 50%
	Coursework (no examination)	20%
13.	Timetabled examination required	YES
14.	Length of exam	2 hours
15.	Learning materials	
	Essential	Giddens, Anthony (2017,2018) Sociology (with Philip W. Sutton) 7 th and 8 th Edition, Polity Press Competitiveness Report 2019/2020 www.weforum.org
	Recommended	Joseph, Martin (1991) Sociology for Business – A Practical Approach. Polity Articles from different scientific papers

1.	Module code:	B19A05E
2.	Title:	MACROECONOMICS
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	spring
5.	Module leader:	TAMÁS SEBESTYÉN, DR. \ RICHÁRD FARKAS
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	Programme	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in Tourism and Catering
	 Level restrictions 	4
	Other restrictions or requirements	none

The module aims to introduce the most important aspects of macroeconomics and to get the students understand how the economy works as a whole. The course introduces basic macroeconomic models, the fiscal and monetary decisions, the real and the money market and the principles of foreign trade and economic growth. The module also aims to provide the students with a critical overview of different schools of macroeconomics and draw the attention on the complexity of the subject.

9. Learning outcomes:

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. analyse fundamental economic data (GDP, inflation, unemployment)
- 2. construct and examine trends in basic macroeconomic variables
- 3. compare the basic mechanisms behind fiscal and monetary interventions
- 4. select, classify and summarise the most important short and long run effects of economic shocks
- 5. understand key concepts in international trade and open economy macroeconomics
- 6. provide and construct macroeconomic outlook for business decision support

- Introduction, measuring a nation's income, national income accounting
- Measuring the cost of living
- Production, long-run growth and development
- Employment and unemployment, labor market
- Credit Markets, saving decisions
- Midterm exam
- Monetary system, money, central banking
- Short-run fluctuations, macroeconomic equilibrium
- Countercyclical macroeconomic policy, monetary policy
- Countercyclical Macroeconomic policy, fiscal policy
- Macroeconomics and international trade, current account, financial account
- Open economy macroeconomics, exchange rates, exchange markets, GDP
- Case Study
- Midterm exam resit

The joint application of theoretical and practical teaching methods should enable students to understand the main economic forces.

The lectures of macroeconomics are focused on the key concepts and on the basic models in a closed and in an open economy. Every week the students receive homework papers to practise the calculations and have readings about macroeconomic problems.

12. Assessment scheme:

(c) Formative assessment scheme

Case study: analysing a case study in group work with regard to the materials that have been gone over. Feedback to solutions whether students apply macroeconomic tools correctly.

(d) Summative assessment scheme

Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes

Case study analysis regarding to basic macroeconomic tools. Groupwork, it gives **15%** of final grade.

Midterm exam(6th week, March): will be a 90 minutes test with definitions, curves, examples, calculations and theoretical questions. Subject: the material of the first 5 weeks. It gives 30% of the final grade.

The **final examination** will be a 120 minutes test with some detailed theoretical questions, complex calculations and examples. It gives the remaining **55%** of the final grade.

A midterm exam resit opportunity is available on last week. By the case of any other assessment element general rules of Students' Handbook are authoritative. Students are allowed to drop in at weekly office hours in the whole semester as well as

in exam period when they can require for help understanding the material if it is needed. After correcting both of the midterm and final exams students are allowed to take an insight into the exams at certain times.

	take an insight into the exams at certain times.	
	Seen examination	0%
	Unseen examination	85 %
	Coursework (no examination)	15 %
13.	Timetabled examination	YES
	required	
14.	Length of exam	2 hours
15.	Learning materials	
	EssentialRecommended	Acemoglu – Laibson – List: Economics, 2 nd edition Mankiw: Macroeconomics, 6 th edition

1.	Module code:	B19A06E
2.	Title:	INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	spring
5.	Module leader:	NORBERT SIPOS, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	Pre-requisite	none
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management
	 Level restrictions 	4
	Other restrictions or requirements	none
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The aim of the course, on the one hand, is to provide students with a holistic view and basic tools to acquire a solid knowledge in the principles of management (planning, organizing, leading and controlling). On the other hand, it is essential that the students achieve a deep understanding of the fundamentals which are required for other specific modules.

9. Learning outcomes:

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. compare and contrast major management evolution-related schools
- 2. evaluate management functions of an organization, explain how these can be formed and maintained
- 3. identify the factors influencing the manager's work and analyse characteristics of leadership
- 4. list the role and intercorrelations of the different organizational functions
- 5. show individual communication skills through presentations
- 6. outline computer literacy and tech skills by making presentations
- 7. analyse different perspectives by participation in case studies'

- Clarification of the course expectations. Managers and Management
- The Management Environment
- Integrative Managerial Issues
- Organizational Structure and Design
- Foundations of Planning
- Introduction to Managing Human Resource
- Midterm examination. Foundations of Decision Making
- Managing Change and Innovation
- Foundations of Individual Behavior and Individual Work
- Understanding Groups and Managing Work Teams
- Foundations of Motivation and Rewarding Systems, Managing Communication and Information
- Foundations of Control, Operations Management
- Final examination in computer room, Summary in classroom

Each of the participants starting from week 3 has to take a presentation on the topic selected (lecturer offers a list) in week 1 (see learning outcomes 1-2 and 5-6). Subjects covered in the assigned chapters of the text will be presented and discussed in class. Students are expected to answer and discuss selected questions and cases proposed at the end of the different parts of the book (see learning outcome 7), 10 times they should be submitted via e-mail. During lectures, several exercises will demonstrate the practical applicability of themes. Students will be provided with material added to the textbook to increase their knowledge of specific themes (see learning outcomes 3-4).

12. Formative assessment scheme

Feedback on multiple choice guizzes.

Feedback from peers, practice exercises

Feedback on group work solutions.

Summative assessment scheme

- The students have to take 15 minutes of presentation plus Q&A and feedback. (30%) The topics are covering the core learning material and fixed in the first week (LO 1-2, 5-7). Evaluation criteria: 5 points for presentation style and quality of slideshow, 10 points for peer involvement, 15 points for content quality and how it addresses the topic.
- The midterm examination(20%)
 consists of 40 minutes of exam taken
 in the computer room (only Faculty
 computers are allowed to be used),
 including 20 multi-choice questions
 for 20 points-20% in the topics
 discussed until that point. (LO 1-4)
- 3. The final examination(50%) consists of 75 minutes of exam taken in the classroom, including multichoice questions (30 pcs for 30 points-30%), and small essays related to a case-study (20 points converted to 20%). (LO 1-4,7)

The midterm examination can be taken in the following lesson in case of absence, and the final examination can be taken in the examination period in case of absence. If any of the two exams should be retaken it is only possible in the examination period.

	Seen examination	0%
	Unseen examination	70%
	Coursework (no examination)	30%
13.	Timetabled examination	YES
	required	
14.	Length of exam	40 minutes for the midterm, 75 minutes for the final
		examination

15.	Learning materials	
	Essential	Essential reading
		Robbins, S. P., De Cenzo, D. & Coulter, M.
		(2017): Fundamentals of Management: Management Myths Debunked!, Prentice
		Hall, 10 th edition, ISBN 9781292146942
	Decemended	Recommended books
	Recommended	
		Robbins, S. P. & Coulter, M. (2012):
		Management. Prentice Hall, 11 th edition,
		ISBN 978-0-13-216384-2
		Robbins, S. P. (2016): Fundamentals of
		Management: Essential Concepts and
		Applications, Pearson, 10 th edition, ISBN:
		9780134237473
		3.33.3.3.3

1.	Module code:	B19TVB02E
2.	Title:	SYSTEM OF TOURISM
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	Spring
5.	Module leader:	Zoltán Raffay, Dr.
6.	Accredited by:	
7.	Module restrictions:	
	Pre-requisite	
	Programme	BSc in Tourism and Catering
	Level restrictions	
	Other restrictions or	
	requirements	

The aim of the course is to let students know the basic concepts and the system of tourism and to allow students to analyse the tendencies and trends of international and domestic tourism.

To let students know the basic concepts and the system of tourism and to allow students to analyse the tendencies and trends of international and domestic tourism.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

Needs, their change and analysis. Supply and demand of tourism. Making up a tourism product, features of the respective touristic products. Measurement of the tourism phenomenon. Micro- and macro-economic features of tourism, its impacts and role in the economy. The role of state in tourism. Characteristic features and trends in the international and Hungarian tourism sector.

Students acquire basic tourism skills, get to know the operation of the sub-branches and activities of tourism (accommodation and catering facilities, travel organisers and tour operators, destination management organisation, other service providers etc), are able to evaluate them and find the relationships to other economic sectors.

10. **Syllabus:**

- 1. Tourism as a science; categorisation of the tourism activities
- 2. Demand of tourism
- 3. The tourist
- 4. Supply of tourism
- 5. The central element of the tourism supply: the attraction
- 6. The infra- and suprastructure of tourism
- 7. In-class test
- 8. Tourism as a system
- 9. The development of tourism
- 10. The future of tourism, trends in tourism
- 11. Interpretation of tourism as a products
- 12. Tourism policy. Planning and development of tourism
- 13. The impacts of tourism

11. Learning and teaching strategy:

Case studies and project assignments related to the topics of the lectures, press reviews and analyses. A requirement for the completion of the seminars is active participation in classes and making project works individually and in groups. At the end of the course an oral examination is made.

12.	Assessment scheme:		
	Of the total grade, 20% is made by individual work (active participation in classes, completion of tasks and case studies completion of tasks and case studies). In the middle and on the last class of the term students write in-class tests for 30% of the grade (each test makes 15%). The remaining 50% is made by the oral examination. For successful completion of the course, a minimum on 50.01% must be achieved in all activities!		
		al and groups work is done, realised in minor tasks and	
	case studies related to the topic		
	Formative assessment schen	ne	
	Summative Assessment Scheme		
	Summative assessment scheme		
	Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes		
	Seen examination	%	
	Unseen examination	%	
	Coursework (no examination)	%	
13.	Timetabled examination required		
14.	Length of exam		
15.	Learning materials		
	Essential	Morrison, M. – Mill, R. C. (2012): The Tourism System. Kendall Hunt Publishing, ISBN 13: 9780757599767	
	Recommended		
		Wyllie, R. W. (2011) An Introduction to Tourism. Venture Pub., Inc., ISBN-13: 978-1892132956 unwto.org	

Year 2

Core Modules (A1/A2/B1)

1.	Module code:	B19A07E
2.	Title:	BUSINESS STATISTICS
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	fall
5.	Module leader:	MÓNIKA GALAMBOSNÉ TISZBERGER, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in
		Tourism and Catering
	 Level restrictions 	5
	Other restrictions or	none
	requirements	
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8. **Aims:**

The module aims to provide students with an understanding of both the theory and practice of Business Statistics. Using the MS Excel as a statistical tool, students will be able to use the special features of a commonly used program and at the same time they will get an overview over the background of the calculations. The main focus of the module is to introduce students to the complex tools of statistics to enable them to research business and management problems in their further studies and work.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. match statistical methods and procedures with business problems to solve them with the help of MS Excel
- 2. explain and critically evaluate outcomes of analyses
- 3. illustrate results to a general audience in a proper way considering ethical issues as well
- 4. construct and administer statistical datasets
- 5. propose effective quantitative research
- 6. explain numerical results

- Recall of descriptive and inferential statistics
- Analysis of Variance
- Chi-square test
- Nonparametric procedures
- Correlation
- Simple Linear Regression
- Multiple Linear Regression
- Non-linear regression
- Time series analysis (trends and forecasting)
- Seasonal changes in time series

This module will be taught through joint application of theoretical and practical teaching methods, which should enable students to understand mechanisms of business decision making applying statistical methods. To achieve this objective "flipped classroom" techniques are applied. Before the lecture the students have to prepare from the coming topic and fill in the online quiz. Feedback on quiz will be given weekly for the class in general and individually if necessary. During the lecture time students work in random groups of 3-4 and work out the guiding questions of the topic. At the end of the class they also have to solve a group work exercise. Feedback is given weekly. At the tutorials the teacher and the students solve the exercises together with MS Excel. Continuous learning is necessary to keep up with the course.

	they also have to solve a group work exercise. Feedback is given weekly. At the tutorials		
	the teacher and the students solve the exercises together with MS Excel. Continuous learning is necessary to keep up with the course.		
40			
12.	Formative assessment scheme	Summative assessment scheme Online quiz (10%) weekly	
	QA sessions before midterm	. , , , ,	
	tests and drop-in office hours	Online quiz through Neptun (multiple choice, T/F) before and after the topics. 10 questions for 10 minutes.	
	·	It is a readiness/reading assessment.	
		(LOs 1 and 2)	
		Group work (10%) weekly	
		Topic related problem solution in 10-15 minutes at the	
		end of the lecture part.	
		(LOs 3) Midterm test 1 (15%) in Week 6	
		Midterm test 1 (15%) in Week 6 Problem solution with the help of MS Excel from the first	
		four new topics. Solutions are detailed and explained in	
		the midterm paper. 4-5 problems for 70 minutes. (LOs	
		1, 2, 5 and 6)	
		Midterm test 2 (15%) in Week 13	
		Problem solution with the help of MS Excel from topics	
		of regression and time series analysis. Solutions are	
		detailed and explained in the midterm paper. 4-5	
		problems for 70 minutes. (LOs 1, 2, 5 and 6) Elements 1-4. cannot be resat.	
		Final exam (50%) in Exam Period	
		Problem solution with the help of MS Excel. Problems	
		are more complex; students have to be able to match	
		the problems with the proper methodology. Solutions	
		are detailed and explained in the midterm paper. 4-5	
		problems for 70 minutes. (LOs 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6) It can	
		be resat during the exam period.	
	Seen examination	0%	
	Unseen examination Coursework (no	80% (LOs 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6)	
	Coursework (no examination)	20% (LOs 1, 2, and 3)	
13.	Timetabled examination	YES	
10.	required		
14.	Length of exam	1.5 hours	
15.	Learning materials		
	Essential	Essential reading	
		Berenson, M.L. – Levine, D.M. – Szabat, K.A. (2015):	
		Basic Business Statistics: Concepts and Applications, 13th Edition, Pearson	
		13til Edition, Featson	
	Recommended	Recommended books	
		Levine, D.M Stephan, D.F Szabat, K.A. (2017):	
		Statistics for Managers Using Microsoft Excel, 8th	
		Edition, Pearson	

1.	Module code:	B19B01E
2.	Title:	ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	2020/21/1 (fall)
5.	Module leader:	ZSUZSANNA VITAI, DR./JULIANNA NÉMETH
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management
	 Level restrictions 	5
	 Other restrictions or requirements 	none

Although technical knowledge in management is vital for managerial effectiveness, the practicing manager will use human skills from day one in the workplace. This module aims to improve students' knowledge about human behavior with specific emphasis on theory-based analysis and critical application of knowledge. We will address individual, group and organization-wide issues with the aim of proving students the value of systematic study and diagnostic thinking.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. identify the causes of discussed human behaviour
- 2. interpret the dynamics of interpersonal and group behaviour
- 3. assess the value of theories in practical management of people
- 4. develop management and leadership potential
- 5.communicate and interact with people in the work environment,
- 6. assess the significance of difficult situations and handle them efficiently,
- 7. use theory-based problem-solving approaches
- 8. work in groups in a friendly and value-adding manner.

- Introduction, requirements. What is Organizational Behaviour?
- Tutorial: How much do we already know?
- Diversity in Organizations, Attitudes and Job Satisfaction
- Tutorial: What about your attitudes?
- Personality and Values
- Tutorial: Who we are?
- Perception
- Tutorial: Are you sure?
- Learning
- Tutorial: How do people learn?
- Motivation; Concepts
- Tutorial: Are you driven to succeed?
- Midterm examination
- Communication
- Tutorial: Can you express what you want to say?
- Foundations of Group Behaviour
- Tutorial: How tough are you?
- Leadership Theories and Issues
- Tutorial: Are you a leader?
- Power and Politics
- Tutorial: Can you use power?
- Conflict and Negotiation
- Tutorial: Can you defend your interest?
- Pre-examination revision week. No class, reading week.

Directed study with a half-flipped classroom: lectures will be held at the beginning of the week, on Tuesday, on Thursday at tutorials the material will be analyzed and deeply explored via exercises, case studies, video analyses. Students will be provided with material additional to the textbook to increase their knowledge of specific themes. Students have to read class material in advance, and a small quiz will check their knowledge every week. Lectures serve to clarify and enlarge upon important issues, questioning and discussion is encouraged in class.

12. Assessment scheme:

Formative assessment scheme

Every week a short quiz to send message about the depth of learning, in the beginning of the semester easy questions, at the end small case studies will be assigned to be solved by the next week.

Tutorials help students to express themselves in English, answer questions, work in international groups, solving problems together. Every tutorial is graded based on individual participation, activity, sharing meaningful ideas, group membership and leadership qualities.

Summative assessment scheme

Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes

	Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes		
	Midterm examination via the	20%	
	computer, Multiple choice and		
	True-False questions (60		
	questions – 60 minutes) LO 1-		
	3, 5, 8. In case of a failed		
	exam one resit possibility via		
	the computer. The same		
	question types different		
	content.		
	Final examination (non-	50%	
	cumulative) Multiple choice		
	and True-False questions via		
	the computer (60 questions -		
	60 minutes). In case of a failed		
	exam one resit possibility via		
	the computer. The same		
	question types different		
	content. LO 1-3, 5,6,7.		
	Class participation LO 3-8	30%	
	Seen examination	0%	
	Unseen examination	70%	
	Coursework (no examination)	30%	
13.	Timetabled examination	YES	
	required		
14.	Length of exam	1 hour in case of a failed exam one resit possibility via	
		the computer	
15.	Learning materials		
		Robbins, S.P., Judge. T.: Organisational Behavior 15th	
	Essential	edition or any later edition either European or the US	
		Handouts	
		A OD	
	Recommended	Any OB book published after 2010	

1.	Module code:	B19A08E
2.	Title:	INTRODUCTION TO ACCOUNTING
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	fall
5.	Module leader:	ANDRÁS TAKÁCS, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc
	-	in Tourism and Catering
	 Level restrictions 	5
	 Other restrictions or requirements 	none

This module aims to examine basic theories and practices of accounting. Based on the discussion of the related key expressions and techniques, it helps students understand the book-keeping system and the financial statements of companies, as well as the relationship between them. This module also assists students in developing practical skills such as recording book-keeping entries, preparing financial statements, comparing different methods (i.e. inventory costing, depreciation) and showing their effects on the financial statements of the firm.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. Use the main principles and key expressions of accounting, and the content of financial statements.
- 2. Compare different accounting methods (depreciation, inventory costing etc.),
- 3. Evaluate the impact of transactions on the firm's assets, equity, liabilities, revenues and/or expenses,
- 4. Explain the relationship between the book-keeping system and the financial statements of the firm,
- 5. Record usual transactions in the book-keeping system,
- 6. Categorise book-keeping information and prepare financial statements,
- 7. Compare different accounting methods and assess their effects on financial statements.

- Definition and basic principles of accounting, content of annual reports
- The balance sheet
- Valuation of items in the balance sheet
- The income statement
- Deferrals and accruals
- The basics of book-keeping: the accounting cycle, T-accounts, journal
- Accounting for fixed assets
- Accounting for current assets
- Accounting for liabilities and shareholders' equity
- Summary of the accounting cycle, relationship between book-keeping information and financial statements

This module will be delivered via a combination of lectures and practical exercises. The weekly classes will be divided into two parts: the first part is a lecture, which will be deployed to introduce the theoretical background, main concepts and issues related to the given topic, while the second part will be used to discuss practical problems and to solve practical exercises.

12. Assessment scheme:

(e) Formative assessment scheme

Oral feedback on in-class activities, discussion of the solution of practical exercises solved during the classes, online quiz game (Kahoot) at the end of each chapter.

(f) Summative assessment scheme

1. Midterm exam (40%) in Week 7

A written exam, which contains 3-5 questions. (LOs 1, 2, 6 and 7)

2. Final exam (60%) in the Exam Period

A written exam, which contains 5-6 questions. (Los 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7)

Students have one resit opportunity in each assessment element.

	Seen examination	0 %
	Unseen examination	100 %
	Coursework (no examination)	0 %
13.	Timetabled examination	YES
	required	
14.	Length of exam	Midterm exam: 45 minutes
		Final exam: 75 minutes
15.	Learning materials	
	Essential	TAKÁCS, A.: "Introduction to Accounting" e-book, University of Pécs, Faculty of Business and Economics, 2019
		[downloadable in pdf format from the Neptun system]
	Recommended	Frank Wood – Sheila Robinson: "Book-keeping and Accounts", 7nd Edition, Pearson, 2008

1.	Module code:	B19B04E
2.	Title:	CORPORATE FINANCE
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	2021/22/2 (fall)
5.	Module leader:	MÓNIKA KUTI, DR./ALEXANDRA POSZA
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	 Pre-requisite 	none
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in Tourism and Catering
	 Level restrictions 	4
	 Other restrictions or requirements 	none

The module aims

- 1. to provide students with deepened knowledge and skills to equip them for a career in finance;
- 2. to develop the student's competence in applying a range of financial analytical skills and valuation techniques;
- 3. to help students understand the complexity of financial statements;
- 4. to enhance the development of the students' existing skills base, allowing for a cumulative learning experience.

9. Learning outcomes:

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. Analyze the development of financial theories;
- 2. Analyze risks imbedded in operating, investment and financial decisions;
- 3. Compare the results of financial statement analysis, capital budgeting, and security valuation models:
- 4. Examine the applicability and the limitations of financial models in practice.
- 5. Construct effective small-scale research (library use, information elicitation and handling, etc.);
- 6. Test and analyse financial models and theories on datasets;
- 7. Examine metrics to cope with uncertainty in financial decision making.

10. **Syllabus:**

Introduction to Finance

Financial Statement Analysis and Growth

Working Capital Management

Long-Term Finance and Financial Markets

Capital Structure and Leverage

Dividend Policy

Time Value of Money

Risk and Return

Bond and Stock Valuation

Cost of Capital (WACC)

Capital Budgeting

There are key elements in this module, which use a range of differing strategies to achieve the objectives:

- Teaching session enables students to understand theoretical and analytical material.
- Projects provide opportunities for students to practice skills and apply knowledge developed during the session, deepening theoretical background and critical thinking.

12.		Summative Assessment Scheme
	Scheme	In-class assignments:
	Feedback on model application errors.	 Project 1 (20%) is to perform a financial statement analysis of a multinational company: ratio analysis, interpretation of cash flow statement, working capital management, growth, DOL, DFL, DCL, payout policy. (LO 2, 3, 4, 6, 7).
	Review of the links between security valuation and capital budgeting.	• Project 2 (20%) is the in-class task to apply CAPM to stock valuation, to calculate WACC, basic EVA, and to apply basic capital budgeting decisions to a corporate project. (LO 2, 3, 4, 6, 7).
	Feedback on research topic proposition	 Project 3 (10%) is to design and submit a literature survey in any area of corporate finance (minimum 20 citations, use of academic databases). (LO5) Final exam (50 points) (LO1, 3, 6).
	Seen examination	100 %
	Unseen examination	N/A
	Coursework (no examination)	N/A
13.	Timetabled examination required	Yes/NO
14.	Length of exam	1,5 hours
15.	Learning materials	
	• Essential	Kuti Mónika (2017): Financial Analysis. Damodaran, A. (2010), Applied Corporate Finance. Wiley. 3 rd edition.
	Recommended	Damodaran: http://pages.stern.nyu.edu/~adamodar/ Clauss, F. J. (2010): Corporate financial analysis with Microsoft Excel. McGraw-Hill

1.	Module code:	B19A10E
2.	Title:	INTRODUCTION TO MARKETING
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	spring
5.	Module leader:	KRISZTIÁN SZŰCS, DR./PETRA RÁCZ-PUTZER, DR.
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS
7.	Module restrictions:	
	Pre-requisite	none
	Programme	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc
	-	in Tourism and Catering
	 Level restrictions 	UG
	Other restrictions or requirements	none

Module aims to develop an integrated view and a complex understanding of modern marketing: a mixture of principles, practices and tools in an increasingly unpredictable environmentprovide. It also provides an overview of the principles and core concepts of modern marketing, basics to consumer behavior, marketing information, marketing management process and marketing tools. Students learn to consider the importance of predicting and analyzing consumer's responses to marketing activities and also the moral and social aspects of marketing activities.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. develop basic knowledge in marketing theory
- 2. understand and apply appropriate marketing management activities, methods and tools used in the marketing process
- 3. model basic marketing issues and problems
- 4. plan and apply appropriate basic marketing research techniques and the fundamental marketing tools (4Ps)
- 5. apply fundamental theoretical frameworks in daily business-life
- 6. select and solve basic marketing problems through creative thinking
- 7. use skills in field research and will be able to write reports and develop presentation
- 8. develop team building skills and to work in group

- What is marketing Creating and capturing customer value
- Company and marketing strategy: Partnering to build customer relationships
- The marketing environment
- Marketing research: Managing marketing information to gain customer insights
- Consumer and business buyer behavior
- Customer-driven marketing strategy: how to create value
- Developing the Marketing Mix 1:Products, services and brands
- New product development and product life cycle
- Developing the Marketing Mix 2:Pricing
- Developing the Marketing Mix 3: Marketing channels, Retailing and wholesaling
- Developing the Marketing Mix 4: Promotion
- Q&A and Big Quiz

11. Learning and teaching strategy:

This module will be delivered via a combination of lectures and seminars. Lectures (75 minutes) are provided to establish the framework of marketing process, defining marketing problems, researching and understanding the fundamental marketing techniques and tools (LOs 1, 2, 4). Professional guides and samples are applied for practice to develop LOs 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7. They are used during interactive seminars (75 minutes). Feedback on presentations will be given during the seminars. Virtual learning environment is used to develop LOs 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8.

12. Assessment scheme:

Formative assessment scheme

Feedback from lecturers on in-class activities, draft project works and work-in-progress presentations.

Summative assessment scheme

Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes

Midterm exam (20%)

Students will have a closed-book written examination during the semester (True-False, Multiple choices, Small essays).

(LOs 1, 2 and 5)

Coursework (no examination) (15%)

Students will solve case studies, critical thinking tasks and short quizzes to practice marketing management process and marketing tools using training techniques. (LOs 2, 4, 6 and 8).

Practical (no examination) Problem solving exercises (15%)

Students will be required to create groups and act as a marketing consultant. Five marketing-related problems (marketing orientations, research, STP, new product development and communication) will be set as the basis for discussion. Each group is required to deliver a 7-minute presentation of the solution of the given problem and one video in the case of marketing communication problem. (LOs 3, 4, 7 and 8)

Final Exam (50%)

Students will have a closed-book written examination during the exam period (True-False, Multiple choices, Small essays, Critical thinking essay). (LOs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6)

Students, who do not gain more than 50% in the midterm exam, can write the retake midterm exam in the last week of the semester.

In the case of coursework there is no resit opportunity, any submission of the tasks will be refused.

After deadline, submission of problem solving exercises can be accepted within 2 weeks, but only for maximum 60% of the points.

Students, who do not gain more than 50% in the final exam, can write the retake final exam in the exam period.

Based on all of the assessment elements, more than 50% in aggregate is required to pass the course.

Seen examination	N/A
Unseen examination	30%
Coursework (no examination)	70%

13.	Timetabled examination required	YES			
14.	Length of exam	60 minutes in case of the Midterms, 75 minutes in case of the Final Examination			
15.	Learning materialsEssential	Armstrong, G. – Kotler, P. (2012): Marketing: An introduction, Pearson Education-Prentice-Hall Chapter 1-14 Supporting online resources: Companion Website for students (visit http://www.pearsoned.co.uk/armstrong Ppt presentations of the lectures, handouts (visit the course Neptun MeetStreet site)			
	• Recommended	Armstrong, G Kotler, Ph. – Harker, M.– Brennan, R. (2009), Marketing: An Introduction. Pearson Education-Prentice-Hall. Camusio, Z. (2011), The Internet Marketing Bible. CreateSpace Independent Publishing Godin, S. (2007), Purple Cow: Transform Your Business by Being Remarkable. Penguin Business Józsa, L. – Piskóti I. – Rekettye G. – Veres Z. (2005), Decision-oriented Marketing. KJK – KERSZÖV Legal and Business Publishers Ltd. Kotler, P. – Armstrong, G. (2006), Principles of Marketing 11 th International Edition. Prentice Hall Ries, A. – Trout, J. (1994), The 22 Immutable Laws of Marketing: Violate Them at Your Own Risk!. HarperCollins Ries, A. – Trout, J. (2000), Positioning: The Battle for Your Mind. McGraw-Hill			

1.	Module code:	B19B02E			
2.	Title:	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT			
3.	Credit points:	7			
4.	Start term:	2020/21/2 (spring)			
5.	Module leader:	ZSUZSANNA VITAI, DR./JULIANNA NÉMETH			
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS			
7.	Module restrictions:				
	 Pre-requisite 	none			
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management			
	 Level restrictions 	5			
	 Other restrictions or requirements 	none			

This module seeks to provide introductory knowledge of the efficient management of people at work by exploring a series of the main issues relating to HRM. It shows students how HRM as a business function can contribute to the competitiveness and productivity of an organization. The module will introduce students to the primary functions falling within the domain of Human Resource Management. The module seeks to develop students' understanding not only of what managers have to do about their employees but also of the roles, activities, and expectations of the individuals as a potential and capable employee.

A critical, evaluative and ability-based approach will be adopted to explore the range of HR activities. The intention is not merely to introduce the activities in themselves but also to develop students' understanding of relevant aspects of the context in which such events take place, and enable the students to act in the course of their future career as professional employees and employers. An emphasis will be put on ethical HR practices, to underpin responsible attitudes in students.

9. Learning outcomes:

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the significance of human resource management as a field of study and as a central management function;
- 2. Explain the role of HRM in creating value and increasing revenue;
- 3. Identify and evaluate the HRM functions, their theoretical background and their everyday application;
- 4. Recognize and apply the HRM related ethical issues and their solutions;
- 5. Assess the basic aspects of international HRM.
- 6. apply conceptual frameworks to the identification and solution of problems in HRM;
- Use analytical and presentation skills to address HRM issues in a variety of contexts.

10. • **Syllabus**:

- Introduction, Requirements. Grouping Referencing
- What is HR? Tutorial.
- Presentation about your company 10 groups 6 minutes each + on paper summarize the facts in 1 page.
- The Legal Environment USA and Europe with Internet Q and A
- Managing Diversity, Equal Employment presentations, and discussion
 - Employee Rights and Responsibilities lecture and tutorial mix
- Job design applied to companies, presentations and discussion
 - Jobs tutorial. Quiz closed book
- Recruitment applied to companies, presentations and discussion
 - Recruitment tutorial. Quiz closed book
- Selection and Placement presentation and discussion
 - Selection and Placement tutorial. Quiz closed book
- ELECTRONIC MIDTERM EXAM!
- Training and development presentations and discussion
 - Training implications of a newly hired employee Quiz closed book
- Performance Management and Appraisal presentations and discussion
 - o Performance Management and Appraisal tutorial. Quiz closed book.
- Total Rewards and Compensation presentations and discussion
 - o Total Rewards and Compensation tutorial. Quiz closed book
- Variable Pay and Executive Compensation, Managing Employee Benefits
- presentation and discussion
 - Variable Pay and Executive Compensation, Managing Employee Benefits tutorial. Quiz closed book
- Organization/Individual Relations and Retention presentations and discussion
 - Strategic HR Management and Planning Course wrap-up

11. Learning and teaching strategy:

The module will be taught by the "flipped classroom" approach, video lectures will be provided and the textbook specified. Students have to:

watch the assigned video BEFORE CLASS

read the specified chapter BEFORE CLASS

participate actively in problems-solving at tutorials

do independent research and then

present their findings week-by-week.

Presentations and critical discussion skills will be built and evaluated. Concepts will be illustrated and clarified by case studies, videos and role play at the tutorials.

12. **Assessment scheme:**

13.

14.

13. 14.

15.

Recommended

Formative assessment scheme

Students will be assigned to teams. Every week students will be asked to research on their own about a company the student team is assigned to for the whole semester. Every team has to prepare a five slides long PowerPoint presentation about the assigned topic and company. In every presentation class on Tuesday, five teams are presenting, and five teams are the discussants.

It will not be specified in advance who will be the presenters and who will be the discussants; it will be decided in class. Every team member has to participate: because each task and each discussion is worth 100 points – 1000 points altogether.

In tutorials students will be evaluated on class participation.

Summative assessment scheme

Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes

Indicate tasks and weightings a	and which tasks assess which learning outcomes
Midterm examination via the	20%
computer, Multiple choice and	
True-False questions (60	
questions – 60 minutes) LO 1-	
5. In case of a failed exam one	
resit possibility via the	
computer. The same question	
types different content.	
Final examination (non-	50%
cumulative) Multiple choice	
and True-False questions via	
the computer (60 questions -	
60 minutes) In case of a failed	
exam one resit possibility via	
the computer. The same	
question types, different	
content LO 1-5.	
Class participation LO 6-8.	30%
Timetabled examination	YES
required	
Length of exam	60 minutes, in case of a failed exam one resit possibility
	via the computer
Seen examination	0%
Unseen examination	70%
Coursework (no	30%
examination)	
Learning materials	Mathis, R.L., Jackson, J.H.: Human Resource
	Management 12th or any later edition Thomson South-
	Western
 ` ,· .	
Essential	Handouts and articles

Any HRM book published after 2010.

1.	Module code:	B19A11E			
2.	Title:	INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS			
3.	Credit points:	7			
4.	Start term:	spring			
5.	Module leader:	TAMÁS SEBESTYÉN, DR.			
6.	Accredited by:	MUBS			
7.	Module restrictions:				
	Pre-requisite	none			
	 Programme 	BSc in Business Administration and Management; BSc in Tourism and Catering			
	 Level restrictions 	5			
	Other restrictions or requirements	It is recommended to take this module once Microeconomics and Macroeconomics modules are passed.			

The module aims to introduce the most important areas of international economics in a comprehensive perspective. The course provides introduction to the theory of trade and trade policy as well as the policy practices. It is also an important aim to analyse the macroeconomic theories when international economic relationships are considered as an inherent part of these models. The second half of the module is devoted to issues of international finance.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

On completion of this module, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. assess and compare different concepts of international trade and income distribution
- 2. critically evaluate the possible aims and tools of trade policy
- 3. explain possible effects of trade policies on income distribution and economic welfare
- 4. explain the main factors in relation to exchange rate movements
- 5. apply model-based thinking
- 6. positively contribute to group (team) work
- 7. effectively formulate their ideas verbally
- 8. conclude small-scale research results

10. **Syllabus:**

- Orientation and introduction. The topics of international economics. World trade and the gravity model.
- Labour productivity and comparative advantage. Specific factors and income distribution.
- Resources and trade. The standard trade model.
- External Economies of scale, firms in the global economy.
- Instruments of trade policy, the political economy of trade policy.
- Trade policy in developing countries. Controversies in trade policy.
- National income accounting and the balance of payments.
- Exchange rates and the foreign exchange market.
- Money, interest rates and the exchange rates.
- Price levels and the exchange rate in the long run.
- Output and exchange rates in the short run.
- Fixed exchange rates and foreign exchange intervention.
- International monetary systems, optimum currency areas.
- Financial globalization and developing countries.

11. Learning and teaching strategy:

The joint application of theoretical and practical teaching methods should enable students to understand the main economic forces behind international trade and the macroeconomic relationships in an open economy. Students are required to read the relevant parts of the textbook for sessions then each session starts with a short test. Then, a case study lights the practical relevance of the topic and the discussion focuses on the most important aspects. Students are encouraged to raise their questions which drive the sessions to those parts of the topic which is less clear for them. Group work at the end of the sessions drive students to apply their knowledge to real or imaginary situations of international trade policies.

12. **Assessment scheme:**

Formative assessment scheme

At the beginning of the classes, students are called to raise their questions. This time slot provides feedback on their home assignments, group works and also they have the chance to drive the discussion of the given topic into a direction which is most suitable for them (they prepare for the topics in advance).

Students are encouraged to use office hours (held once a week) to gain feedback on their progress.

Summative assessment scheme

Short quizzes are written at the beginning of classes, making sure that students read the respective materials in advance. These are multiple choice questions which test if students are aware of the basic concepts of the given topic and able to provide an intuitive interpretation of these concepts. (LOs 1, 2, 3, 4)

Group works are held at the end of every second-third session. The objective of these discussions is to drive students to apply their knowledge with respect to a specific case/problem derived from real life examples. (LOs 6, 7, 8)

Home assignments are designed to test students' understanding of the topics through model calculations. Using the models learnt in class they have to solve numerical examples and they also have to apply these models in a creative way to solve some real-case scenarios. (LOs 5)

Two term papers provide a comprehensive assessment of students' ability to interpret and use their knowledge. One is written mid-term and focuses on the first half of the topics (trade theory and trade policy), while the second is written at the end of the semester and focuses on the second half of the topics (international finance). Both term papers are made up of two parts. In the first part with multiple choice questions students are called to prove that they are aware of the main concepts of the material and are able to interpret the main messages of the models they have learnt. In the second part students are given questions which they have to answer by providing a short (5-10 sentences) comprehensive essay. These questions focus on how the students can apply the learnt concepts in some cases and also how they can match different aspects/parts of the learning material by providing a complex answer. (LOs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7)

Resit opportunities

All assessment elements must be accomplished at least at 51% to pass the course. Short quizzes, group discussions and home assignments cannot be resit. Upon special and proven circumstances (illness, etc.) individual derogations may be applied (delayed deadline, extra work, etc.). Students must apply for these derogations until deadline of the given task at latest.

	There are one resit opportunity for each term papers during the exam period.			
	Seen examination			
	Unseen examination	Term paper 1: 30%Term paper 2: 30%		
	Coursework (no	Short quizzes: 20%		
	examination)	 Group work + Home assignments: 20% 		
13.	Timetabled examination required	YES		
14.	Length of exam	1 hour		
15.	Learning materials			
	• Essential	Essential: Krugman, P.R., Obstfeld, M., Melitz, M.J.: International Economics. Theory & Practice (ninth edition or later).		
	Recommended	Recommended: Selected short essays on actual topics, news reflecting actual developments in international trade and finance		

1.	Module code:	B19TVB01E
2.	Title:	TOURISM GEOGRAPHY
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	Fall
5.	Module leader:	János Csapó, Dr.
6.	Accredited by:	
7.	Module restrictions:	
	Pre-requisite	
	Programme	BSc in Tourism and Catering
	Level restrictions	6
	Other restrictions or requirements	none

The aim of the subject is to let students know the basic concepts and the system of the geography of tourism. Students must be able to recognise the role of geographical factors in tourism and must be aware of the analysis methods of regional tourism geography. They should also be able to analyse trends and processes in international and domestic tourism.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

Participants of the course are able to critically analyse the regional tourism trends and can also recommend complex solutions. Having completed the course, students know theoretical and practical skills related to tourism geography and are able to apply geographical approach in tourism development. Students are able to integrate and use in practice the pieces on information related to the subject. They are able to recognise market changes, adapt to that and make relevant decisions.

Students are able to realistically assess the tourism supply of a destination and can make recommendations for the creation of tourism development strategy. They become sensitive to problems, proactive, and have an environment conscious and practice-oriented attitude.

10. Syllabus:

An introduction to tourism geography.

General trends and tendencies of the world tourism, with special regard to Europe.

Tourism geography of the British Isles (Ireland United Kingdom)

Tourism geography of the BENELUX states

Tourism geography of France

Tourism geography of Northern Europe

Tourism geography of Germany and the Alpine countries (Austria, Switzerland)

Tourism geography of the Iberian Peninsula (Spain and Portugal)

Tourism geography of Italy and Greece

Tourism geography of Central Europe

Tourism geography of America

Tourism geography of Asia and the Pacific region

Tourism geography of Africa and Australia

11. Learning and teaching strategy:

In the seminar classes individual and groups work is done, realised in minor tasks, homeworks and case studies related to the topics of the lectures, and also in holding presentations.

12. Assessment scheme: According to the Code of Studies and Exams, students are obliged to participate in the lectures and seminars. If they miss more than 30% of classes, students cannot sit for an exam and must repeat the whole of the course. A requirement for the completion of the seminars is active participation in classes. Of the total grade, 20% is made by individual work (active participation in classes, completion of tasks and case studies, presentations). Students write a mid-term test for 30% of the grade. The remaining 50% is made by the end-term written examination. For successful completion of the course, a minimum of 50.01% must be achieved in all activities! Formative assessment scheme Summative Assessment Scheme Summative assessment scheme Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes Seen examination % Unseen examination % % Coursework (no examination) 13. **Timetabled examination** required Length of exam 15. Learning materials Essential Naresh K. Malhotra: Basic Marketing Research. International edition, 4th edition, Pearson 2011 Cahill, D: When to use qualitative methods: a new Recommended approach. Marketing Intelligence and Planning 14/6 1996 p.16-20. Hofstede et al.: An investigation into the association pattern technique as a quantitative approach to measure means-end chains. International Journal of Research in Marketing 15 1998 p.37-50 Gibson, L.D.: Quo Vadis, Marketing Research? Marketing Research, Spirng 2000 p. 36-41 Wilson, A., Laskey N.: Internet base marketing research: a serious alternative to traditional research methods? Marketing Intelligence and Planning 21/2

2003 p.79-84

1.	Module code:	B19TVB03E
2.	Title:	FOUNDATIONS OF DIGITAL MARKETING
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	Spring
5.	Module leader:	Edit Gyarmatiné Bányai, Dr.
6.	Accredited by:	
7.	Module restrictions:	
	Pre-requisite	
	Programme	BSc in Tourism and Catering
	Level restrictions	
	Other restrictions or	
	requirements	

Students get an insight into the concept of digital marketing, its operation and tools; they get to know the basic concept of the creation of digital marketing campaigns. A further goal to make more effective of the marketing strategy of businesses by the combination of digital marketing solutions with the classical marketing tools. Students must be able to apply this in practice. The subject promotes the understanding of the relationship of electronic business (e-business) and marketing, points out the advantages and disadvantages of online media and online marketing tools, ad the practicing of interactive marketing solutions.

Students get an insight into the concept of digital marketing, its operation and tools; they get to know the basic concept of the creation of digital marketing campaigns. A further goal to make more effective of the marketing strategy of businesses by the combination of digital marketing solutions with the classical marketing tools. Students must be able to apply this in practice. The subject promotes the understanding of the relationship of electronic business (e-business) and marketing, points out the advantages and disadvantages of online media and online marketing tools, and the practicing of interactive marketing solutions.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

Students can find their way in the decision-making and the process of digital marketing, they able to recognise rapid market changes and adapt to them. They are able to analyse market situations, make up effective programmes and control their implementation, and write related reports and surveys. Students possess ICT skills necessary of the management of the issue.

The subject enlarges the marketing and communication skills of students. Students know the basic forms of e-business, the mechanisms and organisations of digital marketing, Its operational principles and development trends; its role in the operation of a company; its tools and methodology.

Students acquire critical analysing, organising and planning ability, they will realise decision-making situations and problems in marketing, and can solve them using the tools of online marketing and with a market-oriented view.

10. **Syllabus:**

- 1. Introduction to the world of e-business and digital marketing. The impact of internet on marketing. The development of the web. Digital marketing trends.
- 2. Online consumers and characteristics of consumer behaviour
- 3. Online research
- 4. Foundations of online communication: effective website
- 5. Online advertisements (display, search, e-DM, listing, social)
- 6. Online advertisements (Google Adwords, mobile advertisements, YouTube etc)
- 7. E-mail marketing, blogs
- 8. Search marketing, search optimisation, PPC advertisements

- 9. Mobile marketing
- 10. Online media
- 11. Marketing basis of social media
- 12. Social media mix, its elements and users
- 13. Digital marketing results and measurements

Learning and teaching strategy:

Individual and group work in the topics to be analysed. Students missing a class can electronically send the seminar leader the solution of the tasks assigned until the time of the next seminar. Some tasks can be completed as homework.

12. Assessment scheme:

According to the Code of Studies and Exams, students are obliged ot participate in the lectures and seminars. If they miss more than 30% of classes, students have not completed the course.

Individual and group work related to the topics featured above, and making home assignments in order to imbed the information heard during the lectures.

Class work (70 %); 2 in-class tests (30%)

The subject is a seminar subject and cannot be completed in the examination time. In examination time it is only missed in-class tests that can be made up for.

Formative assessment scheme

	Summative Assessment Scheme					
	Summative assessment scheme					
	Indicate tasks and weightings and which tasks assess which learning outcomes					
	Seen examination %					
	Unseen examination %					
	Coursework (no examination)	%				
13.	Timetabled examination					
	required					
14.	Length of exam					
15.	Learning materials					
	Essential	Ian Dodson (2016): The Art of Digital Marketing: The Definitive Guide to Creating Strategic, Targeted, and Measurable Online Campaigns. Wiley. ISBN: 978-1-119-26570-2.				
	Recommended					
		Dave Chaffey, Fiona Ellis-Chadwick (2015): Digital Marketing . 6th Edition. Pearson ISBN10: 1292077646 David Meerman Scott (2017): The New Rules of Marketing and PR: How to Use Social Media, Online				
		Video, Mobile Applications, Blogs, News Releases, and Viral Marketing to Reach Buyers Directly. 6th Edition. Wiley. ISBN-10: 1119362415, ISBN-13: 978-1119362418				

1.	Module code:	B19TVB04E
2.	Title:	FAST AND SLOW TOURISM PRODUCTS
3.	Credit points:	7
4.	Start term:	Spring
5.	Module leader:	János Csapó, Dr.
6.	Accredited by:	
7.	Module restrictions:	
	Pre-requisite	
	Programme	BSc in Tourism and Catering
	Level restrictions	
	Other restrictions or	
	requirements	

Students know the operational principles of the tourism sector. They know the domestic and international market of tourism, its actors and features. They know the different types of tourism businesses, and also the principles and management methods related to the operation of them and the control of their market activities. Students learn the basics of tourism product development. They get to know the principles and features of the operation of the tourism industry, the complexity of tourism products, the features of the related services and the features of the demand and supply side. A more detailed analysis is given of the main products types of the tourism of Hungary. They know the operation of the sub-sectors of tourism (accommodations, catering facilities, attractions, travel agencies etc.), their evaluation and decision-making criteria. They know the partial areas of the sector and the connection points. Students are able to process professional literature on their own.

General knowledge of tourism is needed for the completion of the subject called development of tourism products. The subject gives an introduction to the product-oriented approach to tourism, and also the structure, categorisation and life cycles of tourism products. A detailed analysis is provided of all components of tourism products: attraction, elements of infra- and suprastructure of tourism. Students are given a comprehensive picture of tourism products, allowing them to interpret these products and understand the similarities of and differences among them.

9. **Learning outcomes:**

Having learnt the characteristic features of the tourism products types and the consumers expectations and motivations against them, students as skilled experts will be able to join the process of the development of tourism products, renewing in an innovative way the related services as well. They have a comprehensive view over the structures of the respective tourism products, and will be able to act as creative managers in the development of the attractions and also the creation of the auxiliary services. They are able to explore, systemise and analyse facts and correlations. On this ground they can make sovereign statements, make preparations for decision-making and make the necessary decisions.

Students aim, with modern tourism skills and marketing attitude, at understanding and handling market problems. They can innovatively contribute to the renewal of the respective tourism product type and the provision and development of high level auxiliary services.

10. Syllabus:

- 1. Concept and structure of tourism product its special features, grouping of tourism products, theoretical foundations of tourism product development.
- 2. Demand for tourism, the role of needs and motivations in demand. Trends and counter-trends in tourism demand and their role in product development.

- 3. Features of cultural and heritage tourism, concept and history of cultural tourism. The market and demand of cultural tourism, elements of its infrastructure. Birth and concept of heritage tourism, model for the creation of a heritage product.
- Tourism product types and supply of MICE tourism. Demand for an impacts of MICE tourism. Trend sin MICE tourism, possible cooperations with other tourism products.
- 5. Active tourism products, cycling tourism. Demand and trends of active tourism. International products groupings and the appearance of this product development in Hungary. Definition of cycling tourism, its historical preliminaries and birth. Demands and motivation of cycling tourism.
- 6. Birth and definition of ecotourism. Demand for and development of the supply of ecotourism. Ecotourism qualification systems, environmental trademarks.
- 7. Aspects of alliterative, responsible tourism and sustainable development in tourism product development. The impacts of climate change on tourism.
- 8. Enological and gastronomical tourism. The foundations of enological and gastronomical tourism. Concepts of enological and gastronomical tourism, foundations of enological tourism: wine producing areas and wine routes in Hungary. Demand side of enological and gastronomical tourism, its connections to other tourism products. Trends in enological and gastronomical tourism.
- 9. Concept, historical preliminaries and birth of rural tourism. Strengths and weaknesses or rural and agro-tourism. Demand and supply of rural tourism, the role of human resources in the operation of rural tourism.
- 10. Concept and historical background of health tourism. The infra- and suprastructure of health tourism, its demand and supply. Trend of health tourism and its connections to other tourism products.
- 11. Trend affecting tourism demand and new tourism products.
- 12. The appreciation of the environment and health consciousness of consumers. Features of the LOHAS group and slow tourism.
- 13. Process of tourism product development, tasks of tourism destination management organisations in product development "innovation distinctiveness authenticity".

11. Learning and teaching strategy:

Individual and group work in the topics to be analysed. Students missing a class can electronically send the seminar leader the solution of the tasks assigned until the time of the next seminar. Some tasks can be completed as homework.

12. Assessment scheme:

According to the Code of Studies and Exams, students are obliged to participate in the lectures and seminars. If they miss more than 30% of classes, students cannot sit for an exam and must repeat the whole of the course.

Students must actively participate in the classes to be allowed to make the examination. The grade of the second in-class test must be at least fair. Achievement in seminars is evaluated by the seminar leader. One occasion during term-time is provided for each student to make up for a missed assignment or for corrections. Calculation of the final grade: active participation in seminars – 25%, mid-term test – 15%.

	Formative assessment scheme				
	Summative Assessment Scheme				
	Summative assessment scheme				
		and which tasks assess which learning outcomes			
	Seen examination	%			
	Unseen examination	%			
	Coursework (no examination)	%			
13.	Timetabled examination				
	required				
14.	Length of exam				
15.	Learning materials				
	Essential	World Tourism Organization (UNWTO) and European			
		Travel Commission (ETC) (2011): Handbook on			
		Tourism Product Development. UNWTO, 142 p.			
		, , ,			
	Recommended				
		Michalkó G. (ed) (2011): Design and development of			
		touristic products.(e-book) University of Pécs			
		http://www.eturizmus.pte.hu/			
		Lohmann, G. (2016): Tourism theory: Concepts,			
		Models and Systems. CABI Publishing, 268 p.			
		I woders and Systems. Ondi Fubilishing, 200 p.			

Year 3

Core Modules (A1/A2/B1)

Code	B12GMK12E		Credit	7	
Term:	fall Level:		vel:	6	
Module Title:	Module Title: CORPORATE FINANCE				
Module Leader:	Dr. Mónika Kuti, PhD Assistant Professor Office Hours: To be announced				
Telephone:	501-599/ ext. 23126		E-mail:	kutim@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:	Students will be introduced to the basic corporate finance principles. Ratio analysis of financial statements; and valuation techniques of securities, projects and corporations are the building blocks of mainstream corporate finance literature and practice.				
Sessions (weeks):				
Schedule is tenta	ative and subject to change!				
1.	Introduction to Finance. Finance in corporate systems, "set of contract model" of the firm, "investment vehicle" model of the firm, accounting model of the firm, separation of ownership and management, agency problem, value creation and measures of value				
2.	Time Value of Money. Present value and future value of a simple sum, a mixed stream of cash flows, ordinary annuity, annuity due, and perpetuity, loan amortization table				
3.	Risk and Return. Risk vs. return in a historical perspective, expected rate of return, required rate of return, portfolio risk, systematic and unsystematic risk, beta, CAPM				
4.	Bond and Stock Valuation. Valuation models, bond risks, determinants of market interest, zero, constant and variable growth models (Project 1)				
5.	Cost of Capital (WACC). Cost of debt, cost of preferred equity, cost of common equity, basic EVA				
6.	Capital Budgeting. Net present value, payback period, discounted payback period, profitability index, IRR, MIRR. Decision trees, sensitivity analysis, break-even analysis (<u>Project 2</u>)				
7.	Financial Statement Analysis and Growth. Annual reports, interrelationship between balance sheet, income statement and cash flow statement; ratio analysis (liquidity, profitability, asset management, debt, market ratios, DuPont ratio pyramid), limitations of ratio analysis. Growth and EFN				
8.	Working Capital Management. Cash management, marketable securities, accounts receivable, inventory management, short-term finance, cash conversion cycle (Project 3)				

9.	Long-Term Finance and Financial Markets. Long-term loans, bonds, debt covenants, preferred and common equity finance, capital markets. Efficient market hypothesis.			
10.	Capital Structure and Leverage. DOL, DFL, DCL, EBIT-EPS analysis, MM proposition I-II, capital structure theories: agency theory, trade-off theory, pecking order theory, organizational theory. (Project 4)			
11.	Dividend Policy. Dividend irrelevance theory, bird-in-the-hand theory, tax preference theory, signaling hypothesis, clientele effect, factors influencing dividend policy, stock splits, stock dividends, stock repurchases (<u>Project 5</u>)			
12.	Crowdfunding (Project 5)			
Rationale Including Aims:	 module aims are to: Provide students with deepened knowledge and skills to equip them for career in finance. Develop the student's competence in applying a range of financia analytical skills and valuation techniques. Help students understand the complexity of financial statements. Enhance the development of the students' existing skills base, allowing for a cumulative learning experience. 			
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge	by the end of this module successful students will be able to 1. provide a critical outline of the development of financial theories, 2. compare/contrast the main competing theories of current debate 3. evaluate the respective strengths and weaknesses of such theories 4. critically analyse their applications in practice			
Learning Outcomes: Skills	The course helps students understand how to 9. ability to conduct effective small-scale research (library use, information elicitation and handling, etc.) 10. ability to interpret basic datasets, 11. ability to cope with uncertainty (decision making) 12. ability to create a crowdfunding campaign			
Teaching, Learning Strategies:	ere are key elements in this module, which use a range of differing strategies achieve the objectives: Teaching session enables students to understand theoretical and analytical material. Projects provide opportunities for students to practice skills and apply knowledge developed during the session. Literature research deepens theoretical background and critical thinking. Learning based crowdfunding as an innovative teaching method will be applied at the course to make students more adaptive to the digital era of finance.			

Assessme	Assessment components are as follows:
nt Scheme:	 Project 1 (5 points) is the task to apply CAPM to stock valuation and critically evaluate findings. (K1, K2, K4, S2). Project 2 (5 points) is to calculate WACC and basic EVA, and to apply basic capital budgeting decisions to a corporate project. (K1, K2, K4, S2, S3). Project 3 (10 points) is financial statement analysis, including ratio analysis, interpretation of cash flow statement, working capital management and growth. (K1, K2,). Project 4 (10 points) is to interpret the capital structure choice of the company and to test the relevance of capital structure theories. (K1, K2, K4, S2, S3). Project 5 (20 points) is to prepare a crowdfunding campaign on pecs.hubbub.net (S4). Campaign launch is optional. 1. Final exam (50 points) (K1 – K4, S2, S3).
	Minimum 50% is required on each component.
Core Learning Materials:	 Kuti Mónika (2016): Financial Analysis. PTE University Press. Damodaran, A. (2010), Applied Corporate Finance. Wiley. 3rd edition.
Optional Learning Material:	 Damodaran online: http://pages.stern.nyu.edu/~adamodar/ Clauss, F. J. (2010): Corporate financial analysis with Microsoft Excel. McGraw-Hill finance.yahoo.com, www.nyse.com, www.thestreet.com, money.cnn.com

Code	B12GMB03E		Credit	7		
Term:	fall		Level:	6		
Module Title:	STRATEGIC MANAGE	STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT				
Module Leader:	Márta Somogyvári PhD Assistant Professor	Office Hours:	Tuesday:14:00	0-16:00		
Telephone:	+36 20 9313982	E-mail:	somogyv@ktk	c.pte.hu		
Short Description:	interactions with its electronsformation driven	nvironment. The by information te anoramic view of tl ompanies can be	corporate world chnology and g his changing terr	globalization. Strategic rain. It attempts to show		
Sessions (wee	eks):					
1	Strategic Process					
2	External Environment					
3	Five Forces Model					
4	Internal Environment					
5	Business Level Strategy	/				
6	Corporate Level Strateg	Corporate Level Strategy				
7	Strategy Implementation	٦,				
8	Midterm Exam					
9	Product Development					
10	Service Development					
11	Market Development					
12	Rivalry					
13	Strategic Leadership					
Rationale Including Aims:	Strategic management is primarily concerned with environment, corporate objectives, resources, core competencies, and competition, organization and corporate culture. Aim: How to compose these components to be successful in the international competition.					
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge				nulate and implement		
Cutcomes: Skills The students will be able to analyze and handle complex strategic situation in an international environment, will be able to apply up to date strategic situation. Teamwork, including the ability to lead selection, delegation, development and management.			ly up to date strategic			
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	presentations. Cont	inuous learning	is required: the	nalysis, group work, e learning process is scussions and problem		

Final mark: Assessment Scheme: 40% class performance including: weekly discussions, group work and deliverables (15%) midterm exam (45%) final exam (Case Study analysis + Discussions on theories and practices) Thomas L. Wheelen – J. David Hunger: Strategic Management and Business Core Learning Policy. Pearson-Prentice Hall, 2011 Materials: Strategic Management: Concepts: Competitiveness and Globalization 11th edition by Michael Hitt, R. Duane Ireland, Robert Hoskisson Battacharya, Korschun: The Role of Corporate Social Responsibility in **Optional** Strengthening Multiple Stakeholder Relationships: A Field Experiment, Journal Learning of the Academy of Marketing Science 2006; 34: 158 Material: Macdonald, Assimakopoulos, Anderson: Education and Training for Innovation in SMEs International Small Business Journal 2007; 25; 77 The HBR List – Breakthrough Ideas for 2004. HBR February 2004. Melancon, Williams: Competency-Based Assessment Center Design-A Case Study Advances in Developing Human Resources, 2006; 8; 283 Ireland, Hitt, Viadyanath: Alliance Management as a Source of Competitive Advantage Journal of Management 2002; 28; 413 Ashton, James E. - Frank X. Cook, Jr - Paul Schmitz: Uncovering Hidden Value in a Midsize Manufacturing Company. HBR June 2003 111-119. Boyd, Gavin and John H. Dunning (ed.): Structural Change and Cooperation in the Global Economy. "New Horizons in International Business Series", 1999 Cohen, Stephen S. and Gavin Boyd (ed.): Corporate Governance and Globalization. "New Horizons in International Business Series", 2000 Farrel, Diana: The Real New Economy. HBR October 2003. 104-112. Ghemawat, Pankaj: The Forgotten Strategy. HBR Nov 2003. Nohria, Nitin -William Joyce - Bruce Robertson: What Really Works HBR Jul 43-52, 2003 Pillmore, Eric M.: How We're Fixing Up Tyco? HBR Dec 2003 96-103. Porter, Michael: Strategy and the Internet. HBR, March, 2001. Prahalad, C. K. - Kenneth Lieberthal: The End of Corporate Imperialism. HBR August 2003 Role in CEO Succession. HBR May-June 1999 96-105. Wartick, Steven - Donna J. Wood: International Business and Society. Blackwell, Oxford, UK, 1998 (chapters 1-4, 6-7.)

Code		B12GMC05E		Credit 7		
Term:		fall	Level:	6		1
Modul	Module Title: BUSINESS ECONOMICS					
Modul Leade		Dr. Kármen Kovács, PhD Associate Professor	Office Hou	Tuesday: 3.30–5.00 p.m. (Room B120)		
Teleph	none:	Ext. 23186	E-mail:		Karmen@kt	k.pte.hu
Short Descr	iption:	the firm's internal organizations to consider the competitive env	al structure on vironment withing the second of the secon	impact of business objectives and of are on business decision making, and at within which business decisions are ment interventions both direct and making of business decision.		
Session	ons (week	s):				
Sched	lule is tent	tative and subject to change!				
1.		Economics: The concept. Introdug Demand and/or Supply.	uction of the su	ıbjec	t.	
2.	Demand	Analysis.				
3.	Production	on Analysis and Compensation Po	olicy.			
4.	Cost Ana	llysis and Estimation.				
5.	Competit	ompetitive Markets: Characteristics, Profit Maximization, Firm Supply.				
6.	Performance and Strategy in Competitive Markets.					
7.	Midterm	exam.				
8.	Fall brea	k.				
9.	Monopoly	as a Form of Market Structure.				
10.	Monopolis Monopolis	stic Competition. Monopolistic stic Competition Process.	c Competitio	n	Price-Output	Decisions.
11.	Oligopoly	v. Oligopoly Output-Setting Model	s. Oligopoly Pi	rice-S	Setting Model	S.
12.	Intangible	e Assets and Market Structure.				
13.	Game Th	neory and Competitive Strategy.				
14.	Pricing P	ractices, Price Discrimination.				
Ration Includ Aims:	iding of business disciplines. To introduce student to the interaction between firm					
Learni Outco Knowl	mes: 1 ledge 2	 On completion of this module the To apply economic concepts a problems. To critically evaluate the applications. To assess how the changing of operates in. To critically evaluate the interpretation of the decision making, and behavious. 	and quantitative cations of econ lecision can alteraction between	e me iomic ter th	thods to solve theory to the e market in w	e managerial firm.

Learning Outcomes: Skills	 This module will call for the successful student to demonstrate: Ability to exercise quantitative analysis of managerial decisions taking into consideration of the firm's external economic environment. Ability to analyse market and corporate data and information in order to make managerial decisions in different market conditions. Ability to integrate the various corporate functions (accounting, finance, HRM, marketing, operations management) to solve decision problems and
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	The module builds on the knowledge acquired in basic economic (micro, macro) and management (corporate finance, marketing, operations management, organisational behaviour) modules to enable students to quantitatively assess the interaction of these fields with the application of case study analysis. Emphasis is put on group work and group presentation besides the individual written assignments. Individual, group assignments will require the student to use academic journals, other information databases to learn the application of IT in business analysis and business decision making.
Assessment Scheme:	The grade will be based on the following weights: 1. Midterm exam: 30% (K1, K2, K3, S1) 2. Final exam: 60% (K1, K2, K3, K4, S2) 3. Semester work, Project work: 10% (K4, S1, S2, S3) Student is required to achieve at least 50.01% (pass) of each part of the assessment in order to receive a pass in aggregate.
Core Learning Materials:	Hirschey, M. (2009), Managerial Economics. 12th ed. Mason: South Western.
Optional Learning Material:	Gillespie, A. (2010), <i>Business Economics</i> . Oxford: Oxford University Press. Lipczynski, J., Wilson, J. O. S. and Goddard, J. (2013), <i>Industrial Organization: Competition, Strategy, Policy</i> . 4 th ed. Harlow: Pearson. McGuigan, J. R., Moyer, R. C. and Harris, F. (2014), <i>Managerial Economics: Applications, Strategy, and Tactics</i> . 13th ed. Stamford: Cengage Learning: [South Western College]. Waldman, D. E. and Jensen, E. J. (2013), <i>Industrial Organization: Theory and Practice</i> . 4 th ed. Boston: Pearson – Prentice Hall. Wilkinson, N. (2005), <i>Managerial Economics: A Problem-Solving Approach</i> . Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Core Modules (A1/A2/B1)

Code		B12PSB09E		Credit	7		
Term:		spring Level:		6			
Module	Title:	INVESTMENTS		1			
Module		Dr. Vivien Csapi, PhD.	Office				
Leader:		Assistant Professor	Hours:	By appointment via e-mail			
		Alexandra Posza					
		Assistant Lecturer		Alexandra Posza,			
				Tuesday, 12:30-1	4:00 p.m.		
Telepho	ne:	72/501599,	E-mail:	csapiv@ktk.pte.h	<u>u</u>		
-		Vivien Csapi ext. 23124		poszaa@ktk.pte.h	_ <u>าน</u>		
		Alexandra Posza ext. 23141					
equity evaluation methods, and market mechanisms. Besides intro to evaluation techniques and models you will have a broad under the investment market from portfolio to venture capital i Discussions during class will develop your general financial li intelligence. Not just your knowledge in the field of investme developed but exercises, readings and discussions will further strer argumentation and computational skills. During the class discussio work in groups to from opinions in issues like the financial and econ situations in the past.				iderstanding of al investment al literacy and stment will be strengthen you issions you wil			
Session	s (weeks)	:					
The syll	abus is te	ntative and subject to change	•				
1	Introduct	tion and Risk and risk aversion I.	p.: 142 – 15	55, 165 – 169.			
2	Introduction to options theory, Put-call parity and imperfect market conditions / News Watch						
3	Asset Allocation, Portfolio Theory						
4	Asset Pricing Models						
5	Bonds, Bond Valuation, Bond Portfolios						
6	Basics o	Basics of Options, Option Valuation I.					
7	Option V	aluation II.					

8	Case Stu	Case Studies				
9	Guest Le	Guest Lecturer: Fintech Topic				
10	Spring b	reak				
11	Midterm					
13	Group P	resentations				
14	Group P	resentations				
Require material		Zvi Bodie, Alex Kane, Alan J. Marcus: "Investments", Sixth Edition, Irwin, 2005.				
Optional material:		 Robert A. Haugen: "Modern Investment Theory", Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall, 1997. Haim Levy, Marshall Sarnat: "Portfolio and Investment Selection? Theory and Practice", Prentice Hall, 1984. Eugen Fama, Merton H. Miller: "The Theory of Finance", Dryden Press, 1971. Zvi Bodie, Alex Kane, Alan J. Marcus: "Essentials of Investments", First Edition, Irwin, 2004. 				
Learning Outcomes: Skills		On the completion of this course you should be able to: Understand the corporate factors driving stock prices. Determine the investment attitudes for different actors. Design a portfolio for companies with different risk preferences. Understand the basic equilibrium forces of stock markets.				
Teaching and Learning Strategies:		The joint application of theoretical and practical teaching methods should enable students to understand mechanisms driving equity prices. The continuous observation of weekly events on news channels should bring practice closer to theory, providing an invaluable tool for student. In order to achieve the best outcome student is required to monitor real life economic events, which with the application of Reuters' database can be analyze in class and at home.				
Assessment Scheme:		News watch – 10% Case study – 2x10% = 20% Midterm exam – 30% Final exam – 40%				

Presentation project: Students are to form groups by the end of the second week (maximum 3-4 students in a group). Each group selects a topic from the list below by the end of the fourth week. Groups to present their research work prepare a ppt slideshow and upload them onto Neptun Meetstreet at latest on the day of their presentation. The presentations a 20 minute long discussion of the topic involving all group members, concentrating on the ppt slides quality, on involving the classmates, start/enforce a discussion about the topic (10% from 30%), while 20% is given for the content out of 30%. (in case of missing on the presentation day there is the opportunity to do an individual research in the chosen topic, and preparing a 10 pages long semester paper, Further on TNR, 12 point font size, single spaced till the 19th of May 2019. **Assessment:** Midterm exam: 75 minute unseen closed book exam, concentrating on quantitative problem solution using calculator and a collection of equations. (in case of below than 50% or missing the midterm students will have the opportunity to retake it during the semester 1 time.) **In-class games and simulations** will be randomly during the course, participating actively in the solution/play is rewarded 10% out of 100%. **Presentation Topics:** 1. World's Biggest IPOs from 2000 Until Today 2. CAPM in Practice 3. Cryptocurrencies 4. Ageing 5. Women in Finance 6. Lipstick Effect 7. Real Estate Markets (Recent Trends, Outlook) 8. Venture Capital Investments 9. Buy-to-Let Market 10. Corporate Bond Issues International Scope 11. Stock Markets International Scope 12. Option Markets International Scope 13. Influencers of the Markets 14. Artificial Intelligence (AI) in the Money Markets www.virtualstockexchange.com https://3000xtra.glbl1.reuters.com/asp/login.asp?NFuse_loginErrorl d=On http://finance.vahoo.com/ www.freelunch.com http://www.bet.hu/onlinesz/index.html **Usefull links:** http://www.nyse.com/ http://www.euronext.com/ http://www.ici.org/ http://www.fundaccess.hu/ http://money.cnn.com www.investorlinks.com

Code	B120	GMK15E	Credit	7		
Term:		spring	Level:	6	l	
Module Title:		OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT				
Module Leader:		Dr. József Vörös, DSc. professor	Office Hours:			
		Dr. Zsuzsanna Hauck, assistant professor		Tuesday, 15:30-17:00, B119		
		Dr. Sándor Danka, assistant professor		Monday, 15:00-17:00, B120		
Telephone:	:	72/501-599/63153	E-mail:	hauckzs@ktk.ptc		
Short Description	า:	72/501-599/23142 Operations management deals with the efficient utilization of resources to produce products and services. Operations play a crucial role in achieving business objectives, helps understanding how companies should gain competitive advantage. Operations management comprehends three broad issues: how to design the operating system to serve business strategy, planning and controlling operations processes, and scheduling operations.				
Sessions (weeks):				
Schedule is	s tenta	tive and subject to change.				
Week 1		ng operations to compete. What is ilarities between manufacturing ar Book (<i>Heizer, J Render, B.</i> Sustainability and Supply C Edition 2017): Chapter 1 (Ope Exercises (<i>Hauck Zs Kiss V</i> exercises 2014 (available on I	n, C.: Operations ement, Pearson, Productivity) s Management, co	Management: 12th, Global		
Week 2	Developing missions and strategies. Positioni Shifts in competitive priorities. Trends in OM.			Product life cycle. Process Structure		
Week 3	Week 3 Major process decisions. Designing processes. Principles of process strategy Product-Process matrix. Product Design. Product Strategy options. New product opportunities. Quality function deployment. House of Quality. Book: Chapter 5 (Design of Goods and Services) and 7 (Process Stratester). Exercises: House of Quality			New product		
Week 4	-	Capacity planning. Measures of capacity. Capacity strategies. Decision trees. Economies and diseconomies of scale. Break-even analysis. Book: Chapter S7 (Capacity and Constraint Management) Exercises: Capacity planning, Identification and management of bottlene				
Week 5	Fac	Facility location. Location analysis, location decisions. Locating single facility. Book: Chapter 8 (Location Strategies) Exercises: Locating facilities				

	Midterm test for 15%					
	5% theoretical question					
Week 6	5% case study					
	5% calculation					
	Aggregate planning. Aggregate planning problems. The objective of aggregate					
Week 7	planning. Planning strategies.					
Wook ?	Book: Chapter 13 (Aggregate Planning and S&OP)					
	Exercises: Staffing Plan, Production Plan					
	Material requirement planning. Bill of materials. Master production schedule. Outputs from MRP.					
Week 8	Book: Chapter 14 (Material Requirements Planning (MRP) and ERP)					
	Exercises: Master Production Scheduling, Material Requirements Planning					
	Managing inventory. Functions and types of inventory. Economic order quantity. Continuous review system.					
Week 9	Book: Chapter 12 (Inventory Management)					
	Exercises: Inventory management					
Week 10	Spring break					
Week 11	Lean systems. Just in Time Systems. The essence of JIT. Strategic implications. Kanban system. JIT quality tactics and scheduling. Heijunka. Jidoka. Quality. Total Quality Management. The cost of quality.					
	Book: Chapter 16 (Lean Operations)					
Week 12	Easter Monday					
	Supply chain management. Managing sustainable supply chains.					
Week 13	Book: Chapter 11 (Supply Chain Management)					
	Exercises: Make-or-buy, Life-cycle ownership					
Week 14	Revision week					
Rationale Including Aims:	The source of success at the majority of top 500 companies is inevitably based on outstanding products and/or efficient operations processes. Thus operations are one of the most important functions in a company. Additionally, any activity that has outcome is a process and the knowledge and skills provided by operations management can be applied in many other functional areas as well. This line of argument describes the basic rational of the module.					
Learning	On completion of this module the student will be able to					
Outcomes: Knowledge	 understand the key aspects of Operations Management and implement learnt material to business problems 					
Micuge	 analyze the role of operations in the value creation process and have the knowledge to recognize different operations systems required to help achieve company aims. 					
	understand the boundaries of the learnt material, and use the acquired knowledge to overcome these boundaries					

Learning	On completion of this module the student will be able to
Outcomes: Skills	 design and control operations systems, make long, medium, and short term decisions
	actively participate in teamwork connected to operations, selection, delegation, development and management.
	3. demonstrate and present operation related problems and their solutions4. analyze the boundaries of the learnt material
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	Continuous learning is required. The learning process is checked at each class through home assignments, presentation, case discussions and problem solving.
Assessment Scheme:	Assessment: 15% Classwork 15% Midterm test 70% Final exam + extra points available for classroom activities
Core Learning Materials:	Heizer, J Render, B. M Munson, C.: Operations Management: Sustainability and Supply Chain Management, Pearson, 12th, Global Edition 2017 Hauck Zs Kiss V.: Operations Management, collection of exercises 2014 (available on Neptun)
Optional Learning Material:	Krajewski, L.J. – Ritzman, L P. – Malhotra, M.K.: Operations Management, 10th ed., Pearson, 2013 Slack, N. – Brandon-Jones, A. – Johnston, R.: Operations Management, 7 th edition – Pearson 2013

Curriculum Table (MSc. Enterprise Development and Entrepreneurship)

Semester 1 (spring)	Semester 2 (fall)	Semester 3 (spring)	Semester 4 (fall)
Innovation and Innovation Management	Advanced Marketing Research	Business Intelligence	Strategic Management
Corporate Entrepreneurship	Production and Process Management	E-commerce	
Entrepreneurship & BMG	Intercultural Business Communication	Applied Venture Valuation	
Applied Statistics and Econometrics	Entrepreneurial Finance	Tutorial: Start-up development	
Regional Economics and Development	Project Management		

Note: The master programs start in the spring semester

Year 1 (spring + fall)

Code	M17\	/FA02E	ECTS Credit		6		
Term:	L	spring		Level:		4	
Module T	itle:	INNOVATION	INNOVATION AND INNOVATION MANAGEMENT				
Module L	eader:	Dr. Attila Varga	, DSc	Office Hours:			
		university profe	essor				
		Dr. Katalin Erdő	s, PhD				
		assistant profes	sor				
		Dr. Kármen Kov associate profe					
		Dr. Tamás Sebe	styén, PhD				
		habil. associate	professor				
Telephon	ie:	(36) 72-501599)/23149	E-mail:		vargaa@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Des	scription:	The course provides a structured insight into the most important topics of the					
subject. Besides the importance of understanding technological change and to introduction of basic concepts and approaches, high emphasis is put on microeconomic (market structure, diffusion, technology transfer, university-industry cooperation, externalities), macroeconomic (systems of innovation, innovation and growth), respectively on geographic aspects. During the course practical problems of economic policy (technology policy, technology evaluat and firm-level innovation management will be discussed in detail. Based on the knowledge gained through the course, students will be able to handle the importance of technological development, to participate in the decision making evaluation of innovation policy and to manage innovation processes of comp				mphasis is put on y transfer, university- ystems of innovation, pects. During the course also cy, technology evaluation) ed in detail. Based on the able to handle the te in the decision making and			
Sessions	(weeks): 1	4					
Schedule	is tentativ	e and subject to	change.				
1.	Definition of innovation. Systems of innovation						
Systems of Innovation (cont.). Geographic dimension of innovation		tion					
	(Student presentations of readings 1, 2, 3, 4)						
3.	Measuring	easuring innovation (Group work)					
4.	nnovation	and co-operation	(Student presenta	ations of reading	s 5, 6	5)	
4.	nnovation	and co-operation	(Student presenta	ations of reading	s 5, 6	5)	

5.	Entrepreneur, company size and innovation (Student presentations of readings 7, 8)					
6.	Innovation policy (Student presentations of readings 9, 10, 11)					
7.	Innovation policy evaluation (Group work)					
8.	Organizational frameworks of innovation (Student presentations of readings 12, 13) (Group work)					
9.	From product development to innovation marketing (Student presentations of readings 14, 15) (Group work)					
10.	Innovation, company performance and competitiveness (Student presentations of readings 16, 17) (Group work)					
11.	Universities and innovation (Student presentations of readings 18, 19)					
12.	Social and sustainable innovations (Group work)					
Rationale Including Aims:		This course aims to provide students the knowledge needed to understand and manage innovation processes in the global economy. It is intended to highlight macro and micro level aspects of innovation in order to enable students to be fully fledged actors of innovation. The course targets that students (among others) understand the essence of innovation grasp global effects of innovation determine the system level causes of inefficiencies in innovation appreciate the feedback from their peers and external evaluators work effectively as a team				
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge		 Recognize the role of innovation in company and economic growth Discuss the roles of actors in innovation systems Describe the mechanisms of value creation through innovation Demonstrate the ability to participate in innovation management teams Prepare and deliver persuasive presentations 				
Learning Outcomes: Skills		 Analyze complex innovative processes Articulate the value of innovation in company and economic growth Identify and assess opportunities for innovation Use the vocabulary of innovation and innovation management 				

Students will have to engage in individual and team work as well. It is required that students prepare for the classes ahead by reading the required materials and Teaching and thinking about questions for discussion. Preparing in advance enables students to Learning actively participate in group discourse that also develops their critical thinking. **Strategies:** Real-life case studies contribute to the development of analytical and complex thinking of students. Student presentations (25%) Should the student miss the presentation without doctor's justification, the student gets 0 for the presentation assessment element. If the student has a doctor's justification for the absence, the student has the opportunity to submit a 2 pages summary of the reading to be presented. The submission deadline is one week after the presentation was due. The maximum attainable result for the assignment is 80% of the original value. Should the student miss this deadline, the student gets 0 for the presentation assessment element. Group work (25%) Should the student miss the group work without doctor's justification, the student Assessment gets 0 for the group work assessment element. If the student has a doctor's Scheme: justification for the absence, the student has the opportunity to submit a 2 pages summary on the topic of the group work. The submission deadline is one week after the group work submission was due. The maximum attainable result for the assignment is 80% of the original value. Should the student miss this deadline, the student gets 0 for the group work assessment element. Final exam (50%) The final exam consists of essay questions, so answers have to be fully elaborated, not just keywords listed. Should the student fail the final exam, there is one retake opportunity in the examination period. **Further on** Student presentations will be evaluated equally based on the following three criteria: **Assessment:** quality of literature review presentation style - own elaboration, thoughts **Core Learning** Freeman, C. – Soete, L.: The economics or industrial innovation, Routledge, Materials: London and New York 2004 Maital, S. – Seshadri, D. V. R. (2014): Innovation Management: Strategies, Concepts and Tools for Growth and Profit. 2. ed., 2. print. Los Angeles: SAGE, ISBN 978 81 321 0722 4

	Polenske, K. R. (ed.): <i>The economic geography of innovation</i> , Cambridge University Press 2007
	 Swann, G. M. P.: The Economics of Innovation. Edward Elgar Cheltenham, UK, Northampton, MA, USA 2009
	Tidd, J. – Bessant, J. (2014): Managing innovation: integrating technological, market and organizational change. 5., reprinted ed. Chichester: Wiley. (Includes interactive e-book) ISBN 978 1 118 36063 7
Further Reading Materials:	Hashi, I.— Stojcic, N. (2013): The impact of innovation activities on firm performance using a multi-stage model: Evidence from Community Innovation Survey 4. Research Policy, Vol. 42. No. 2. 353–366.
	 Kemp, R. G. M.– Folkeringa, M.– De Jong, J. P. J.– Wubben, E. F. M (2003): Innovation and firm performance. Scales research reports. Zoetermeer: EIM business and policy research. SCALES -paper N200213. http://www.entrepreneurship-sme.eu/pdf-ez/N200213.pdf.
	• Klomp, L.– Leeuwen, van G. (2001): Linking innovation and firm performance: a new approach. International Journal of the Economics of Business, Vol. No. 3. 343–364.

Code	M18	VFB03E	ECTS Credit: 6				
Term:		spring		Level:	4		
Module Title:		CORPORATE ENTREPRENEURSHIP					
Module Leaders:		Dr. Zsolt Bedő,	Dr. Zsolt Bedő, PhD.		Monday 08:30-10:00		
		Assistant profes	Assistant professor				
Telephone:		+36-72/501 599	+36-72/501 599/23436		zsoltbedo@ktk.pte.hu		
Short Description:		What is corporate entrepreneurship? Who is a "corporate entrepreneur"? Obviously basic questions to a course on the subject, but the reality is that the definition of both is contingent on the context it's used in. Intrapreneurship can be defined as the process that allows for individuals and groups within a structured organization to think, develop and execute value-creation for the firm unencumbered by the stated organizational processes, procedures, rules and regulations while still having access to corporate resources to reach their intended goals. Therefore the "intrapreneur" is a person(s) who becomes empowered to create these new products or services without implied or stated constraints leading to value-creation for the organization. So, what drives intrapreneurship? Why are some large organizations better at it than others? Is it a necessary component of a firm's DNA? If so, how do you embed it into the corporate culture? What leadership skills are necessary? Why bother with it? All reasonable questions that will be examined and hopefully, answered in this course.					
Session		-					
Schedul		ative and subje					
1. (02.06.)	Introduction, team formation, video discussion: https://www.ted.com/talks/knut_haanaes_two_reasons_companies_fail_and_how_to_avoid_them?language=en https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6pm1bbLMqZE https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mtjatz9r-Vc						
2. (02.13.)	Project introduction – Visit to the 3D center of the University						
3. (02.20.)	Introduction of the Tech Transfer function of the University and its IP portfolio						
4.	The conc	concept of intrapreneurship/corporate entrepreneurship. Ideas, roles and processes;					
(02.27.)	Project p	oject progress report: benchmarking					
5.	Idea gen	dea generation and mobilization. Advocating and screening;					
(03.06.)	Project p	Project progress report: What should be the main activity of the 3D center?					
6.	Idea experimentation;						
(03.13.)	Project progress report: Why do you think your suggestion for the main activity is better that others'?						

7.	Idea com	Idea commercialization;			
(03.20.)	Project progress report: Who will be the main users of the services, products of the 3D center?				
8.	Diffusion a	and implementation of ideas. Intrapreneurship from Concept to Sustained Competitive e;			
(03.27.)	Project progress report: How will the 3D center transfer messages and value to the main user group?				
9.	Case: Star	Case: Starbuck Coffee Company: Transformation an Renewal;			
(04.03.)	Project pr users?	Project progress report: How will the 3D center keep contact and relationship with the main users?			
10. (04.10.)	Break				
11. (04.17.)	Visit to Hewlett Packard Enterprise in Budapest. Speaker: Director of Innovation at HPE				
12.	Case: Zipo	se: Zipcar: Refining the Business Model			
(04.24.)	Project progress report: How will the 3D center operate in the new concept? What resources it needs, what activities it need to pursue, what kind of partners it need?				
13.	Case: Ren	e: Rent and Runway			
(05.01.)	Project progress report: How much will this new business concept cost? How much costs will occur during operation? What will be the revenue flow?				
14. (05.08.)	Final presentation of the project solutions in front of the management of the 3D center				
Rationale Including Aims:		The aim of the course is to show students how entrepreneurial activity and innovation is conducted within the corporate environment. How does the company have to imbed such activity within its structure, how to facilitate innovative thinking, how to incorporate outcomes of this activity within this structure? Students will be introduced with the theoretical framework of the concept in the first half of the course that they will have to apply in the second half. Guest speaker at the end of the term will comprehensively give a picture of a real life case that will be discussed and debated by every student in light of the theoretical constructs and the lessons learnt from the cases.			
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge		 Upon completion of this module the student will Recognize the historical relevance and concepts of corporate entrepreneurship, Discuss the reasons why traditionally-organized companies find this culture so challenging. Categorize the elements of a corporate culture that either inhibit or support the process of corporate entrepreneurship. 			

Learning Outcomes: Skills	 Analyze how intrapreneurial activities relate to a company's ability to drive innovation throughout the organization. Evaluate the attributes of various organizations regarded as leaders of corporate entrepreneurship and analyze the benefits of such. Recognize the synergy necessary between leadership, corporate culture and organizational dynamics to drive successful corporate entrepreneurship. Select a personal model of corporate entrepreneurship activities to be used as a reference tool in your career development. 				
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	Classes will be organized using the flipped classroom methodology. The focus of this course will be on developing and/or strengthening the student's abilities to identify personal and organizational traits that lend themselves to, or separate from, the concepts of intrapreneurship. Therefore much of our classroom time will be spent combining lectures, classroom presentations and discussions on various segments of the course. Class time will be weighed towards constructive discussion and challenges of the readings assigned. As such, it is expected that all assigned reading will be completed prior to the beginning of each class period. Value for the student will derive from the interchange of classroom discussions and interactions, along with the assignments posted.				
Assessment Scheme:	Individual report on the 3D technology (1 page) and on the TTO function of universities (1 Page) (individual) – 2x10% Discussion material (ppt) uploaded (group) – 5x2% = 10% Presentation and discussion of reading assignments (group) – 15% Case solutions uploaded (group) – 5x2% = 10% Presentation and discussion of the case solutions (group) – 15% Business concept of the 3D center of the UP, documentation and slide deck (group) – 25% Final presentation (group) – 10%				
Further on Assessment:	Class participation and activity (individual) – 5% Students have to form teams of 3 on the first week of the semester By the end of the team formation process we need to have 8 teams. The team has to read, prepare for the reading assignments for each week and has to conduct news screening and analysis. Every team must read the reading assignments for each week. Each week one team will be picked to discuss the reading assignment or the case study, while another has to challenge the presenters from theoretical and application perspective. Teams will be working on case studies in the second part of the semester. For the case studies the same rules apply as in the case of the reading assignments.				
Core Learning Materials:	Kevin C. Desouza, Intrapreneurship, University of Toronto Press, 2011.				
Further Reading Materials:	Articles and hendouts.				
Policy on attendance and class engagement:	Class participation is the key to learning. Students are expected to attend at least 75% of classes and contribute to the class discussions.				

Please note that the quality of what you contribute (it can be a thoughtful question, some astute analysis, and/or some other meaningful contribution) will count far more than the quantity of your remarks. More "noise" does not equal higher score.

Participation grades will be given on the following basis:

- 5 Present, asking/answering questions, adding quality to the discussion, contribute to the direction of the discussion
- 4 Present, asking/answering questions, actively engaged
- 3 Present, listening, but not sharing ideas
- 2 Minimal engagement (not paying attention to the class, reading or sleeping in class). Unexcused or unnecessary absences
- 1 Regular no-shows. Failure to give valid reasons for multiple no-shows.

Please note that if you are in class but are not actively engaged nor share your ideas, your participation for that class is 3.

Policy on late arrival:

On time arrival ensures that classes are able to start and finish at the scheduled time. On time arrival shows respect for both fellow students and faculty and it enhances learning by reducing avoidable distractions. Arriving 10 minutes after the start of the class is not allowed as it will disturb in class work.

Academic misconduct:

All Students are expected to be honest in their academic work and to display integrity in the demonstration of their achieved competencies.

Cheating, which is the willful decision on the part of a student to be dishonest in the representation of his/her work, is unacceptable behavior.

Any academic dishonesty will be reported to the Program leader and will be assessed and acted upon following Rules and Regulations of the University of Pecs.

A zero for that exam or project will be entered for the grade.

Severe cases of academic dishonesty may include harsher penalties such as suspension.

Academic Integrity Definition and Expectations: Academic integrity is the pursuit of scholarly activity in an open, honest and responsible manner. Academic integrity is a basic guiding principle for all academic activity at University of Pecs, and all members of the University community are expected to act in accordance with this principle. Consistent with this expectation, the University's Code of conduct states that all students should act with personal integrity, respect other students' dignity, rights and property, and help create and maintain an environment in which all can succeed through the fruits of their efforts. Academic integrity includes a commitment not to engage in or tolerate acts of falsification, misrepresentation or deception. Such acts of dishonesty violate the fundamental ethical principles of the University community and compromise the worth of work completed by others.

Code	M17VFB02E		ECTS Credit:	6		
Term:		spring		Level:	4	
Module T	itle:	ENTREPRENEURSHIP & BUSINESS MODEL GENERATION				
Module Leaders:		Prof. Dr. László Professor Dr. Zsolt Bedő, Assistant profes	PhD.	Office Hours:	Monday 13:30-15:30	
Telephon	e:	+36-72/501 599/23125 +36-72/501 599/23436		E-mail:	szerb@ktk.pte.hu zsoltbedo@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:		entrepreneursh an entrepreneu local as well as i course empha entrepreneursh start-ups and do country level di paid to the fast. In the second pamodelling and country level di product. This M will require stu	This course aims to bring together the theoretical and the practical view of entrepreneurship. The theoretical part presents the models and ways of becoming in entrepreneur as well as the influential factors of entrepreneurship. Government, ocal as well as international entrepreneurship policy aspects are also covered. The ourse emphasized both the individual and the contextual factors of entrepreneurship from a system perspective. Recent developments in technology tart-ups and digitalization are also covered. Students are expected to analyze ountry level differences and specialties in entrepreneurship. Specific attention is raid to the fast growing ventures, called gazelles. In the second part of the course students get acquainted with the basics of business modelling and on how to compete on this front complementing basic services and product. This Module will be the preparatory of the practice oriented modules that will require students to establish their own or provide support to others in their establishment of their entrepreneurial venture.			
Sessions	(weeks): 1	4				
Schedule	is tentativ	e and subject to	change.			
		cription and requirements. Small businesses and entrepreneurship: definitions and s; Types of entrepreneurship and entrepreneurial activity				
_	•	urship theories and models, entrepreneurship context, entrepreneurship ecosystems entrepreneurship. The measurement of entrepreneurship. Gazelles and unicorns.				
the GEI scor		Entrepreneurship Index GEI. Individual and institutional factors. The calculation of res, step by step exercise. Hungary's entrepreneurial profile. ercise GEI tool. (Bring laptop and mouse)				
	•		urial traits and intentions. Different models of individual entrepreneurship and urial attitudes. The GUESSS research			
	National and local entrepreneurship policies. The GEI methodology to optimize policy effor Student exercise			ogy to optimize policy effort.		
6.		epreneurship ecc	systems and	their specialties. ICT and	entrepreneurship.	

7.	Midterm ex	cam				
8.	 Team formation Discussion on what entrepreneurship and creativity mean. Watching video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QoqohmccTSc Assignment for the design thinking workshop: Read the book: Business Model Generation, written by Alexander Osterwalder & Yves Pigneur 2010, ISBN: 978-0470-87641-1 Reminder to read the book called Startup nation Watch the following videos: 					
		 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sR6P5Qdvlnk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bEusrD8g-dM https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nokBj14p4Mc https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BErt2qRmoFQ&t=3s 				
9.	Reading wee	ek, preparation for the design thinking workshop				
10.	Spring breal	<				
11.	Design think	king workshop, all day				
12.	Preparation	for the final pitch event				
13.	Final Pitch					
	Discussion of the takeaways of the final pitch event,					
14.	Discussion o	of the Startup nation book,				
	Closer of the course.					
Rationale Including		This course aims to combine the theoretical and practical approaches of entrepreneurship as well as get students acquainted in the macro and micro view of entrepreneurship. The course targets that students (among others)				
Aims:		 to understand the differences between small business and entrepreneurship, to know about the contemporary views of entrepreneurship, appreciate the role of entrepreneurship in development, grasp the role of entrepreneurial capacity in innovation, comprehend the significance of entrepreneurship ecosystem in the process of entrepreneurship capacity building. 				
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge		 Students by completing this module will be able to recognize triggers affecting elements of the entrepreneurial environment list different means of policy tools to boost entrepreneurship activity, explain the effects of different policy decisions on competitiveness, demonstrate the spillover effect of mechanisms in real circumstances, implement business models in real environment. 				

Students by completing this module will be able to differentiate between collected data to prepare them for analysis, Learning analyze structured datasets to assess theoretical constructs, **Outcomes:** evaluate results of empirical analysis, Skills design policy decisions, critically evaluate business models communicate value proposition. Classes will combine theory and practical application of the theoretical constructs. By imbedding entrepreneurial activities in a wider, mezzo and macro context students will comprehend the interconnection between different factors affecting their future decisions when forming their entrepreneurial venture. Reading **Teaching and** assignments will equip students with the necessary knowledge for class discussions Learning and exercises. Group assignments will enable students to practice group work, **Strategies:** develop their skills in such a working environment, practice leadership, delegation, brainstorming, conflict resolution. Videos will requires students to combine academic knowledge with practical observations and will force them to synthetize information communicated in different fashion. Midterm exam: 30% Project work I. - 20% (10% presentation and 10% submission about a country's entrepreneurship system analysis) Final documentation of the Design thinking workshop – 20%: Assessment 1. Final business model Scheme: 2. Pitch deck 3. Idea diary and validation documentation Final pitch presentation – 10% Video report on the Startup nation book – 10% Workshop and class engagement – 10% **Midterm exam** is written exam focusing on the theoretical part of entrepreneurship **Further on** 30% Assessment: Project work I: forming a one or two person team students have to write an essay about a selected country entrepreneurial profile and have to suggest entrepreneurship policy portfolio on how to improve entrepreneurship. Project work II: Students in teams will have to prepare short assignments week by week to implement theories discussed in class. Design thinking workshop deliverables (Group assignment): Students will participate on a whole day design thinking workshop, where they have to work in teams to solve a problem. Teams have to prepare a complete documentation and a pitch presentation by the end of the workshop that they will present in a later day in the framework of the final pitch event. Final pitch presentation and slide deck (Group assignment): Teams will have to present their final solution (product or service) in front of a professional panel in the framework of the final pitch event.

	Video report (Individual assignment): Students have to read the book Startup
	nation by the end of the semester and have to prepare a max 3 minutes video report
	on the book.
	on the book.
Core Learning	Core learning materials:
Materials:	Class materials
	 Acs Zoltan, László Szerb, Esteban Lafuente, Ainsley Lloyd (2018) Global Entrepreneurship and Development Index 2018, SpringerBriefs in Economics, Springer International Publishing, eBook ISBN 978-3-030-03279-1; Softcover ISBN 978-3-030-03278-4, DOI: 10.1007/978-3-030-03279-1, pp. XIV, 91 https://www.researchgate.net/publication/322757639 The Global Entre preneurship Index 2018 Auerswald, P. E. (2015). Enabling entrepreneurial ecosystems: Insights from ecology to inform effective entrepreneurship policy., Kauffman report, https://www.kauffman.org/-/media/kauffman_org/research-reports-and-covers/2015/10/enabling_entrepreneurial_ecosystems.pdf Marx, A.; A. Suse and M. Sanders (2018) Report - Policy Brief on the FIRES 7-step Method for Entrepreneurship Policy Making, FIRES reports https://www.projectfires.eu/wp-content/uploads/2018/05/d6.4-policy-brief-final-2_ms.pdf Business Model Generation, written by Alexander Osterwalder & Yves Pigneur 2010, ISBN: 978-0470-87641-1 Nathan Furr, Transitioning your company from a product to a platform, HBR, 2016.
	 Zhu, Furr, Product to platform, making the leap, HBR, 2016.
	Ács, Z. J. E. Autio, L. Szerb (2014) National Systems of
Further Reading Materials:	Entrepreneurship:Measurement issues and policy implications, Research Policy 43(3), 476-494
	 Acs, Z., Åstebro, T., Audretsch, D., & Robinson, D. T. (2016). Public policy to promote entrepreneurship: a call to arms. Small Business Economics, 47(1), 35-51.
	 Sieger, P., Fueglistaller, U., & Zellweger, T. (2016). Student
	Entrepreneurship 2016: Insights from 50 Countries. International Report of the GUESSS Project 2016. St. Gallen and Bern: Swiss Research Institute of Small Business and Entrepreneurship at the University of St. Gallen and University of Bern
	 Szerb, L. A., Acs, Z., & Autio, E. (2013). Entrepreneurship and policy: The national system of entrepreneurship in the European Union and in its member countries. Entrepreneurship Research Journal, 3(1), 9-34. Szerb, L. A., É. Komlósi, P. Páger 2016 Measuring Entrepreneurship and Optimizing Entrepreneurship Policy Efforts in the European Union, CESifo DICE Report 3/2016 (September)
	Start Up Nation, Dan Senor and Saul Singer, 2011.
	Lean Startup, Eric Ries, 2010.
Policy on	Class participation is the key to learning. Students are expected to attend at least
attendance and	75% of classes and contribute to the class discussions. Please note that the quality
class engagement:	of what you contribute (it can be a thoughtful question, some astute analysis,
	and/or some other meaningful contribution) will count far more than the quantity
	of your remarks. More "noise" does not equal higher score.

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Code	M17VFA01E ECTS Credit: 6				
Module Title:	APPLIED STA	TISTICS AND E	CONOME	TRICS	
Module Leader:	Gábor Kőrösi, Pr	ofessor	Sessions	Mixed lectures and computer exercises.	
Term:	spring		E-mail:	korosig@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:	The subject gives an overview of major methods of empirical work in economics, mostly concentrating on econometric techniques. The methods will be applied to various economic problems, demonstrating their use in practical applications. Stude get hands on experiences analysing various economic problems with a variety of approaches. We use gretl for practical work.		ues. The methods will be applied to leir use in practical applications. Students		
Sessions (weeks):					
February 5		s, data, statistical nce. SW chapters		ision: probability, data description,	
February 12	Linear regression	1: revision of the	basic conce	epts. SW chapters 4 & 5	
February 19	Linear regression 2: single and multiple regressors, estimation, inference, model diagnostics. SW chapters 6 & 7			sors, estimation, inference, model	
February 26	Linear regression 3: single and multiple regressors, estimation, inference, m diagnostics. SW chapters 6 & 7		sors, estimation, inference, model		
March 5	Non-linear models 1: linearization; indicator variables (dummies). SW chapter 8				
March 12	Non-linear mode	ls 2: binary deper	ndent variab	les. SW chapter 11	
March 19	Test.				
March 26	Time series modelling 1: dynamics, forecasting. SW chapters 14 & 15				
April 2	Time series modelling: dynamics, causality. SW chapters 14 & 15				
April 16	Time series mode	elling: stationarity	rity, non-stationarity. SW chapters 14, 15, parts of 16.		
April 23	Test				
April 30	Endogenous regressors. Panel dat		ta. SW chapters 12 & 10.		
<u>May 7</u>	Modelling strategies. Revision. SW chapter 9				
Rationale Including Aims:	Practical work in economics is based on data analysis in most cases, using causal models. The purpose of this course is to teach students the most important methods used in such applied work.				

Learning	Students get a practical knowledge of the major econometric techniques, including the
Outcomes:	conditions for proper use, and methods for assessing the validity of their model. They
Ware Lade	should be able to identify methods needed in a practical situation, do the basic
Knowledge	statistical analysis, and interpret the results.
Learning	Students will work on various problems, typically using real life data. By the end of the
Outcomes:	course they should be able to do data analysis properly, on their own, using a simple
	computer package
Skills	
Teaching and	The course is a mixture of lectures and computer exercises. We shall use data and
Learning	computer at each major milestone. Technical details of the methodology are not part
Strategies:	of the course, but basic knowledge of calculus, linear algebra and probability is
Strategies.	
	necessary.
Assessment	Two tests, 19% each
Scheme:	
	Final examination, 62%
0	
Core Learning	Stock and Watson: Introduction to Econometrics, Addison-Wesley, 2014 (3 rd edition).
Materials:	(The 2007 2 nd edition is also fine.)
	Also used:
	Gretl user's guide
	Down dt. The Dreatice of Feenemetries Addison Wesley 1001
	Berndt: The Practice of Econometrics, Addison-Wesley, 1991
Optional Learning	Wooldridge: Introductory Econometrics, MIT, 2009
Material:	
	Brooks: Introductory Econometrics for Finance, Cambridge, 2008
	Cameron and Trivedi: Microeconometrics, Cambridge, 2005
	Cameron and Trivedi. Microeconometrics, Cambridge, 2003
	Kőrösi, Mátyás and Székely: Practical Econometrics, Avebury, 1992
	Greene: Econometric Analysis. Prentice Hall, 2008.
	Pesaran: Time Series and Panel Data Econometrics, Oxford, 2015.
	200.000 0.000
	Wooldridge: Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data, MIT, 2010
	Angrist and Pischke: Mastering "metrics", Princeton, 2015
	Papers uploaded to Neptun

Code		M17VFB07E		ECTS Credit: 6		
Term:	rm:		spring		Level:	4
Modul	Module Title:		REGIONAL E	CONOMICS AND	DEVELOPME	NT
Modul	e Lead	er:	Dr. Attila Varga, DSc		Office Hours:	Tuesday: 2:00pm – 4:00 pm
			university professor			
			Norbert Szabó			
			assistant profes	sor		
Teleph	one:		+36-72-501599,	/23149	E-mail:	vargaa@ktk.pte.hu
Short [Descrip	otion:	The course of Regional Economics and Development aims at providing insights into the key role of spatial processes (globalization, localization) in economics and business. The course introduces the most important theories of regional economies, the key methodologies applied in the study of regions as well as the most frequently followed strategies in modern regional development.			
Session Schedu			e and subject to	change.		
Lecture	e					
1.	Intro	duction	า			
2.	The	spatial (dimension in Eco	nomics and Busine	ess	
3.	Firm	s' locat	ion choice I.: Two	o input and one ou	put markets, exog	genous transport costs
4.			ion choice II.: En	dogenous transpo	rt costs and factor	r prices, simultaneous output
5.	Firm	s' locat	ion choice III.: Sp	patial competition		
6.	The	monoce	entric city model			
7.	Midt	erm ex	amination			
8.	Regi	onal de	velopment and g	rowth I.: Demand	and supply factors	S
9.	Regi	Regional development and growth II.: Endogenous and cumulative factors				ve factors
10.	Agglomeration, transport costs and increasing returns: Modeling spatial structure in Geographical Economics			spatial structure in		
11.	Chal	Illenges in regional development: Global competition and regional competitiveness				
12.	Regi	onal bu	siness networks	and industrial disti	ricts	

13.	Regional cluster development				
Semina	nr				
1.	Introduction	n			
2.	Measures o	f regional income, inequalities and concentration I.			
3.	Measures o	f regional income, inequalities and concentration II.			
4.	Student presentation I.				
5.	Measuring a	and estimating interregional trade			
6.	The method	dology of complex regional analyzes			
7.	Student pre	sentation II.			
8.	Regional inpetc.) I.	out-output tables – introduction, challenges, estimation and use (coefficients, trade,			
9.	Computer a	ided student exercises			
10.	Student presentation III.				
11.	Regional inpetc.) II.	out-output tables – introduction, challenges, estimation and use (coefficients, trade,			
12.	National holiday (1st May)				
13.	Student presentation IV.				
	<u> </u>	This course aims to provide students with the knowledge needed to understand the role of space in economics. The course targets that students (among others)			
Rationa Aims:	ale Including	 understand the reasons behind the development of spatial economic structures 			
		grasp the economic role and effects of localization and globalization			
		determine the causes behind city structure formation			
		appreciate the feedback from their peers and evaluators			
		Recognize the role of space in economics and business			
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge		Discuss the roles agglomeration, transport costs, market structure play in the development of spatial structures			
		Describe the most important factors behind firm locatiom			

	Demonstrate the ability to use empirical methodologies of regional analysis
	Prepare and deliver persuasive presentations
Learning	Analyze the development of spatial structures
Outcomes:	Articulate the value of space in economic growth
Skills	Use the vocabulary of regional economics and development
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	Theoretical knowledge is communicated through lectures. Selected chapters of the textbook as well as journal articles related to the lecture material are presented and discussed by students. Additionally, empirical methods of regional analysis are practiced in class.
	Class work (25%)
Assessment Scheme:	Midterm exam (25%)
Scheme.	Final exam (50%)
Further on	Student presentations will be evaluated equally based on the following three
Assessment:	criteria:
	- quality of the review
	- presentation style
	- own elaboration, thoughts
Core Learning	Philip McCann (2013) Modern urban and regional economics. Oxford University
Materials:	Press.
	Andy Pyke, Andrés Rodriguez-Pose, John Tomaney (2017) Local and Regional Development. Routledge, New York.
	Articles selected for the seminar:
	- Kemeny, Thomas – Michael Storper (2015): Is specialization good for regional economic development? Regional Studies, Vol. 49, No. 6, pp. 1003-1018.
	- Scott A. J Storper M. (2007): Regions, globalizations, development. Regional Studies Vol. 41, No. 1, pp. 579-593.
	- Cidell, Julie (2015): The role of major infrastructure in subregional economic development: an empirical study of airports and cities. Journal of Economic Geography, Vol. 15, No. 6, pp. 1125-1144.
	- McCann, Philip (2008): Globalization and Economic Geography: The World is Curved, Not Flat. Cambridge Journal of Regions, Economy and Society, Vol. 1, No. 3, pp. 351-370.

- Varga, Attila Horváth Márton (2014): Regional knowledge production function analysis, IN: Handbook of Research Methods and Applications in Economic Geography, Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd., pp. 511-543.
- Kondo, Keisuke Toshihiro Okubo (2015): Interregional labour migration and real wage disparities: Evidence from Japan, Papers in Regional Science, Vol. 57, No. 1, pp. 145-164.
- Franklin, Rachel David A. Plane (2004): A Shift-Share Method for the Analysis of Regional Fertility Change: An Application to the Decline in Childbearing in Italy, 1952–1991. Geographical Analysis Vol. 36, No. 1, pp. 1-20.
- Midmore, Peter Max Munday Annette Roberts (2006): Assessing Industry Linkages Using Regional Input – Output Tables. Regional Studies, Vol. 40, No. 3, pp. 329-343.

Further Reading Materials:

Brakman S, Garretsen, H, Marrewijk, C (2009) The new introduction to geographical economics. Cambridge University Press. Cambridge

Roberta Capello (2007) Regional Economics. Routledge, London and New York.

Mary Edwards (2007) Regional and Urban Economics and Economic Development. Taylor and Francis, New York.

John P. Blair, Michael C. Carrol (2009) Local Economic Development. Analysis, Practices and Globalization. Sage Publications, London.

		CO2E	ECTS Credit: 6			
Term:		fall		Level:		
Module Title:		ADVANCED MARKETING RESEARCH				
Module Leader:		Krisztián Szűc	es, PhD	Office Hours:	Monday, 3.00-4.00 pm	
Telephone:		+36-72-501-559/23115		E-mail:	szucsk@ktk.pte.hu	
Module Ass	istant:	Péter Németh		Office Hours:	Tuesday, 9.30-10.30 am	
Telephone:		+36-72-501-53	59/23129	E-mail:	nemeth.peter@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Descr	iption:	Research (MR	•	new business model	nging landscape of Marketing s, methods and also introduce	
		•		· ·	t be able to communicate with d carry out their own research	
		Discussing spe media to retail		vill help students to v	vork in several industries from	
Sessions (we	eeks): 15 ((1st week is regi	istration, week 8. is	break)		
Schedule is	tentative	and subject to	change. (L: lecture	e, S: seminar)		
1.	L: Introdu	action: context of Marketing Research				
4 th Sept	S: Business Problems Evaluations					
2.	L: Trends	in Marketing R	Research: Role of T	echnology		
11th Sept	S: Questic	onnaire development				
3.	L: Trends	in Marketing Research: Secondary Data 2.0				
18 th Sept	S: Pre-test	of the question	nnaire			
4.	L: Trends	in Marketing R	Research: Observati	ons, Neuromarketing	7	
25 th Sept	S: Field w	vork, the structure of SPSS				
5.	L: Trends	in Marketing Research: Online Qualitative Techniques			3	
2 nd Oct	S: Databas	se management	, SPSS functions			
6.	L: Trends	in Marketing Research: Online Quantitative Techniques				
9 th Oct	S: Databa	se management, SPSS functions				
7. 16 th Oct	L & S: Database management, importing a database, consistency analysis					
8. 23 rd Oct	FALL BREAK					
9.	L: Applied	d Marketing Re	esearch: Lifestyle &	Segmentation Research	arch	
30st Oct	S: Univari	ate statistical a	nalysis: frequency,	histograms		

10	L: Applie	d Marketing Research: Satisfaction Surveys	
10. 6 th Nov		·	
0 NOV	S: Univari	iate statistical analysis: mean values	
11.	L: Applie	d Marketing Research: Measuring Brand Performance	
13 th Nov	S: Multivariate statistical analysis: factor analysis		
12.	L: Applied Marketing Research: Media Research		
20 th Nov	S: Multiva	ariate statistical analysis: cluster analysis	
13.	L: Applie	d Marketing Research: Research in the Retail Industry	
27 th Nov	S: Present	ration techniques, chart development	
	l	Main objectives of the course are the following:	
Rationale l Aims:	Including	 define influencing factors, which shape marketing research projects introduce new methods, including observations, online techniques, etc. develop new business models for marketing research projects learn the industry standards in specific fields of marketing research analyse data with SPSS software 	
		Students will	
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge		 evaluate state-of-the-art research methodology, design different research projects based on case studies, briefs, identify applied fields of MR, construct approaches in order to optimize research outputs, demonstrate meaningful insights from empirical data. 	
		Participants will	
Learning Outcomes:		 perform in teams but also experience working individually, 	
Skills		- formulate their on viewpoints and critique others',	
Sims		 organize fieldwork and data analysis, evaluate their own competences and identify fields to be developed. 	
Teaching a Learning Strategies:		The course will be taught through lectures and seminars. Active participation is required during the classes. Real-life examples, case studies will be used and discussed in the lectures while empirical data analysis will happen in the seminars. Several guest lectures will be organized to the group during the semester.	
Assessmen Scheme:	t	Assessing students' performance is continuous in this course as they need to be prepared for every seminars and work with their own data. Students have to prepare team presentations for the seminars (50%). Lectures are interactive and students have to take part in an oral final exam (50%).	
Further on Assessmen		In order to pass the module a student must get at least 51% from all the three elements of the course assessment.	
Core Learning Materials:		Harrison, M., Cupman, J., Truman, O., & Hague, P. N. (2016). Market Research in Practice: An Introduction to Gaining Greater Market Insight. Kogan Page Publishers.	
Further Reading Materials:		Kaden, R. J., Linda, G., & Prince, M. (Eds.). (2011). <i>Leading Edge Marketing Research: 21st-Century Tools and Practices</i> . SAGE Publications.	
		Case studies and further reading materials will be available in Neptun's scene.	

Policy on attendance:

Class participation is the key to learning. Students are expected to attend at least 75% of classes and contribute to the class discussions. Please note that the quality of what you contribute (it can be a thoughtful question, some astute analysis, and/or some other meaningful contribution) will count far more than the quantity of your remarks. More "noise" does not equal higher score.

Participation grades will be given on the following basis:

- 5 Present, asking/answering questions, adding quality to the discussion, contribute to the direction of the discussion
- 4 Present, asking/answering questions, actively engaged
- 3 Present, listening, but not sharing ideas
- 2 Minimal engagement (not paying attention to the class, reading or sleeping in class). Unexcused or unnecessary absences
- 1 Regular no-shows. Failure to give valid reasons for multiple no-shows.

Please note that if you are in class but are not actively engaged nor share your ideas, your participation for that class is 3.

Policy on late arrival:

On time arrival ensures that classes are able to start and finish at the scheduled time. On time arrival shows respect for both fellow students and faculty and it enhances learning by reducing avoidable distractions. Arriving 10 minutes after the start of the class is not allowed as it will disturb in class work.

Academic misconduct:

All Students are expected to be honest in their academic work and to display integrity in the demonstration of their achieved competencies.

Cheating, which is the willful decision on the part of a student to be dishonest in the representation of his/her work, is unacceptable behavior.

Any academic dishonesty will be reported to the Program leader and will be assessed and acted upon following Rules and Regulations of the University of Pecs.

A zero for that exam or project will be entered for the grade.

Severe cases of academic dishonesty may include harsher penalties such as suspension.

Academic Integrity Definition and Expectations: Academic integrity is the pursuit of scholarly activity in an open, honest and responsible manner. Academic integrity is a basic guiding principle for all academic activity at University of Pecs, and all members of the University community are expected to act in accordance with this principle. Consistent with this expectation, the University's Code of conduct states that all students should act with personal integrity, respect other students' dignity, rights and property, and help create and maintain an environment in which all can succeed through the fruits of their efforts. Academic integrity includes a commitment not to engage in or tolerate acts of falsification, misrepresentation or deception. Such acts of dishonesty violate the fundamental ethical principles of the University community and compromise the worth of work completed by others.

Code	MAN	21202	ECTS Credit: 6		
Term:		fall			
Module Title:		PRODUCTION AND PROCESS MANAGEMENT			
Module Lead	der:	Zsuzsanna Hauck		Office Hours:	Tuesday 14.30-15.45
Telephone:		501-599/23153	3	E-mail:	hauckzs@ktk.pte.hu
Short Description:		Operations management deals with the efficient utilization of resources to produce products and services. OM plays a crucial role in achieving business strategy, as its sustainability is based mainly on outstanding operations capabilities that are not easy to copy.			
Sessions (we	eeks)				
1. week 3 rd Sept		fining operations ocess analysis.	management and o	perations strategy.	How to analyse cases.
2. week	De	signing products	and services.		
10 th Sept	Cas	ses: Benihana of	Tokyo, HBS 9-673-05	57	
		Fabritek Co	rporation, Harvard E	usiness School (HB	S) 669-004
3. week	De	veloping a produ	ction system, identi	ying bottlenecks	
17 th Sept	Cas	se: Scharffen Ber	ger Chocolate Make	r, HBS 9-606-043	
4. week	Bo	Bottlenecks and inventory build-up diagrams.			
24 th Sept	Cas	se: National Cran	berry Cooperative, I	HBS 9-688-122	
5. week	Ор	erations based s	trategies.		
1 st Oct	Cas	se: Alaska Airline	s, HBS, 9-800-004		
6. week	Ор	Operations based strategies II.			
8 th Oct	Cas	se: IKEA invades	America, HBS 9-504-	09410.00	
7. week 15 th Oct	Mid	lterm exam.			
8. week 22 th Oct	Fal	Fall break.			
9. week	Mai	Managing queues.			
29 th Oct	Cas	ase: University Health Services: Walk-in-clinic, HBS 9-681-061			
10. week 5 th Nov	Con	trolling supply cl	nains and the optima	Il level of product a	vailability
	Cas	es: Wal-Mart, Ive	y Business School, 9	07D01	
	Bari	Barilla SpA (A), HBS 9-694-046			

11. week 12 th Nov	SCM Business Game: The beer game (MIT)	
12. week	Developing service systems I.	
19 th Nov	Case: Southwest Airlines in Baltimore, HBS 9-602-156	
13. week	Developing service systems II.	
26 th Nov	Case: Toyota Motor Manufacturing. USA, Inc, HBS 1-693-019	
14. week 3 rd Dec	Final examination.	
Rationale Including Aims	The source of success at the majority of top companies is inevitably based on outstanding products and/or efficient operations processes. Thus operations is one of the most important functions in a company. Additionally, any activity that has outcome is a process, and the knowledge and skills provided by operations management can be applied in many other functional areas as well. Thus the programme aims 1) to provide students with enhanced and deepened knowledge and skills to equip them for a carrier in a diverse range of business organisations, 2) develop the students' competence in applying a range of business and management skills to the practice of management, 3) develop the critical and analytical powers of the students in relation to management, 4) develop critical and analytical problem-based learning and the transferable skills to prepare the student for graduate employment, 5) enhance the development of the students' existing skills base, allowing for a cumulative learning experience.	
Learning	On completion of this course, successful students will be able to demonstrate	
Outcomes:	 critical insights into the role of operations in the value creation process; 	
Knowledge	 synthesised knowledge to recognize the different operating systems required to solve complex business problems; in-depth and critical knowledge and understanding of theoretical and 	
	 conceptual grounding in operations management; critical evaluation of situations in the globalized business environment with special emphasis on supply chain management; consolidate, evaluate, select programmes to improve operational capabilities of the firm. (Heizer and Render (2011) define around one hundred learning objectives of operations management); identify strategic approaches to competitive advantage; understand the significance of key success factors and core competencies; understanding the necessity of simultaneous product and process development, identifying those process characteristics that provide product features required to compete. 	
Learning	On completion of this course the successful student will be able to	
Outcomes:	9. work efficiently and effectively both as an individual and as a member of a	
Skills	team; 10. communicate and present an argument in the improvement process; 11. deliver products and services effectively in timely manner at the required quantity and quality; 12. synthesise, design and control operating systems, making long, medium and short term decisions; Referring to Heizer et al. (2017) again some important skills that can be gained by attaining at this course are the ability to	

	13. identify bottlenecks of complex processes to make effective decisions in investments, to calculate productivity, to design and produce products and services with outstanding quality and inherent customer value, to attain the exceptional value that is consistent with the company mission and marketing objectives by close attention to design, procurement, production, and field service opportunities, to determine, design, and produce the production process and equipment that will be compatible with low-cost product, high quality, and a good quality of work life at economical cost, to collaborate with suppliers to develop innovative products from stable, effective and efficient sources of supply, to provide a good quality of work life, with well designed, safe, rewarding jobs (see for example cases like Benihana of Tokyo, Alaska Airlines).
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	Continuous learning is required. The learning process is checked at each class through presentation, case discussions and problem solving. Students acquire knowledge and skills through individual learning, working in groups, participation in business games, and working in teams to solve business problems and cases.
Assessment Scheme:	Students' knowledge, understanding and skills are assessed by individual and group coursework, presentations, performance in business games, and examinations. Classroom work: 15%
	Midterm exam: 15% Final exam: 70%
Essential/Core Learning Materials:	 Harvard Business School cases identified above; Appropriate chapters of Heizer, Jay – Render, Barry – Munson, Chuck (2017): Operations Management: Sustainability and Supply Chain Management, 12th editition (Global Edition), Pearson Krajewski, L. J Malhotra, M Ritzman, L. (2019): Operations management: processes and supply chains, 12th edition, Pearson
Recommended/O ptional Learning Material:	 Chopra, Sunil – Meindl, Peter (2019): Supply Chain Management, 6th edition, Pearson Slack, Nigel – Brandon-Jones, Alistair - Johnston, Robert (2016): Operations Management, 8th edition, Prentice Hall

Code		ECTS Credit: 6			
Module Title	:	INTERCULTURAL BUSINESS COMMUNICATION			
Term:		fall			
Module Leader	:	Edit Bányai PhD	Office Hours:	Tuesday 11.00-12.00	
Telephone:			E-mail:	banyai.edit@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description	on:	The module is based on three pillars: culture, (business) communication and intercultural aspects of communication. The objectives are to improve knowledge about the nature of intercultural (business) communication with emphasis on intercultural business talks, and to develop skills in identifying pitfalls in cross-cultural communication, avoiding misunderstandings and conflicts through cultural intelligence.			
Sessions (wee	ks)				
1.		oduction to the semester program. Creat ectations. Team formation. Clarification o	=		
	The	nature of intercultural business commur	nication.		
2.	Wha	at is culture? Culture and communication	ı.		
	Cult	ural differences in communication.			
3.	Busi	iness Communication Types. Oral and non verbal communication patterns.			
4.	Busi	ness Communication Types. Written communication patterns.			
5.	Cult	tural Shock			
6.	Glob	obal etiquette			
7.	Busi	siness and social customs			
8.	Inte	rcultural negotiation Process. Persuasion	n. Decision-making.		
9.	Inte	rcultural negotiation components. The g	reat negotiator.		
10.	Deve	evelopment of Negotiation skills.			
11.	Pres	Presentations.			
12.	Presentations. Closing session: lessons of the module. final evaluation				
Rationale Including Aims: The aim of the course is to develop the students' competence in solving intercult communication tasks, especially in business negotiations. The course intends to develop knowledge of the student in relation to cultural differences, cultural intelligence and them in applying their knowledge to avoid cultural misunderstandings, conflicts and to able to negotiate successfully in intercultural environments. The course will enhance development of the students' existing communication skills. The modules aim is to prostudents with enhanced and deepened knowledge and skills to equip them for internation activities.		e course intends to develop the standard intelligence and help erstandings, conflicts and to be so. The course will enhance the The modules aim is to provide			

Learning Outcomes: Knowledge	By the end of this module successful students will be able to understand why people from other cultures in certain situations behave in a surprising way, how culture impacts communication, and how intercultural communication works. They will understand the role of values and attitudes in (intercultural) communication, they will be able to identify the cultural differences in time management, in relation to the individual and to group, in problem solving, in making decisions, and in taking responsibility. They will learn how to analyse intercultural communication situations.
Learning Outcomes: Skills	The students will acquire the skills of making appropriate preparations for managing intercultural business situations, especially business negotiations with counterparts from other cultures, and of continuous improvement of their cultural intelligence. They will be able to apply the theories and practices relative to intercultural business activities. The module also has the objective to develop communications skills, both speaking and writing, and the skills of presentation.
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	This module will be taught through lectures, video and case study material and other assigned readings. It puts emphases on teamwork, on student presentations and interactive discussions. Students are expected to read the material before class since active participation in class discussions is a requirement. A high emphasis is placed on participation in simulation exercises with subsequent coaching and feedback by both the teacher as an instructor as well as fellow classmates. Each exercise consists of an activity designed to get students thinking about, practicing, and discussing communication skills.
Assessment Scheme:	 1 Final Examination 40 % (There is one resit opportunity) Written Assessment (individual): 10 % (Late written assessments lose 40 % of the obtained scores.) Course Work, Class Participation 50% group work (35 %) individual class room activity (15 %) Students must pass all of these elements to be deemed to have passed the module! (you have to achieve a minimum of 51% of each element to pass it) Bonus points: max. 10 During the semester students can earn 10 extra points with active participation and meaningful comments. They can get max. 2 points per class. It will be only considered if the student reaches 51 % from the total score.
Further on Assessment:	Final exam is a written, closed book exam based on the topics covered during the semester exam (Lessons and the book listed in the core learning materials.) Presentation Requirements: The purpose of this assignment is to study and practice the process of social interaction by creating and delivering an oral group presentation, and giving feedback. The presentation needs to be a group effort. The list of topics will be available on the Neptun.
Core Learning Materials:	Lillian Chaney, Jeanette Martin (2014): Intercultural Business Communication, 6th Edition, Pearson, ISBN: 9780132971270, 0132971275, Chapters: 1., 3-11. Gelfand, M.J. – Brett, J.M.: The Handbook of Negotiation and Culture. Stanford University Press, Stanford 2004 Part one: Chapters 3., 4., 5. Part two: Chapters 6., 7. at http://www.unice.fr/crookall-cours/iup-cult/ docs/ Gelfand%202004%20Handbook%20of%20Negotiation%20and%20 Culture.pdf

	The International Negotiations Handbook. Success Through Preparation, Strategy, and Planning. A Joint Project from Baker & McKenzie and The Public International Law & Policy Group (2007) at
	https://static1.squarespace.com/static/5900b58e1b631bffa367167e/t/59f35bdd692670b
	730f26ac6/1509120994315/International%2BNegotiations%2BHandbook++%281%29.pdf
	Slides of the lectures
Optional	Bovee, Thill (2019): Business Communication Essentials: Fundamental Skills for the Mobile-
Ориона	
I a a mailia m	Digital-Social Workplace, 8th Edition, Peason, ISBN-13: 9780134729572
Learning	
Material:	Primecz, H. – Romani, L. – Sackmann, S.: Cross-Cultural Management in Practice. Edward Elgar Publishing. 2011
	Maude, B.: Managing Cross-Cultural Communication. Palgrave Macmillan, 2011
	Christopher W. Moore and. Peter J. Woodrow(): Handbook of global and
	multicultural negotiation / at http://blogs.unpad.ac.id/teddykw/files/2012/06/Handbook-
	of-Global-and-Multicultural-Negotiation-Christopher-Moore.pdf
	Baker & McKenzie and PILPG: The International Negotiation Handbook. 2007.
	http://www.bakermckenzie.com/files/Uploads/Documents/Supporting%20Your%20Busin
	ess/Featured%20Services/bk internationalnegotiationshandbook dec07.pdf
	css/r cutured/0203cr vices/ bit internationalnegotiationshanabook accor.par
	Day, Jeremy: International Negotiations. Cambridge University Press, 2012
	Gesteland, R. Cross-cultural Business Behaviour. Copenhagen Business School Press •
	Universitetsforlaget, 2012
	http://www.bogerogpapir.dk/productsamples/9788763099356.pdf
	Titter // Titt Titloger og papir taky production i presj 570070505550.pdr

Code			ECTS Credit: 6		
Term:	•	fall		Level:	2
Module	Title: ENTREPRENEURIAL FINANCE				
Module	Leader:		Dr. Monika Kuti, PhD assistant professor		TBA
Telepho	one:	+36-72/501-59	99, 23124	E-mail:	kutim@ktk.pte.hu
Short Descrip	otion:	On the course we examine how to raise funds for different phases in entrepreneurial growth. The course will navigate you through a wide range of financing forms, including crowdfunding, business angels, VCs, bank finance and the importance of financial flexibility. You will learn how to develop your own crowdfunding campaign on pecs.hubbub.net. Advanced valuation techniques will also be addressed to enhance your understanding of value creation. FinTech revolution will also be revealed for you so that you can think in terms of technological innovation available for entrepreneurs.			
Session	ns (weeks)	: 14			
Schedu		tive and subject			
1.		entrepreneurial f	inance		
2.	Cash flow	management			
3.	Crowdfun	ding and open so	ource innovation		
4.	Character	istics of donation-, reward-, equity- and debt-based crowdfunding			
5.	Equity fina	ancing: angels, VCs, private equity			
6.	Bank finar	nance and covenant design			
7.	Financial o	al distress and financial failure			
8.	Fall break	preak			
9.	Advanced	nced techniques for enterprise valuation			
10.	Risk management and hedging tools for entrepreneurs				
11.	Financial flexibility				
12.	Access to sustainable finance for socially responsible entrepreneurs				
13.	FinTech and technological disruption in finance				
14.	Presentation of crowdfunding campaign developed on pecs.hubbub.net				
	 To become familiar with the different forms of finance available for different investment needs during entrepreneurial life cycle To grasp information asymmetry problems of financiers. To know the structure and the logic of business valuation. To understand the difference between the motives of finance providers. To be able to determine the main drivers of the value creation. To know how to communicate to different investors. To work with others within a team. 			nciers. luation. s of finance providers. lue creation.	

Learning Outcomes: Knowledge	 Discuss the importance how to make relevant financing decisions for entrepreneurship and innovation. Recognize the difference between theory and practice of entrepreneurial finance. Describe the mechanics of fundraising. Demonstrate the ability to participate effectively as a team member or leader. Prepare and deliver persuasive presentations. 		
Learning Outcomes: Skills	 Analyze pros and cons of any financing alternatives. Articulate the level of financial flexibility. Identify and assess crowdfunding opportunities and campaign quality. Use the risk management techniques as an entrepreneur. 		
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	The lectures, readings, exercises and projects challenge you to think critically about the fundraising options open for entrepreneurs. Learning-based crowdfunding will be a new teaching method to build relevant competences and to foster group work. You can raise funds directly to your business ideas via pecs.hubbub.net. Professionals will be invited to discuss finance related issues and to contract theory with reality. For group assignment you will have to formulate groups of 3 on the first week.		
Assessment Scheme:	Boostrapping plan, crowdfunding campaign development, matching VC ventur selection criteria – 40% Credit analysis and bankruptcy prediction – 20% Valuation techniques – 20% Risk analysis – 10% Class participation – 10%		
Further on Assessment:	Class participation will be assessed on your contribution to class discussions.		
Core Learning Materials:	 Rogers, S, Makonnen, R. (2014): Entrepreneurial finance. McGraw-Hill Education. Smith, J. K; Smith, R. L.; Bliss, R. T. (2011): Entrepreneurial Finance. Strategy Value and Deal Structure. Stanford University Press Arner, Douglas W. and Barberis, Janos Nathan and Buckley, Ross P., The Evolution of Fintech: A New Post-Crisis Paradigm? (October 1, 2015). University of Hong Kong Faculty of Law Research Paper No. 2015/047. Available at SSRN http://ssrn.com/abstract=2676553 Articles and case studies published on Neptun MeetStreet 		

Code	M17VZB01E ECTS Credit: 6				
Term:		fall		Level:	MASTER
Module 7	le Title: PROJECT MANAGEMENT				
Module L	_eader:	Dr. Ákos Jarja	ibka, PhD	Office Hours:	agreed with students
Lecturer		Dr. Norbert Si	pos, PhD	Office Hours	Thuesday 11:00-12:15 B221
Telephor	ne:	+36-72-501-5	59/23369	E-mail:	sipos.norbert@ktk.pte.hu
The importance of the projects is undoubtedly high in nowadays be management. It is due to two reasons: on the one hand, it is a key to success realization and implementation of non-operationalizable and big volumed pro On the other hand, it is an essential financial source to those project proposals with the main priorities of the European Union. The course aims to clar students possible cooperation between general management and management. The course helps to get familiar with the concept of project, megaprojunderstand their role in portfolio management, program management, management and organizational project management. The learning project management software.		id, it is a key to success of the ole and big volumed problems. those project proposals in line ne course aims to clarify for management and project of project, megaproject to ogram management, project ent. The learning process is			
Sessions	s (weeks)): 14 (1 st week i	s registration, 7 th	week is break)	
The sche	edule is t	entative and s	ubject to change).	
1.	Chapter 1				
(date)	Why Project Management. Formation of student project teams. Familiarization with the Microsoft Teams project management software.				
2.	Chapter 2				
(date)	The Organ	nizational contex	t: strategy, structu	re and culture	
3.	Chapter 3				
(date)	Project se	lection and portf	folio management		
4.	Chapter 4				
(date)	Leadershi	p and the project	t management		
5.	Chapter 5				
(date)	Scope Management. Validation of formed Project teams' idea.				
6.	Chapter 6				
(date)	Risk mana	agement			
7. (date)	Break				
8.	Chapter 8				
(date)	Cost estin	nation and budge	eting		

9.	Midterm report				
(date)	Student presentation of the project proceedings				
10	Chapter 9-10				
10. (date)	Project scheduling: network, duration, estimation, critical path, lagging, crashing, activity				
	network				
11.	Chapter 1.	1			
(date)	Advanced	topics in planning and scheduling: agile and critical chain			
12.	Chapter 1.	2			
(date)	Resource	management			
13.	Chapter 1.	3-14			
(date)	Project ev	aluation and control, closeout and termination			
14.	Final repo	rt			
(date)	Student p	resentation of the projects			
Rationa Includi	onale uding Aims: To integrate general management approach with the unique characteristics of project management and to show students how to handle projects in and out of an entrepreneurial context.				
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge Log the suc pro ma		The following techniques and methods will be discussed: SMART, PDCA, CPM, MPM, Logframe-matrix, Gantt diagram, scope/problem tree, project force field, etc. From the organizational side, different elements are influencing the success of the project such as organizational factors, stakeholders and governance, project team and project life-cycle. We will determine project typology, then further evaluate project management processes, with emphasis on integration, scope, time, quality, cost, risk and human resource management.			
Learnir Outcor Skills	_	The following skills will be developed: teamwork autonomy in problem identification, problem analysis and solution analytical and synthetic skills communication conflict management creative and innovative thinking team-based learning precision system-based decision strategy use of the trello project management software			

In the first two weeks, we will focus on the principal elements of the projects with a fewer emphasis on teamwork; then it will be the primary framework of teaching. Each week there will be time spent with: theories, cases, discussion, and practical exercises. Every element is essential to achieve course objectives. Therefore it is expected from Teaching and the students to read the relevant textbook chapter in advance to be able to discuss Learning the content. Strategies: The students have to create a full project proposal by the end of the course. Their progress with this task will be controlled two times during the course (First at validation of the team's idea, the second time at the midterm report), They have to hand in a final report at the end of the semester. This structure ensures that students face the different problems of project management step by step and allows them to develop the necessary skills and knowledge incrementally. Students have to present the reports in a simulated situation which requires different readiness and presentation strategy. 1. *Project validation – 10%* Assessment 2. *Mid-term report – 30%* Scheme: *Final presentation – 50%* 10% for solving case studies Further on Project validation – 10% (max. 5 page long project proposal, 10 minutes of presentation in front of a Board Management, situation simulation or separate consultation Assessment: with the professor) *Mid-term report* – 30% (min. 20 page long project proposal, 20 minutes of presentation in front of an extended management with participants of different functional areas, simulated situation) Final report – 50% (min. 40 page long final project proposal, 20 minutes of presentation, 10 minutes of Q&A, extended management and involving external professionals, simulated situation). 10% can be earned by solving book embedded case studies. Textbook: **Core Learning** Materials: Pinto, J. K.: Project Management: Achieving Competitive Advantage, 4th ed., 2016. ISBN-13: 9781292094793 Project Management Institute: A Guide to the Project Management Body of **Further Reading** Materials: Knowledge, 5th ed., 2013., ISBN-13: 978-1935589679 At maximum 3 absences are allowed during the semester. Policy on attendance: At maximum 5 minutes of late arrival will be allowed three times in a semester. Policy on late arrival: More than 5 minutes of late arrival is equal to an absence. It is required to solve every exercise based on own work, it is not allowed any form Academic misconduct: of plagiarism.

Year 2 (spring + fall)

Code	M17VFB05E E	ECTS Credit: 6		
Module Title:	BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE			
Term	spring	spring		
Module Leader:	Dr. Ferenc Kruzslicz, PhD).	Sessions	
Telephone:	+36-72/501-599, 23113		E-mail:	kruzslic@ktk.pte.hu
Short Description:	Business Intelligence generally is about how decision making processes can be improved through various interaction with data. The course focuses on data analytics application of internal and external enterprise data sources. The course structure follows the steps of the industrial standard CRISP-DM methodology. After a concise introduction to the data warehouse and the multidimensional data model, the typical data mining task are detailed. The semester is dedicated to predictive modeling tools, followed by frequently used descriptive models. These issues are illustrated by real world examples with special emphasis given to Machine Learning. Related case studies are discussed and solved by recent data mining softwares as hands-on experimentation with algorithms.			
Sessions (weeks)	: 14 (7 th week is break) So	chedule is tentative	and subject t	o change.
1. week	RA: 1 st part of BInDM chapter 1 & BInDM chapter 12 Introduction (BI Terminology, Big Data)			
2. week	RA: 1 st part of BInDM chapter 4 & BInDM chapter 13 Data (Data Quality, Data Modeling Primer, CRISP-DM)			
3. week	RA: 2 nd part of BInDM chapter 1 & BInDM chapter 3 Exploring Data (Visualization, Data Warehouses, OLAP Operations)			
4. week	RA: 2 nd part of BInDM chapter 4 Data Analytics (Data Mining, Data Preprocessing, Data Cleaning)			
5. week	RA: BInDM chapter 5 Classification Model (Nearest-Neighbor Classifier, Decision Tree Classifiers, Decision Borders)			

	RA: 1 st part of PAnDM chapter 4
6. week	Classification Evaluation
	(Validation, Performance Metrics, Overfitting)
7. week	Break
7. WCCR	No class this week
	RA: 2 nd part of PAnDM chapter 4
8. week	Statistical Classification
	Bayesian Classifier, Rules based Classifiers
9. week	RA: BInDM chapter 7
	Machine Learning
	Artificial Neural Networks and Applications
10. week	RA: BInDM chapter 9
	Association analysis
	(Frequent Itemset, Association Rule Generation, Performance Measures)
11. week	RA: BInDM chapter 8
	Segmentation
	(Prototype, Hierarchical Clustering Methods)
12. week	RA: PAnDM chapter 7
	Segmentation Evaluation
	(Model evaluation, Density Based Clustering, DBSCAN and SOM)
13. week	RA: BInDM chapter 10 & BInDM chapter 11
	Unstructured Data
	(Text Mining, Web Mining, Sentiment Analysis)
14. week	Project presentations
	Midterm test
Rationale	Achieving the course students will recognize data analytics aspects and
Including Aims:	requirements of business intelligence problems. They will be able to actively
	manage and efficiently participate in data mining projects. Additionally to
	understanding of popular data mining techniques students have knowledge to identify advantages and limitations of these tools. Based on their solid practical
	skills using data mining softwares students can perform powerful data analysis, or
	build and implement automated applications.

	Diffe and a first to the second secon
Learning	Differentiate traditional and data mining tasks.
Outcomes:	Recognize data warehouse and data minig functionalities.
Knowledge	Able to follow knowledge discovery methodologies.
Kilowieuge	Describe data mining primitives, languages, and system architectures
	Define current state and requirements in data mining research.
	Sense on security and social issues of data mining.
	Understand the foundation of machine learning and its various learning strategies.
Learning	Apply data preprocessing techniques to improve data quality.
Outcomes:	Use data mining software and understand its process flow.
Skills	Able to scale the known techniques on large databases.
Skiiis	Perform standard analytics (classification, rule generation, anomaly detection).
	Match business problems to appropriate analytic tasks.
Teaching and	Theoretical foundations strictly follow the text book. Reading assessments are
Learning	short quizzes used for measuring the preparation level. Presentations and other
Strategies:	supplementary course materials are provided. In class the selected topic is
	discussed and small scale illustrative examples and exercises are solved. The
	corresponding computer lab exercises are simulated data mining projects of
	different fields and real data sets. Students have to read the case study and do the
	basic data exploratory steps in advance, and group work is allowed. Along with the
	course progresses less detailed instructions are given and the data analytic goals
	are getting more ambiguous. Midterm exams based on similar exam cases, where
	students have to understand and build a working model on computer, evaluate it,
	and interpret the results.
Assessment	Reading assessment: 15%
Scheme:	The same of the sa
	Group problem solving: 15%
	Midterm test: 35%
	Final exam: 35%
	Reading assessment (RA): Each quiz is based on the weekly topic and available online. Before class reading tests contain 5 questions about the current book chapter. (Not available in exam course.)
	Group problem solving (GPS): Groups of 3-4 students work on small case studies, and submit they solutions to 5 questions on a weekly bases. (Not available in exam course.)
	Midterm tests: A practice focused exam case must be solved using the computer. Any kind of additional resources are allowed to use, except communication. Midterm resit opportunity is scheduled at the first week of the exam period.
	Final exam: Students have to answer questions in written form from selected parts of the core materials of the course. The exam may contain end of chapter exercises.

Core Learning	[BInDM] Anil Maheshwari: Business Intelligence and Data Mining (Big Data and
Materials:	Business Analytics) Business Expert Press 2014, (1st Edition) ISBN: 978-1631571206,
	pp. 180
	[PAnDM] Bala Deshpande, Vijay Kotu: Predictive Analytics and Data Mining (Concepts and Practice with RapidMiner) Morgan Kaufmann Publishing 2014, (1 st Edition) ISBN: 978-0128014608, pp. 446
Optional	Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, Anuj Karpatne: Introduction to
Learning	Data Mining, Pearson 2012, (2 nd Edition) ISBN: 978-0-13-312890-1, pp. 792
Material:	Markus Hofmann, Ralf Klinkenberg: RapidMiner: Data Mining Use Cases and Business Analytics Applications, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2013 ISBN: 1482205491, pp. 525

Module Title:	E-COMMERCE				
Lecturer:	Katalin ATANAZOVNÉ HARTUNG	Office Hours:	B121		
			discussed via email		
Term:	spring	ECTS	6		
Telephone:	72/501-500/23145	E-mail:	hartungk@ktk.pte.hu		
Short Description:	The course offers an overview of modern enterprise information system introduces patterns and solutions in e-Business and e-Commerce, relating modern the business attitude towards using new ICT technologies. Lectures, articles case studies help to understand basic ideas, theories and methodologies. Studies work individually and also in teams to investigate real world cases and to creat analytical reports on discussed facts.				
Sessions (weeks):				
1- sept 3	Introduction, course requirement.				
	Introduction to E-commerce. Laudon: chapter 1				
2- sept 10	E-commerce infrastructure. Laudon: chapter 2				
	1Article: Bradbury D (2014): Unveiling the dark web. Network Security,04				
	Case study 1+ Home assignment 1				
3- sept 17	Building an E-commerce presence Laudon: chapter 3				
	2Article: Zhou L et al (2018): Percieved information transparancy in B2C e-commerce: An empirical investigation. Information&Management 55, 912-927				
	Case study 2+ Home assignment 2				
4- sept 24	E-commerce security and payment systems Laudon: chapter 4				
	3Article: Barkatullah A H (2018): Does self-regualtion provide legal protection and security to e-commerce consumers? Eletronic Commerce Research and Applications 30, 94-101				
	Case study 3+ Home assignment 3				
5- oct 1	E-commerce business strategies <i>Laudon: chapter 5</i>				
	4Article: Brozowska A, Bubel D (2015): E-business as a new trend in the economy. Procedia Computer Science 65, 1095-1104				
	Case study 4+ Home assignment 4				
6- oct 8	E-commerce marketing and advertising Laudon: chapter 6				
	5Article: Hudák M, Kianickova E, Madlenak R (2017): The importance of e-mail marketing in e-commerce. Procedia Engineering 192, 342-347				
	Case study 5+ Home assignment 5				
7- oct 15	Midterm exam				
	I .				

8- oct 22	Automn break: no class			
9- oct 29	Social, mobile, and local marketing Laudon: chapter 7			
	uest lecturer: László Csóka on googleAds			
	ase study 6 + Home assignment 6			
10- nov 5	Ethics, law, and e-commerce Laudon: chapter 8			
	Article: Srinivas, Das, Cumar (2019): Government regulations in cyber security: ramework, standards and recommendations. Future Generation Computer Systems 2, 178-188.			
	ase study 7 + Home assignment 7			
11- nov 12	Online media Laudon: chapter 9			
	Article: Li C-Y, Ku Y-C (2018): The power of thumbs-up: Will e-commerce switch to cial commerce? Information&Management 55, 340-357			
	Case study 8+ Home assignment 8			
12- nov 19	E-commerce retailing and services <i>Laudon: chapter 11</i>			
	Article: Nisar T M, Prabhakar G (2017): What factors determine e-satisfaction and insumer spending in e-commerce retailing? Journal of Retailing and Consumer ervices 39, 135-144			
	uest lecturer Máté Knausz, head of marketing department of Tom Market + Home ssignment 9			
13- nov 26	B2B E-commerce Laudon: chapter 12			
	Jack Ma keynote speach: E-commerce in China			
	Home assignment 10			
14- dec 3	Final exam			
Aims:	e-Solutions are found everywhere as companies realize the need for preserving / enhancing competitiveness. Globalization progress and the worldwide economic crisis demonstrated the power of new ICT solutions in innovation, in interoperability, in efficiency. Even public and non-profit sector starts using Web 2.0 and 4.0 solutions, mobile systems, etc. Business managers have to be aware of the real background of these "buzzword-techniques", usability, costs and benefits when creating new business strategies.			
Learning	On successful completion of this module, the student will be able to demonstrate			
Outcomes: Knowledge	1. in-depth and critical knowledge of modern terms of corporate information systems;			
	2. in-depth and critical knowledge of strategic role of business decision support via ICT, the origin of inter-corporation e-technologies, the emerge of e-commerce: models, techniques from planning to sales and analysis;			

	3. in depth and critical knowledge of more terms of e-Commerce processes: eSCM, eHR, eCRM, sharing economy. Ideas and frames for creating eBusiness and eCommerce strategies;			
	4. synthesis of different concepts in eCommerce through case studies.			
Learning	On successful completion of this module, the student will be able to			
Outcomes: Skills	1. collect, find and critically analyze relevant data, information, statistics of this business progress			
	2. critically analyze existing business models through online investigation.			
	3. create small reports on specific models and solutions based on real business case synthesizing theoretical material and ideas;			
	4. create small cost/benefit analyses to synthesize models in SME environment;			
	5. evaluate options for management action.			
Teaching ar Learning Strategies:	Students face at short lectures with a textbook background. According to MSc level requirements, a large emphasis is put on reading analytic reports and discussing small classroom-cases. As we have a weekly labwork time, first individuals, then small teams can work on smaller problems (data collection, analysis, summary and presentation) and on creating a larger business availability report, using the learnt terms, models and processes.			
	This module builds on the theoretical and methodological foundation provided by Information Systems, Quantitative Methods and Marketing.			
Assessment Scheme:	Students are working in team with 2-4 members'. Scores are divided within the team.			
	Teams work: first on "Classwork-type" short tasks in situ, then on larger "Projectwork" assignments. All lab classes have student pre-presentations by the teams on a given topic.			
	Team Projectwork #1 (classroom case studies+home assignments /2% each/, max 20%)			
	Team Projectwork #2 (team presentation of an article, 10%)			
	Team Projectwork #3 (analysis of a selected company's online activity, 12%) Late assignments automatically attract a 40% penalty against your score, unless there are exceptional circumstances approved by the instructor.			
	Midterm exam (18%).			
	An unseen final, discussion-type written exam (40%, 2 hours long), based on textbook chapters (lectures), articles and on discussed business cases.			
	Fail under 51%, Poor - 65%, Fair - 75, Good - 85% Excellent - above.			
	Absence is accepted up to 25% of the course.			
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Core Learning	Lauden, KC: E-commerce 2019. Business. Technology. Society. Pearson Education Limited, 2019.			
Materials:	Lecture notes and hand-over case texts and articles.			
Recom-mended	Martínez-López, F.J.: Handbook of Strategic e-Business Management. Springers, 2014.			
	Laudon, KC – Laudon, JP: Management Information Systems, Prentice, 1997			
	F. Hoque: e-Enterprise. Business Models, Architecture, Cambridge Univ. Press 2000.			
	Hartman – Sifonis: Net Ready: Strategies for Success in the E-Economy, McGraw-Hill, 2001			

Code	M17V	/FA05E ECTS Credit: 6			
Module Title:		APPLIED VENTURE VALUATION			
Term:		spring			
Module Leader:		Dr. András Takács, Habil, PhD. Associate professor Office Hours:		Wednesday 8:00-09:00	
Telephone:		+36-72/501-599	72/501-599, 23277 E-mail :		takacsandras@ktk.pte.hu
Short Descriptio	thort The objective of this course is to discuss the content of financial state coming from international accounting systems (US GAAP, IFRS), and then up students' ability to appropriately select and apply different valuation and thus to determine the intrinsic value of any company, with a special the International Valuation Standards (IVS).		AAP, IFRS), and then to build different valuation methods		
Sessions (Sessions (weeks): 14				
1-2.	The structure and content of financial statements, the main valuation rules and the presentation of transactions under the Hungarian Accounting System (HAS), structure and content of financial statements under the US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (US GAAP) and under the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).				
3.	Consolidated statements, the process of consolidation.				
4.	The necessity of company valuation. Basic principles.				
5.	Analysis of financial statements based on financial ratios.				
6.	Midterm exam. Net asset-based methods: liquidation value, book value, substantial value.				
7.	Valuation with multiples. Discounted Earnings and Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) methods.				
8.	Combined methods. Discounts applied in valuation. Value added based methods. Comparison of different valuation techniques. Choosing the right method.				
9-10.	International Valuation Standards 2017 (IVS 2017).				
10.	Guest lecture.				
11.	Discussion of valuation problems based on IVS 2017.				
1213.	Working out students' own valuation tool.				
14.	Summary of the semester, practicing for the final exam.				

<mark>Code</mark>	M17VF	B04E	ECTS Credit	<mark>6</mark>	
Term:	spring			Level: 6	
Module Tit	le:	TUTORIAL: S	TART-UP DEVE	OPMENT	
Module		Dr. Zsolt BEDŐ,	PhD.	Office	Monday: 0800-1000
Leader:		Assistant profes	sor	Hours:	
Telephone	•	72 501 599/234			zsoltbedo@ktk.pte.hu
		This course is the continuation of the Entrepreneurship and Business Mo		p and Business Model	
		Generation course. In that you have created a business model around a socio-			
		economic problem, you have partly validated it on your target market, but an in			
Short		depth analysis, validation design and implementation was not pursued. The objective			
		of this course is to take you through this in depth process in a very practical way in			
Description	า:	order to allow y	ou to implement yo	our product/service	. In this implementation
		process the crea	ation of an MVP wil	I be necessary for y	ou to be able to receive
			•		roughout the course you will
		-			ve using all the tools you have
		acquired in the	framework of the IE		
Sessions (v					
The syllabu	ıs is tentat	ive and subject t	to change.		
	Introducin	g the course, tall	king about entrepre	eneurship	
1. (02.07.)	Video disc	scussion: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BErt2qRmoFQ			
	Video disc	4331011. <u>11(1)3.77 W</u>	ww.youtube.com/	water: v-bertzgiti	101 Q
	Assignmei	nt:			
2.	Field trip:	3D Center of the	University of Pecs		
(02.13.			,		
11:00-	How can 3	D technology he	lp solving problems	3	
14:00)					
	What is de	esign thinking? D	esign thinking prac	tice.	
	Video disc	ussion: https://w	/ww.youtube.com/	watch?v=sR6P5Qdv	<u>/lnk</u>
3. (02.21.)	Assignmo	n+•			
3. (02.21.)	Assignifici				
	Create you	ur 50 element Bug list			
	Select a Bug you want to solve and evaluate it. (5%)				
	Problem – solution fit. How do you know that the problem you found is the problem of many?				
	What is the value proposition of your solution?				
4. (02.28.)	Video discussion: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bEusrD8g-dM				
	Assignment: Finalize the value proposition of your solution. (5%)				

	Who is your target audience? Who are the people you will talk to first and why? How are you
	going to scale your project up? How are you going to form your first hypothesis?
	Video discussion: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WAuDCOI9qrk
5. (03.07.)	Assignment:
	Finalize you personas.
	Generate the list of your hypothesis.
	Go out and start experimenting. (5%)
	Discussion on the business model and on the Lean business model canvas.
6. (03.14.)	Video discussion: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mtjatz9r-Vc
•	Assignment:
	Finalize your Lean and business model canvas.
	Build your system of hypothesis. (5%)
	Show, don't discuss. What is an MVP ? How will your MVP take you closer to better
	experimentation? Build you MVP.
7. (03.21.)	Video discussion:
	https://www.ted.com/talks/navi_radjou_creative_problem_solving_in_the_face_of_extreme_li
	<u>mits</u>
	You should have the right side of your business model (1) hypothesized and (2) validated with
8. (03.28.)	the use of your MVPs.
	Video discussion:
	https://www.ted.com/talks/bill_gross_the_single_biggest_reason_why_startups_succeed?lang
	<u>uage=en</u>
	Discussion on the resource side of your business models.
9. (04.04.)	Assignment:
	Validate your assumptions on the resource side. Make sure you have the sufficient resources to
	deliver your value proposition. If needed develop a new MVP for your experiments. (5%)
	Spring break
(04.11.)	

	Business	model innovation: platform business models. What are they, how do they work, why					
	are they	so popular?					
	Video discussion:						
	Video discussion:						
11.	https://www.ted.com/talks/travis_kalanick_uber_s_plan_to_get_more_people_into_fewer_car						
(04.18.)	<u>s#t-41917</u>						
	Assignment:						
	How can be your solution be turned into a platform or how can you capitalize by connect platform? (5%)						
12.	Fund you capital?	r project. What is your funding need, what you should look out for when requesting					
(04.25.)	Assignme	ent:					
	Finalize y	our finances: cost, revenue, funding needed. (5%)					
13. (05.02.)	Finalizing	the pitch, collecting all materials, viewing all visuals of the product/service.					
14. (05.06.)	Final Pitch (Exhibition – 5%, Pitch – 10%)						
15. (05.09.)	Discussion on your pitch, analysis of the communication and on the feedback you received from the panel. What are the next steps in developing your project?						
Rational I	ncluding	This module is the practical implementation of the knowledge acquires until this					
Aims:		point in the form of developing an entrepreneurial venture. Students will advance in their theoretical knowledge specifically in developing the business model around the initiative and will incorporate all knowledge elements acquired. Real life engagement with all the stakeholders of the project will be required that will develop skills necessary outside the classroom.					
Learning		On the completion of this course you should be able to:					
Outcome	s:	identify business opportunities in a given socio-economic context,					
Knowledge		 recognize the necessary resources required for the pursue of the solution the problem, 					
		collect data and information on market conditions,					
		 critically evaluate and identify the business opportunity in the competitive environment, 					
		differentiate between ideas and implementable business opportunities,					
		explain and argue your solution.					

Learning	On the completion of this course you should be able to:
Outcomes: Skills	 Appreciate context, engage others, and make thoughtful decisions while examining their consequences, work in groups, play a role within the group, delegate tasks, resolve conflicts, construct holistic argumentations for your solution, rank options when making decisions, synthetize information from multiple sources coming from the real life
	environment of your project.
Teaching and Learning	The lectures, readings, exercises and projects challenge you to think critically, appreciate context, engage others, and make thoughtful decisions while examining their consequences. From these, you will gain unique perspectives on how to
Strategies:	combine imagination, intuition, reasoning and skills to derive creative solutions to practical business problems.
	You are also expected to contribute to the learning environment by engaging in intellectual discourse with the instructor and other students. Translated: read and prepare ahead, especially for projects where you apply what you've learned. Be "creative" in addressing individual and group assignments, but also critically assess and develop an appreciation for the dynamics involved in group attempts to "create"
Assessment	Finalized business plan document - 30%
Scheme:	Class engagement – 5%
Further on	Field work: Visiting the 3D center of the University of Pecs.
Assessment:	MVP : The evaluation of your minimum viable product, was it appropriate to assess the market need, demand, what have been the feedbacks, how will you pivot it as a result? Report.
	Visuals : What are the visual tools of your project that you use for communication to your stakeholders? Are they appropriate for the target market?

Core learning

material:

- Benjamin Edelman_How to launch your digital platform, HBR, 2016.
- Charlie Brown_3 questions before adopting a platform business model, HBR,
 2016.
- Nathan Furr_transitionaing your company from a product to a platform, HBR, 2016.
- When platforms attack, HBR.
- Zhu_Furr_Product to platform, Making the leap, HBR, 2016.
- Brad Power_Building a software startup inside GE, HBR, 2015.
- Derek Lodow_Ditch the start up pitchDit, HBR, 2014.
- Hathaway_Startup capital spreading across the US, HBR, 2015.
- Hockberg, et al. Top 20 accelerators in the US, HBR, 2015.
- Mullins_Use customer cash to finance your start up, HBR, 2013.
- Mullins_VC funding can be bad for your startup, HBR, 2014.
- Ulukaya_Growing a startup without outside investor, HBR, 2013.
- Steve Blank Why lean start up changed everything, HBR, 2013.
- Business Model Generation, written by Alexander Osterwalder & Yves
 Pigneur 2010, ISBN: 978-0470-87641-1
- Start Up Nation, Dan Senor and Saul Singer, 2011.
- Lean Startup, Eric Ries, 2010.
- THE NUTS & BOLTS OF GREAT BUSINESS PLANS, Michael H. Moris

Further reading materials:	International Small Business Journal
materials:	Journal of Business Venturing
	Journal of Small Business and Enterprise Development
	Entrepreneurship Theory and Practice
	Entrepreneurship and Regional Development
	Journal of Developmental Entrepreneurship
	Journal of Small Business Management
	International Journal of Entrepreneurial Behaviour and Research
	Small Business Economics
	Family Business Review
Policy on attendance	Class participation is the key to learning. Students are expected to attend at least
and class	75% of classes and contribute to the class discussions. Please note that the quality of
engagement:	what you contribute (it can be a thoughtful question, some astute analysis, and/or some other meaningful contribution) will count far more than the quantity of your remarks. More "noise" does not equal higher score.
	Participation grades will be given on the following basis:
	5 – Present, asking/answering questions, adding quality to the discussion, contribute to the direction of the discussion
	4 – Present, asking/answering questions, actively engaged
	3 – Present, listening, but not sharing ideas
	2 – Minimal engagement (not paying attention to the class, reading or sleeping in class). Unexcused or unnecessary absences
	1 – Regular no-shows. Failure to give valid reasons for multiple no-shows.
Policy on late arrival:	On time arrival ensures that classes are able to start and finish at the scheduled time. On time arrival shows respect for both fellow students and faculty and it enhances learning by reducing avoidable distractions. Arriving 10 minutes after the start of the class is not allowed as it will disturb in class work.

Academic misconduct:

All Students are expected to be honest in their academic work and to display integrity in the demonstration of their achieved competencies.

Cheating, which is the willful decision on the part of a student to be dishonest in the representation of his/her work, is unacceptable behavior.

Any academic dishonesty will be reported to the Program leader and will be assessed and acted upon following Rules and Regulations of the University of Pecs.

A zero for that exam or project will be entered for the grade.

Severe cases of academic dishonesty may include harsher penalties such as suspension.

Academic Integrity Definition and Expectations: Academic integrity is the pursuit of scholarly activity in an open, honest and responsible manner. Academic integrity is a basic guiding principle for all academic activity at University of Pecs, and all members of the University community are expected to act in accordance with this principle. Consistent with this expectation, the University's Code of conduct states that all students should act with personal integrity, respect other students' dignity, rights and property, and help create and maintain an environment in which all can succeed through the fruits of their efforts. Academic integrity includes a commitment not to engage in or tolerate acts of falsification, misrepresentation or deception. Such acts of dishonesty violate the fundamental ethical principles of the University community and compromise the worth of work completed by others.

Code	e M17VFA04E ECTS Credit 6						
Term:			fall		Level:	6	
Module Title:		STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT					
Module	Leade	er:	Dr. Márta Somo	gyvári, PhD	Office Hours:	Thursday: 10:00 am – 11:00	
			associate profes	ssor		am	
Telepho	ne:		+36-72/501-599	9-23384	E-mail:	somogyv@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:		tion:	This course focuses on important current issues in strategic management. It will concentrate on modern analytical approaches with an emphasis on scenario analysis and system theory. The course is intended to provide the students with a holistic view and a pragmatic approach that will guide the formulation and implementation of corporate, business, and functional strategies in order to develop sustainable competitive advantage in a changing and challenging international business environment.				
Session	s (wee	eks): 13	<u> </u>				
Schedul	e is te	ntative	e and subject to	change.			
1.	Introduction. The strategy formulation process. Strategic competitiveness. Life strategy.				veness. Life strategy.		
2.	External environment: general and industry environment,						
3.	Internal environment: Resources, capabilities, competitive advantage. Strategic assessment of company.				ge. Strategic assessment of a		
4.	Rivalry						
5.	Visiting the Hungarian Company Terran						
6.	Scenario analysis						
7.	Early warning signals						
8.	Business wargame simulation I						
9.	Midte	erm					
10.	Disruptive strategy (digital disrupters)						
11.	Ethics and social responsibility						
12.	Globa	al strat	egy				
13.	Busin	iess Wa	argame simulatio	on II			
	Final exam						

	This course aims to enable students to analyze and formulate business and corporate level strategy for existing and new companies.
	The course targets that students (among others)
	understand the importance of strategy
Rationale Including Aims:	apply important analytical methods that underlie business strategy
	identify the competitive advantage of a company
	 understand new business models that transform how organizations create and harness value
	work effectively as a team
	 Internal and external factors that shape the strategy of a company and/or whole industries
Learning Outcomes:	The strategy formulation and implementation process
Knowledge	Methods to describe the future strategic environment
	Holistic view of a company as a value creating system with functional
	subsystems connected to society and environment
	Analyzing complex ill-structured problems
	Developing a system view of a company
Learning Outcomes:	Monitoring the environment
Skills	 Strategic foresight and capability to communicate and visualize the challenge of possible futures
	Formulating strategy for new player, creating new business models
	 Identifying strategic options for companies and industries
	Students will have to engage in individual and team work as well. It is expected that
Teaching and	students read for the classes ahead the selected papers and/or textbook chapters
Learning	in order to participate in class discussion. Every team is expected to visit a company, make an interview with the strategic leader and analyze and evaluate the
Strategies:	strategy of that particular firm. The second part of the semester paper is an
	individual assignment, students have to elaborate a strategy for a startup.
	Final assignment – 20%
Assessment	Midterm – 10%
Scheme:	Semester paper – 40% :
	Class engagement – 30%

Further on	Final exam requires that students analyze a business case and demonstrate their
A	skills solving complex strategic challenges.
Assessment:	Midterm exam is written exam focusing on knowledge of strategic management terms, definitions, methods etc. Semester paper consists of two parts: Analyzing the strategy of an existing SME (teamwork)(20%) Creating a strategy of a new company (Individual work) (20%) Class engagement will be assessed based on the contribution to class discussion and simulations
Core Learning	Hill. et. al. (2008) Strategic Management Theory. Houghton Mifflin Company Boston
Materials:	New York
	Heijden, K. (2005) Scenarios: The art of strategic conversation 2nd ed. John Wiley & Sons Ltd
	Schwartz, P.(2001): Inevitable Surprises. Gotham
	.Further readings published on Neptun MeetStreet

Curriculum Table (MSc. Applied Management)

Semester 1 (spring)	Semester 2 (fall)	Semester 3 (spring)	Semester 4 (fall)
Business Intelligence	Economics	Global Marketing	Strategic Management
Applied Venture Valuation	Production and Process Management	Business Consulting	Knowledge Management
Advanced Organizational Behavior	Intercultural Business Communication	Quality Management	
Strategic Human Resource Management	Project Management	Change Management	
Applied Statistics and Econometrics		Leadership and International Management	

Note: The master programs start in the spring semester

Year 1

Code	M17VZA05E		ECTS Credit			6
Module Title:		BUSINES	SS INTELLIGE	NCE		
Term:		spring				
Module Leader:	Dr. Ferenc K	(ruzslicz, Ph[D.		Sessions	
Telephone:	+36-72/501-	-599, 23113			E-mail:	kruzslic@ktk.pte.hu
Short Description:		improved analytics a structure faconcise i the typica modeling illustrated Related ca	through various application of interfollows the steps of introduction to the I data mining task tools, followed by by real world example.	interaction winal and externation the industrial data warehous are detailed. If the frequently use apples with spectures and solutions with spectures and solutions are solutions are solutions are solutions.	ith data. The nal enterprise standard CRIS se and the mul The semester ed descriptive sial emphasis goved by recent	making processes can be course focuses on data data sources. The course P-DM methodology. After tidimensional data model, is dedicated to predictive models. These issues are given to Machine Learning. data mining softwares as
Se	essions (weeks)): 14 (7 th we	ek is break) Sched	ule is tentative	and subject t	o change.
1. week		Introducti	t of BInDM chapte on ology, Big Data)	r 1 & BInDM ci	napter 12	
_		RA: 1 st par	t of BInDM chapte	r 4 & BInDM cl	hapter 13	
2. week		Data (Data Qua	lity, Data Modeling	g Primer, CRISP	P-DM)	

	RA: 2 nd part of BInDM chapter 1 & BInDM chapter 3
3.	Exploring Data
week	(Visualization, Data Warehouses, OLAP Operations)
	RA: 2 nd part of BInDM chapter 4
4.	Data Analytics
week	(Data Mining, Data Preprocessing, Data Cleaning)
	RA: BInDM chapter 5
5.	Classification Model
week	(Nearest-Neighbor Classifier, Decision Tree Classifiers, Decision Borders)
	RA: 1 st part of PAnDM chapter 4
	NA. 1 part of PAHDIN Chapter 4
6. week	Classification Evaluation
WCCK	(Validation, Performance Metrics, Overfitting)
	Break
7.	
week	No class this week
	RA: 2 nd part of PAnDM chapter 4
8.	Statistical Classification
week	Bayesian Classifier, Rules based Classifiers
9.	RA: BInDM chapter 7
9. week	NA. BIIIDIVI CHapter 7
WCCK	Machine Learning
	Artificial Neural Networks and Applications
10.	RA: BInDM chapter 9
week	Association analysis
	(Frequent Itemset, Association Rule Generation, Performance Measures)
11.	RA: BInDM chapter 8
week	Segmentation

12.	RA: PAnDM chapter 7
week	Segmentation Evaluation
	(Model evaluation, Density Based Clustering, DBSCAN and SOM)
13.	RA: BInDM chapter 10 & BInDM chapter 11
week	Unstructured Data
	(Text Mining, Web Mining, Sentiment Analysis)
14.	Project presentations
week	Midterm test
Rationale Including Aims:	Achieving the course students will recognize data analytics aspects and requirements of business intelligence problems. They will be able to actively manage and efficiently participate in data mining projects. Additionally to understanding of popular data mining techniques students have knowledge to identify advantages and limitations of these tools. Based on their solid practical skills using data mining softwares students can perform powerful data analysis, or build and implement automated applications.
Learning	Differentiate traditional and data mining tasks.
Outcomes:	Recognize data warehouse and data minig functionalities.
Knowledge	Able to follow knowledge discovery methodologies.
	Describe data mining primitives, languages, and system architectures
	Define current state and requirements in data mining research.
	Sense on security and social issues of data mining.
	Understand the foundation of machine learning and its various learning strategies.
Learning	Apply data preprocessing techniques to improve data quality.
Outcomes:	Use data mining software and understand its process flow.
Skills	Able to scale the known techniques on large databases.
	Perform standard analytics (classification, rule generation, anomaly detection). Match business problems to appropriate analytic tasks.
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	Theoretical foundations strictly follow the text book. Reading assessments are short quizzes used for measuring the preparation level. Presentations and other supplementary course materials are provided. In class the selected topic is discussed and small scale illustrative examples and exercises are solved. The corresponding computer lab exercises are simulated data mining projects of different fields and real data sets. Students have to read the case study and do the basic data exploratory steps in advance, and group work is allowed. Along with the course progresses less detailed instructions are given and the data analytic goals are getting more ambiguous. Midterm exams based on similar exam cases, where students have to understand and build a working model on computer, evaluate it, and interpret the results.

Assessment	Reading assessment: 15%
Scheme:	Group problem solving: 15%
	Midterm test: 35%
	Final exam: 35%
	Reading assessment (RA): Each quiz is based on the weekly topic and available online. Before class reading tests contain 5 questions about the current book chapter. (Not available in exam course.)
	Group problem solving (GPS): Groups of 3-4 students work on small case studies, and submit they solutions to 5 questions on a weekly bases. (Not available in exam course.)
	Midterm tests: A practice focused exam case must be solved using the computer. Any kind of additional resources are allowed to use, except communication. Midterm resit opportunity is scheduled at the first week of the exam period.
	Final exam: Students have to answer questions in written form from selected parts of the core materials of the course. The exam may contain end of chapter exercises.
Core Learning Materials:	[BInDM] Anil Maheshwari: Business Intelligence and Data Mining (Big Data and Business Analytics) Business Expert Press 2014, (1st Edition) ISBN: 978-1631571206, pp. 180
	[PAnDM] Bala Deshpande, Vijay Kotu: Predictive Analytics and Data Mining (Concepts and Practice with RapidMiner) Morgan Kaufmann Publishing 2014, (1st Edition) ISBN: 978-0128014608, pp. 446
Optional Learning	Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, Anuj Karpatne: Introduction to Data Mining, Pearson 2012, (2 nd Edition) ISBN: 978-0-13-312890-1, pp. 792
Material:	Markus Hofmann, Ralf Klinkenberg: RapidMiner: Data Mining Use Cases and Business Analytics Applications, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2013 ISBN: 1482205491, pp. 525

Code	M17VZ	ZA06 ECTS Credit 6				
Module Title:		APPLIED VENTURE VALUATION				
Term:		spring				
Module Lea	der:	Dr. András Takác	s, Habil, PhD.	Office Hours:	Wednesday 8:00-09:00	
		Associate profess	sor		·	
Telephone:		+36-72/501-599,	23277	E-mail:	takacsandras@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:		international acc to appropriately	The objective of this course is to discuss the content of financial statements coming from international accounting systems (US GAAP, IFRS), and then to build up students' ability to appropriately select and apply different valuation methods and thus to determine the intrinsic value of any company, with a special focus on the International Valuation Standards (IVS).			
Sessions (w	eeks): 14					
1-2.	The structure and content of financial statements, the main valuation rules and the presentation of transactions under the Hungarian Accounting System (HAS), structure and content of financial statements under the US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (US GAAP) and under the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).			cture and content of financial		
3.	Consolida	ted statements, th	e process of consoli	dation.		
4.	The neces	sity of company va	luation. Basic princi	ples.		
5.	Analysis o	s of financial statements based on financial ratios.				
6.	Midterm 6	exam. Net asset-based methods: liquidation value, book value, substantial value.				
7.	Valuation	on with multiples. Discounted Earnings and Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) methods.				
8.	Combined methods. Discounts applied in valuation. Value added based methods. Comparison different valuation techniques. Choosing the right method.			based methods. Comparison of		
9-10.	International Valuation Standards 2017 (IVS 2017).					
10.	Guest lecture.					
11.	Discussion of valuation problems based on IVS 2017.					
1213.	Working out students' own valuation tool.					
14.	Summary	Summary of the semester, practicing for the final exam.				
Rationale Aims:				ation. Based on the students' hem to further develop their d valuation, especially focusing		
Learning Ou	tcomes:	Upon completion of this module the student will				
Knowledge		 Explain the structure and content of IFRS-based financial statements Appraise the process of consolidation and the special features of consolidated statements Differentiate the most widely used company valuation methods, the advantages and disadvantages of these and the typical situations in which different methods can be used Understand the main valuation principles stated in IVS 2017 				

Learning Outcomes: Skills	 evaluate the financial position of any companies based on financial statements create, analyse and interpret accounting information in order to support the management's decision making judge the business situations in which company valuation is needed, accurately determine the parameters required and find the combination of methods that fit the given situation create valuation reports compatible with IVS 2017 			
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	The teaching strategy applied is a mix of lectures, seminar discussions and case studies. Individual work as well as group work is required.			
Assessment Scheme:	Midterm exam (4-8) – 20% (45 minutes) Project work (1-5) – 30% Final exam (4-8) – 50% (75 minutes)			
Core Learning Material:	Dr. TAKÁCS, A.: "Applied Venture Valuation", University of Pécs, Faculty of Business and Economics, 2019 (electronic learning material) [downloadable in pdf format from 'Neptun']			
Further Reading Material:	DAMODARAN, A.: "Investment Valuation: Tools and Techniques for Determining the Value of Any Asset", Second Edition, Wiley, 2002 KOLLER, T. – GOEDHART, M. – WESSELS, D.: "Valuation: Measuring and Managing the Value of Companies", 5th Edition, McKinsey & Company Inc., 2010			

Code	M17VZB14E	ECTS Credit	6		
Term:	spring				
Module Title:	ADVANCED OF	RGANISATIONAL	BEHAVIOUR		
Module Leade	Associate Professo	r	Office Hours:	Monday: 14-15 p.m.	
Tutorial assistant:	Julianna Németh Ph.D. student		Office Hours:	Monday: 10.00 a.m 10.45 a.m.	
Telephone:				Julianna Németh: N.A. Zsuzsanna Vitai: N.A.	
Short Description:	workplace. Studer affect organization some chosen top knowledge and en No matter what fu	In the 21st century, technical knowledge is essential but insufficient to be productive in the workplace. Students need comprehension of human behavior in organizations, how these affect organizational systems, structure, and productivity. In this module, we will explore some chosen topics in the field that will aid students to deepen their already existing knowledge and enable them to analyze and understand human and organizational processes. No matter what future field of business the student chooses, this module will aid her/him to be efficient and productive in their chosen organization.			
Sessions (wee	ks): 14				
The schedule	is tentative and subject t	o change!			
Introduction, requirement od. 02. behavior? Tutorial – getting to kno		ents. How will we work together and what is advanced organizational ow each other			
11. 02.	Diversity in organizatio Tutorial	Diversity in organizations			
18. 02.	Attitudes, Job Satisfact Tutorial	Attitudes, Job Satisfaction, Emotions and Moods at the workplace Tutorial			
25. 02.	Tutorial	Personality, Values and their relevance to the workplace			
04. 03.	Perception Tutorial				
11. 03.	First computer exam e	vening 18 30 in room l	B128		
18. 03. Motivation theories and their application Tutorial					
25. 03.	.	Foundations of group behavior Online Class – NO attendence is required!			
01. 04.		Power and Politics Deadline of second simulation Online Class – NO attendence is required!			
08. 04 14.04.	Spring break!			•	

15. 04.	Guest lecture Professor Rossilah Jamil			
22. 04.	Foundations of organizational structure Online Class – NO attendence is required!			
29. 04.	Organizational culture and consultation about the course Tutorial			
06. 05.	Second computer exam evening 18 30 in room B128 Deadline of third simulation			
Rationale including Aims	In all organizations, the key to success is their people's commitment, engagement, and motivation to work towards the organization's goals. Besides all these students have to learn to work together collaboratively and have to be able to handle stressful situations in the workplace. The knowledge and techniques may be instinctively there in the members, but not in all people. Even if they are there, instinct may not be the answer to complicated problems. The necessary knowledge can be learned and improved via structured studies.			
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge	 Understanding how organizations operate and what are the reasons for people's behavior Understanding the students' OB related characteristics, enlarging and deepening the already existing knowledge they have Developing students' knowledge base and ability to find the causes of organizational events Improving their analytical and synthesizing abilities to understand and deal with organizational phenomena 			
Learning Outcomes: Skills	 Ability to handle difficult situations and people Competence in finding the causes of events and reacting to them in the proper way Adeptness in discovering innovative solutions for organizational structuring using 21st-century technology 			
Teaching an Learning Strategies:	The module uses online resources and one third of the course will be exclusively online. All study material will be provided via the Pearson MyLab interface. Students are expected to use extensively the computer. Class meetings will be using discussions, self-assessment exercises, presentations, and debates. Lectures will be used only to a moderate extent, only to highlight complex issues.			

Assessment	Two cor	mputer-based exa	ams - 20% each	
Scheme:	 Class Participation 30%, (15% class presence, 15% activity) 			
		mulations		
	Computer-ba	ased exams:	200 points each	
	Class particip	oation:		
	cla	ss presence:	100 points	
	cla	ss activity:	100 points	
	М	yLab usage	100 points	
	Three simula	tions:	300 points	
	Points total:		1000 points	
	to achieve a mini	mum of 51% of e	ments to be deemed to have passed the module! (you have each element to pass it) rmined by the percentage given (as below):	
	51-60%	- 2 acceptable pass mark		
	51-74%	- 3 medium gr	ade	
	/ 5-87%	- 4 good		
	88-100%	- 5 best mark		
Core Learning	Robbins, S.P., Jud	dge, T.A. (2015): (Organizational Behaviour 16 th Global edition,	
Materials:	Online resources and handouts			
Optional	Any OB book in t	he library publish	ned post-2010	
Learning				
Material:				

Code	M17VZB13E	ECTS Credit	6		
Module Title:	STRATEGIC I	HUMAN RESOURC	E MANAGEMENT		
Module Leader:	Dr. Zsófia Ásványi PhD. Assistant Professor		Sessions	Wednesdays 11.00-14.00 (B018)	
Telephone:			E-mail:	asvanyizs@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:	Strategic Human Resource Management examines strategic issues of human resources discussing both domestic and multinational practices in business corporations. The aim of the course is to highlight how HRM practices may contribute to organisational strategy and success in operation.				
Sessions (weeks): 2					
<u>6 Feb</u>	Introduction to H	IRM, requirements			
<u>13 Feb</u>	Lecture on: Key issues of SHRM Topic 1: Nature of HRM Topic 2: The Dual Theory of HRM and Business Performance Topic 3: Legal and Non-legal Framework of HRM Topic 4: HRM in Organizations Topic 5: HRM Competencies				
<u>20 Feb</u>	Lecture on: Staffi	ing the Organization 1	– Planning, Re	cruitment	
	Students' presentation on: Recruiting a special target group: GenY members			group: GenY members	
<u>27 Feb</u>	Lecture on: Staffing the Organization 2 – Selection, On-boarding, Assimilation Students' presentation on: Selecting a special target group: expats				
6 March	Lecture on: Absenteeism & Employee Turnover, Downsizing the Organization Students' presentation on: Outsourcing – reasons, pros, contras				
13 March	Lecture on: Job, Job Analysis, Job Evaluation Systems Students' presentation on: Job descriptions all over the world				
20 March	Mid-term test				
27 March	Guest lecturing on HRM practice Students' presentation on: Employer branding – internal & external orientation				
3 April	Lecture on: Performance Management Students' presentation on: "Harvard Business Review: Reinventing Performance Management" article				
10 April	Spring holiday				
17 April	INTERNATIONAL TEACHING WEEK – Guest lecture by Tiina Mehto, Senior lecturer, HR and Leadership, Haaga-Helia University of Applied Sciences Lecture on: Total Reward and Compensation Students' presentation on: Expat compensation techniques				
24 April	Lecture on: Training and development (HRD) Students' presentation on: Corporate language policies & language trainings				
1 May	National holiday				

	Lecture on: Labour Relations
<u>8 May</u>	Students' presentation on: Comparative study of trade unionism & the right to strike
Rationale Including Aims:	The course provides a new method of dealing with the organisation's longer term human resource issues. By introducing the concept of "human resourcing strategy" it uses a broad brush on the canvas of HR and a full range of perspectives are included in the overall picture. By dealing with human resourcing strategy in this way we follow the shift in the HR paradigm that is taking place in a new millennium.
	The course is designed to help students to learn about the fundamental concepts of domestic and international HRM and some of the many issues that must be dealt with when implementing an international business plan.
	The course provides students with enhanced and deepened knowledge and skills to equip them for a career in a diverse range of business organisations.
	It enhances the development of the students' existing skills base, allowing for a cumulative learning experience.
	On completion of this module the supposeful student will be able to
Learning	On completion of this module the successful student will be able to:
Outcomes:	define and understand the key functions within Strategic Human Resource Management
Knowledge	 recognise the contribution that HR services make to the way in which organizations grow and change
	 provide a critical view of the external business environment and demonstrate appropriate practical responses
	 evaluate & use SHRM policies and techniques to be used as a strategic response to the global challenges
	recognise the link between individual motivators, culture and communication and their role in a high performance culture
Learning	This module will call for the successful student to demonstrate:
Outcomes:	ability to conduct effective small-scale research (library use, information handling)
Skills	effective verbal presentation of ideas
	effectiveness in argument and debate with peers
	ability to cope with uncertainty (decision making)
	 positive contribution to group (team) working appropriate evaluative judgements of work produced by self and by peers
Teaching and	In each two-hour teaching session we will follow the next course methodology to achieve the
Learning	desired objectives:
Strategies:	Presentation of the lecturer
	Lectures are designed to reinforce the cases and explain or supplement the reading
	materials.
	Lectures are supported by videos, simulations, peer-, and group work.

	Assessment is based on the following criteria:
Assessment Scheme:	 Mid-term test: 40 points Final test: 40 points Group presentations: 10 points
	Methodology:
	 Clarify basic theoretical issues of the topic (1 slide) Indicate its strategic importance (1 slide) Show a best practice
	Involve class Show literature used
	Present your findings to class in 20 mins! Time limit must be kept!
	Presentations without references are not accepted!
	Group size: maximum 3 students!
	Group size. maximum o studente.
	 4. HR article: 10 points You may choose ANY topic within the frames of Human resources management you find interesting/pioneer/worth distributing to others. Length: 3-5 pages (with letter-size: 12) You should summarize the article (one!) and introduce its main findings. You must indicate the original source otherwise the paper will not be accepted! The original article can be written in any language, your paper is accepted when written in ENGLISH. Deadline: last week of the semester
Core Learning Materials:	 Mathis, R. L., Jackson J. H., Valentine S. R., Meglich P. A.: Human Resource Management Cengage Learning, 2014. Peter J. Dowling, Marion Festing, Allen D. Engle, Sr.: International Human Resource Management, Cengage Learning EMEA, 2008.
Optional Learning Material:	Any HRM book published after 2014.

Code	M17VZA01E	ECTS Credit	6		
Module Title:	APPLIED STATISTICS AND ECONOMETRICS				
Term:	spring				
Module Leader:	Gábor Kőrösi, Pro	ofessor	Sessions	Mixed lectures and computer exercises.	
Telephone:			E-mail:	korosig@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:	The subject gives an overview of major methods of empirical work in economics, mostly concentrating on econometric techniques. The methods will be applied to various economic problems, demonstrating their use in practical applications. Students get hands on experiences analysing various economic problems with a variety of approaches. We use gretl for practical work.				
Sessions (weeks):					
February 5	Economic models, inference. SW cha		odel. Revisio	n: probability, data description, statistical	
February 12	Linear regression 1	L: revision of the bas	sic concepts. S	SW chapters 4 & 5	
February 19	Linear regression 2: single and multiple regressors, estimation, inference, model diagnostics. SW chapters 6 & 7				
February 26	Linear regression 3: single and multiple regressors, estimation, inference, model diagnostics. SW chapters 6 & 7				
March 5	Non-linear models	1: linearization; ind	licator variabl	les (dummies). SW chapter 8	
March 12	Non-linear models 2: binary dependent variables. SW chapter 11			W chapter 11	
March 19	Test.				
March 26	Time series modelling 1: dynamics, forecasting. SW chapters 14 & 15			chapters 14 & 15	
April 2	Time series modelling: dynamics, causality. SW chapters 14 & 15			pters 14 & 15	
April 16	Time series modelling: stationarity, non-stationarity. SW chapters 14, 15, parts of 16.			y. SW chapters 14, 15, parts of 16.	
April 23	Test				
April 30	Endogenous regressors. Panel data. SW chapters 12 & 10.			2 & 10.	
<u>May 7</u>	Modelling strategies. Revision. SW chapter 9				
Rationale Including Aims:	Practical work in economics is based on data analysis in most cases, using causal models. The purpose of this course is to teach students the most important methods used in such applied work.				
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge	Students get a practical knowledge of the major econometric techniques, including the conditions for proper use, and methods for assessing the validity of their model. They should be able to identify methods needed in a practical situation, do the basic statistical analysis, and interpret the results.				
Learning Outcomes: Skills	Students will work on various problems, typically using real life data. By the end of the course they should be able to do data analysis properly, on their own, using a simple computer package				
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	The course is a mixture of lectures and computer exercises. We shall use data and computer at each major milestone. Technical details of the methodology are not part of the course, but basic knowledge of calculus, linear algebra and probability is necessary.				

Assessment	Two tests, 19% each				
Scheme:	Final examination, 62%				
	That examination, 6276				
Core Learning	Stock and Watson: Introduction to Econometrics, Addison-Wesley, 2014 (3 rd edition). (The				
Materials:	2007 2 nd edition is also fine.)				
	Also used:				
	Gretl user's guide				
	Berndt: The Practice of Econometrics, Addison-Wesley, 1991				
Optional Learning	Wooldridge: Introductory Econometrics, MIT, 2009				
Material:	Brooks: Introductory Econometrics for Finance, Cambridge, 2008				
	Cameron and Trivedi: Microeconometrics, Cambridge, 2005				
	Kőrösi, Mátyás and Székely: Practical Econometrics, Avebury, 1992				
	Greene: Econometric Analysis. Prentice Hall, 2008.				
	Pesaran: Time Series and Panel Data Econometrics, Oxford, 2015.				
	Wooldridge: Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data, MIT, 2010				
	Angrist and Pischke: Mastering "metrics", Princeton, 2015				
	Papers uploaded to Neptun				

Code		ECTS Credit	6	
Module Title:	ECONOMICS			
Term:	fall			
Module Leader:	Prof. István Kóny	ra e	Sessions	
	Full professor			12
Telephone:	+36-72-501-599,	/23420	E-mail:	konya.istvan@ktk.pte.hu
Short Description:	The aim of the module is to provide the students with intermediate knowledge on micro- and macroeconomic issues. The course builds on and develops further introductory knowledge on market mechanisms, consumer choice and macroeconomic principles. Upon completing the course, students get familiar with tools of analysing the behaviour of economic agents, markets and the economy as a whole. While the subject is based on standard intermediate knowledge in micro- and macroeconomics, it provides reference to new developments and encourages a critical approach to these tools and methods of economic analysis.			
Sessions (weeks):				
1.	Preferences and	budget		
2.	Market demand,	prices, income		
3.	Time and uncerta	ainty		
4.	Production and s	upply		
5.	Market structure	es		
6.	Information ecor	nomics		
7.		Midterm exam		
8.	Macroeconomics	and macroeconomic d	ata	
9.	Economic growth	and investment		
10.	Institutions and	Institutions and technology		
11.	Business cycles I.	Business cycles I.		
12.	Business cycles II			
Rationale Including Aims:	The aim of the module is to provide the students with intermediate knowledge on micro- an macroeconomic issues.			
Learning	On completion of	this module the succes	sful student w	ill know:
Outcomes:	Rasic mo	odels of optimal consum	per and produc	er choices
Knowledge		•	price mechanism yield optimal allocation	
	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		affects market mechanisms
	Main dri	vers of economic growt	:h	
		n causes of economic fl		
		al and monetary policy		economic phenomena
Learning	inis module will	call for the successful st	uuent to:	
Outcomes:	effective	ely use model-based thir	inking in relation to micro- and macroeconomic problems	
Skills		methods to rationally e		
		macroeconomic outloo		
	critically	evaluate the potential	errects of fisca	l and monetary interventions

Teaching and Learning Strategies:	The joint application of theoretical and practical teaching methods enables students to understand the main economic forces. Lectures are focused on understanding the model-based thinking in micro- and macroeconomics. Practice sessions provide the students with skills in handling practical problems like business decision making, macroeconomic policies and data interpretation. Groupwork in the practice sessions contribute to skills in task-sharing and cooperation while individual home assignments require students to deepen their knowledge in several aspects of the learning material.
Assessment Scheme:	Classwork (30%) Class activity (10%) Home assignments (20%) Midterm exam (35%): Topics from microeconomics Theoretical questions, case studies Final Exam (35%): Topics from macroeconomics Theoretical questions, case studies Theoretical questions, case studies
Core Learning Materials:	 Hal. R. Varian: Intermediate Microeconomics. W.W. Norton & Company, 2014 N. Gregory Mankiw: Macroeconomics. Worth Publishers, 2016
Additional Learning Material:	 Note that the main course material will be the lecture and session presentations. PowerPoint slides will be available after the lectures. The textbooks contain a lot of additional background material, and students are encouraged to consult the relevant chapters before each lecture.

Code	MAN2	21202	ECTS Credit	6		
Module Title:		PRODUCTION AND PROCESS MANAGEMENT				
Term:		fall				
Module Leader:		Zsuzsanna Hauck		Office Hours:	Tuesday 14.30-15.45	
Telephone:		501-599/23153		E-mail:	hauckzs@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:		Operations management deals with the efficient utilization of resources to produce products and services. OM plays a crucial role in achieving business strategy, as its sustainability is based mainly on outstanding operations capabilities that are not easy to copy.				
Sessions (wee	ks)					
1. week 3 rd Sept		fining operations management and operations strategy. How to analyse cases. Process alysis.				
2. week	Des	signing products a	nd services.			
10 th Sept	Cas	es: Benihana of To	okyo, HBS 9-673-057			
		Fabritek Cor	ooration, Harvard Bus	iness School (HBS) 66	9-004	
3. week	Dev	veloping a product	ion system, identifyin	g bottlenecks		
17 th Sept	Cas	se: Scharffen Berger Chocolate Maker, HBS 9-606-043				
4. week	Bot	Bottlenecks and inventory build-up diagrams.				
24 th Sept	Cas	Case: National Cranberry Cooperative, HBS 9-688-122				
5. week	Ор	Operations based strategies.				
1 st Oct	Cas	se: Alaska Airlines, HBS, 9-800-004				
6. week	Ор	Operations based strategies II.				
8 th Oct	Cas	Case: IKEA invades America, HBS 9-504-09410.00				
7. week 15 th Oct	Mic	Midterm exam.				
8. week						
22 th Oct	Fall	all break.				
9. week	Ma	naging queues.				
29 th Oct	Cas	se: University Health Services: Walk-in-clinic, HBS 9-681-061				
10. week	Cor	ntrolling supply cha	ains and the optimal I	evel of product availa	bility	
5 th Nov	Cas	ses: Wal-Mart, Ivey Business School, 907D01				
		Barilla SpA (A), HBS 9-694-046				
11. week	SCI	CM Business Game: The beer game (MIT)				
12 th Nov	¹ Nov					

12. week	Developing service systems I.		
19 th Nov	Case: Southwest Airlines in Baltimore, HBS 9-602-156		
13. week	Developing service systems II.		
26 th Nov	Case: Toyota Motor Manufacturing. USA, Inc, HBS 1-693-019		
14. week	Final examination.		
3 rd Dec			
Rationale Includi Aims:	The source of success at the majority of top companies is inevitably based on outstanding products and/or efficient operations processes. Thus operations is one of the most important functions in a company. Additionally, any activity that has outcome is a process, and the knowledge and skills provided by operations management can be applied in many other functional areas as well. Thus the programme aims 1) to provide students with enhanced and deepened knowledge and skills to equip them for a carrier in a diverse range of business organisations, 2) develop the students' competence in applying a range of business and management skills to the practice of management, 3) develop the critical and analytical powers of the students in relation to management, 4) develop critical and analytical problem-based learning and the transferable skills to prepare the student for graduate employment, 5) enhance the development of the students' existing skills base, allowing for a cumulative learning experience.		
Learning	On completion of this course, successful students will be able to demonstrate		
Outcomes:	14. critical insights into the role of operations in the value creation process;		
Knowledge	15. synthesised knowledge to recognize the different operating systems required to solve complex business problems;		
	 16. in-depth and critical knowledge and understanding of theoretical and conceptual grounding in operations management; 17. critical evaluation of situations in the globalized business environment with special emphasis on supply chain management; 18. consolidate, evaluate, select programmes to improve operational capabilities of the firm. (Heizer and Render (2011) define around one hundred learning objectives of operations management); 19. identify strategic approaches to competitive advantage; 20. understand the significance of key success factors and core competencies; 21. understanding the necessity of simultaneous product and process development, identifying those process characteristics that provide product features required to compete. 		
Learning	On completion of this course the successful student will be able to		
Outcomes: Skills	 22. work efficiently and effectively both as an individual and as a member of a team; 23. communicate and present an argument in the improvement process; 24. deliver products and services effectively in timely manner at the required quantity and quality; 25. synthesise, design and control operating systems, making long, medium and short term decisions; Referring to Heizer et al. (2017) again some important skills that can be gained by attaining at this course are the ability to 26. identify bottlenecks of complex processes to make effective decisions in investments, to calculate productivity, to design and produce products and services with outstanding quality and inherent customer value, to attain the exceptional value that is consistent with the company mission and marketing objectives by close attention to design, procurement, production, and field service opportunities, to determine, design, and produce the production process and equipment that will be compatible with low-cost product, high quality, and a good quality of work life at economical cost, to collaborate with suppliers to develop innovative products from stable, effective and efficient sources of supply, to provide a good quality of work life, with well designed, safe, rewarding jobs (see for example cases like Benihana of Tokyo, Alaska Airlines). 		

Teaching and Learning Strategies:	Continuous learning is required. The learning process is checked at each class through presentation, case discussions and problem solving. Students acquire knowledge and skills through individual learning, working in groups, participation in business games, and working in teams to solve business problems and cases.			
Assessment Scheme:	tudents' knowledge, understanding and skills are assessed by individual and group oursework, presentations, performance in business games, and examinations. lassroom work: 15% flidterm exam: 15% inal exam: 70%			
Essential/Core Learning Materials:	 Harvard Business School cases identified above; Appropriate chapters of Heizer, Jay – Render, Barry – Munson, Chuck (2017): Operations Management: Sustainability and Supply Chain Management, 12th editition (Global Edition), Pearson Krajewski, L. J Malhotra, M Ritzman, L. (2019): Operations management: processes and supply chains, 12th edition, Pearson 			
Recommended/Op tional Learning Material:	 Chopra, Sunil – Meindl, Peter (2019): Supply Chain Management, 6th edition, Pearson Slack, Nigel – Brandon-Jones, Alistair - Johnston, Robert (2016): Operations Management, 8th edition, Prentice Hall 			

Code		ECTS Credit 6		6		
Module Title:		INTERCULTURAL BUSINESS COMMUNICATION				
Term:		fall				
Module Leader:		Edit Bányai PhD		Office Hours:	Tuesday 11.00-12.00	
Telephone:				E-mail:	banyai.edit@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:		The module is based on three pillars: culture, (business) communication and intercultural aspects of communication. The objectives are to improve knowledge about the nature of intercultural (business) communication with emphasis on intercultural business talks, and to develop skills in identifying pitfalls in cross-cultural communication, avoiding misunderstandings and conflicts through cultural intelligence.				
Sessions (weel	ks)					
Introduction to the semester program. Creating a common understanding, goals and expectations. Team formation. Clarification of results and requirements. The nature of intercultural business communication.						
2.		at is culture? Culture and communication. tural differences in communication.				
3.	Busi	iness Communication Types. Oral and non verbal communication patterns.				
4.	Busi	ness Communication Types. Written communication patterns.				
5.	Cult	ural Shock				
6.	Glob	bal etiquette				
7.	Busi	ness and social cu	stoms			
8.	Inte	rcultural negotiati	on Process. Persuasi	on. Decision-making.		
9.	Inte	ercultural negotiation components. The great negotiator.				
10.	Dev	velopment of Negotiation skills.				
11.	Pres	esentations.				
12.	Pres	Presentations. Closing session: lessons of the module. final evaluation				
Rationale Including Aims:		The aim of the course is to develop the students' competence in solving intercultural communication tasks, especially in business negotiations. The course intends to develop the knowledge of the student in relation to cultural differences, cultural intelligence and help them in applying their knowledge to avoid cultural misunderstandings, conflicts and to be able to negotiate successfully in intercultural environments. The course will enhance the development of the students' existing communication skills. The modules aim is to provide students with enhanced and deepened knowledge and skills to equip them for international activities.				
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge		By the end of this module successful students will be able to understand why people from other cultures in certain situations behave in a surprising way, how culture impacts communication, and how intercultural communication works. They will understand the role of values and attitudes in (intercultural) communication, they will be able to identify the cultural differences in time management, in relation to the individual and to group, in				

	problem solving, in making decisions, and in taking responsibility. They will learn how to analyse intercultural communication situations.				
Learning Outcomes: Skills	The students will acquire the skills of making appropriate preparations for managing intercultural business situations, especially business negotiations with counterparts from other cultures, and of continuous improvement of their cultural intelligence. They will be able to apply the theories and practices relative to intercultural business activities. The module also has the objective to develop communications skills, both speaking and writing, and the skills of presentation.				
Teaching and Learning Strategies:	This module will be taught through lectures, video and case study material and other assigned readings. It puts emphases on teamwork, on student presentations and interactive discussions. Students are expected to read the material before class since active participation in class discussions is a requirement.				
	A high emphasis is placed on participation in simulation exercises with subsequent coaching and feedback by both the teacher as an instructor as well as fellow classmates. Each exercise consists of an activity designed to get students thinking about, practicing, and discussing communication skills.				
Assessment Scheme:	 1 Final Examination 40 % (There is one resit opportunity) Written Assessment (individual): 10 % (Late written assessments lose 40 % of the obtained scores.) Course Work, Class Participation 50% group work (35 %) individual class room activity (15 %) 				
	Students must pass all of these elements to be deemed to have passed the module! (you have to achieve a minimum of 51% of each element to pass it) Bonus points: max. 10 During the semester students can earn 10 extra points with active participation and meaningful comments. They can get max. 2 points per class. It will be only				
	considered if the student reaches 51 % from the total score.				
Further on Assessment:	Final exam is a written, closed book exam based on the topics covered during the semester exam (Lessons and the book listed in the core learning materials.)				
	Presentation Requirements: The purpose of this assignment is to study and practice the process of social interaction by creating and delivering an oral group presentation, and giving feedback. The presentation needs to be a group effort. The list of topics will be available on the Neptun.				
Core Learning					
Materials:	Lillian Chaney, Jeanette Martin (2014): Intercultural Business Communication, 6th Edition, Pearson, ISBN: 9780132971270, 0132971275, Chapters: 1., 3-11.				
	Gelfand, M.J. – Brett, J.M.: The Handbook of Negotiation and Culture. Stanford University Press, Stanford 2004 Part one: Chapters 3., 4., 5. Part two: Chapters 6., 7. at http://www.unice.fr/crookall-cours/iup-cult/ docs/ Gelfand%202004%20Handbook%20of%20Negotiation%20and%20Culture.pdf				

The International Negotiations Handbook. Success Through Preparation, Strategy, and Planning. A Joint Project from Baker & McKenzie and The Public International Law & Policy Group (2007) at

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/5900b58e1b631bffa367167e/t/59f35bdd692670b7 30f26ac6/1509120994315/International%2BNegotiations%2BHandbook++%281%29.pdf

Slides of the lectures

Optional Learning

Material:

Bovee, Thill (2019): Business Communication Essentials: Fundamental Skills for the Mobile-Digital-Social Workplace, 8th Edition, Peason, ISBN-13: 9780134729572

Primecz, H. – Romani, L. – Sackmann, S.: Cross-Cultural Management in Practice. Edward Elgar Publishing. 2011

Maude, B.: Managing Cross-Cultural Communication. Palgrave Macmillan, 2011

Christopher W. Moore and. Peter J. Woodrow(): Handbook of global and multicultural negotiation / at http://blogs.unpad.ac.id/teddykw/files/2012/06/Handbook-of-Global-and-Multicultural-Negotiation-Christopher-Moore.pdf

Baker & McKenzie and PILPG: The International Negotiation Handbook. 2007.

http://www.bakermckenzie.com/files/Uploads/Documents/Supporting%20Your%20Business/Featured%20Services/bk internationalnegotiationshandbook dec07.pdf

Day, Jeremy: International Negotiations. Cambridge University Press, 2012

Gesteland, R. Cross-cultural Business Behaviour. Copenhagen Business School Press • Universitetsforlaget, 2012

http://www.bogerogpapir.dk/productsamples/9788763099356.pdf

Code	M17V	ZB01E	ECTS Credit	6			
Term:		fall		Level: MASTER			
Module Title:		PROJECT MANAGEMENT		L			
Module Leader:		Dr. Ákos Jarjabk	a, PhD	Office Hours:	agreed with students		
Lecturer		Dr. Norbert Sipos	s, PhD	Office Hours	Thuesday 11:00-12:15 B221		
Telephone:		+36-72-501-559/	23369	E-mail:	sipos.norbert@ktk.pte.hu		
Short Description:		The importance of the projects is undoubtedly high in nowadays business management. It is due to two reasons: on the one hand, it is a key to success of the realization and implementation of non-operationalizable and big volumed problems. On the other hand, it is an essential financial source to those project proposals in line with the main priorities of the European Union. The course aims to clarify for students possible cooperation between general management and project management. The course helps to get familiar with the concept of project, megaproject to understand their role in portfolio management, program management, project management and organizational project management. The learning process is strengthened by the Microsoft Teams project management software.					
Sessions (w	eeks): 14 ((1 st week is registra	tion, 7 th week is brea	nk)			
The schedu	le is tenta	tive and subject to	change.				
1.	Chapter 1						
(date)	Why Project Management. Formation of student project teams. Familiarization with the Microsoft Teams project management software.						
2.	Chapter 2						
(date)	he Organi	zational context: strategy, structure and culture					
3.	Chapter 3						
(date)	Project sele	ection and portfoli	o management				
4.	Chapter 4						
(date)	Leadership and the project management						
5.	Chapter 5						
(date)	Scope Man	nagement. Validation	on of formed Project	teams' idea.			
6.	Chapter 6						
(date)	Risk management						
7. (date)	Break						
8.	Chapter 8						
(date)	Cost estimation and budgeting						
9.	Midterm report						
(date)	Student presentation of the project proceedings						
10.	Chapter 9-10						

(date)	Project sch	Project scheduling: network, duration, estimation, critical path, lagging, crashing, activity network				
11.	Chapter 11					
(date)	Advanced topics in planning and scheduling: agile and critical chain					
12.	Chapter 12	napter 12				
(date)	Resource management					
13.	Chapter 13	-14				
(date)	Project eva	luation and control, closeout and termination				
14.	Final repor	t				
(date)	Student pre	esentation of the projects				
Rational	le Including	To integrate general management approach with the unique characteristics of project management and to show students how to handle projects in and out of an entrepreneurial context.				
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge		The following techniques and methods will be discussed: SMART, PDCA, CPM, MPM, Logframe-matrix, Gantt diagram, scope/problem tree, project force field, etc. From the organizational side, different elements are influencing the success of the project such as organizational factors, stakeholders and governance, project team and project life-cycle. We will determine project typology, then further evaluate project management processes, with emphasis on integration, scope, time, quality, cost, risk and human resource management.				
Learning Outcomes: Skills		The following skills will be developed: • teamwork • autonomy in problem identification, • problem analysis and solution • analytical and synthetic skills • communication • conflict management • creative and innovative thinking • team-based learning • precision • system-based decision strategy • use of the trello project management software				
Teaching and Learning Strategies:		In the first two weeks, we will focus on the principal elements of the projects with a fewer emphasis on teamwork; then it will be the primary framework of teaching. Each week there will be time spent with: • theories, • cases, • discussion, and • practical exercises. Every element is essential to achieve course objectives. Therefore it is expected from the students to read the relevant textbook chapter in advance to be able to discuss the content.				

	The students have to create a full project proposal by the end of the course. Their progress with this task will be controlled two times during the course (First at validation of the team's idea, the second time at the midterm report). They have to hand in a final report at the end of the semester. This structure ensures that students face the different problems of project management step by step and allows them to develop the necessary skills and knowledge incrementally. Students have to present the reports in a simulated situation which requires different readiness and presentation strategy.		
Assessment Scheme:	 Project validation – 10% Mid-term report – 30% Final presentation – 50% 10% for solving case studies 		
Further on Assessment:	1. Project validation -10% (max. 5 page long project proposal, 10 minutes of presentation in front of a Board Management, situation simulation or separate consultation with the professor)		
	2. Mid-term report – 30% (min. 20 page long project proposal, 20 minutes of presentation in front of an extended management with participants of different functional areas, simulated situation)		
	3. Final report – 50% (min. 40 page long final project proposal, 20 minutes of presentation, 10 minutes of Q&A, extended management and involving external professionals, simulated situation).		
	10% can be earned by solving book embedded case studies.		
Core Learning Materials:	Textbook: Pinto, J. K.: Project Management: Achieving Competitive Advantage, 4th ed., 2016. ISBN-13: 9781292094793		
Further Reading Materials:	Project Management Institute: A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge, 5th ed., 2013., ISBN-13: 978-1935589679		
Policy on attendance:	At maximum 3 absences are allowed during the semester.		
Policy on late arrival:	At maximum 5 minutes of late arrival will be allowed three times in a semester. More than 5 minutes of late arrival is equal to an absence.		
Academic misconduct:	It is required to solve every exercise based on own work, it is not allowed any form of plagiarism.		

Year 2

Code	M17VZA07E		ECTS Credit	6			
Module Title:		GLOBAL MARKETING					
Term:		spring					
Module Leader:		Beatrix Lányi, Ph.D. Assistant professor		Sessions	published at the beginning of each semester		
Telephone:		72/501-599 e	xt. 23182	E-mail:	lanyi@ktk.pte.hu		
Short Description:		Macroeconomic, politic, cultural and legal variables are studied in relation to commercial opportunities available in export markets. Information search and international markets assessments are presented as a prerequisite to market entry and to structuring a marketing strategy and preparing a proposed international marketing mix. Internet sources of information for export are covered. International marketing opportunities and challenges are presented for small and medium sized businesses as well as for large global corporations.					
Sessions (we	eks)						
Rationale Including Ai	ms:		The general purpose of this course is to examine the scope and challenges of global marketing and students will be able to apply marketing mix tools systematically in the extended competitive area.				
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge		Students will be able to develop critical analytical solutions. After the course students will be able to redefine problems from a wider perspective and give unique solutions currently aroused problems.					
Learning Outcomes: Skills	1. Understand the challenges confronting the international marketing management of companions: 2. Know and develop a critical evaluation of external factors influencing the decision making			to account ways of accessing foreign of decision making and the degree of decisions. ational marketing. The arrational context. The arrational analysis of a case study described as the arrational context. The arrational context and the sults.			
Teaching and Learning Strategies: Subjects covered in the assigned chapters of the text will be presented and discusse Students are expected to have read the assigned readings and be prepared to answer selected questions and cases proposed at the end of the different parts of the book. From the second class students have to preand discuss case studies. Students prepare case presentations, an article presentation presentation. Each student has to prepare individually for the discussion of the text		e presented and discussed in class. Ind be prepared to answer and discuss class students have to prepare themselves Ins., an article presentation and a country					
Assessment Scheme:		Team project and case presentation 20 % Class participation 20 % Final exam: 60% Total 100%					
Further on Assessment: Those students who apply themselves on international marketing competitions (Brandstorm Competition etc.) and are able to achieve a good ranking may get ex							
Core Learnin Materials:	g	Keegan, Warren J. and Green, Mark C. (2015), Global Marketing , International Edition, Pearson/Prentice-Hall			rketing, International Edition,		
Material:		Rekettye Gáb	Hollensen Svend (2011) Global Marketing, International Edition, Prentice Hall Rekettye Gábor, Tóth Tamás, Malota Erzsébet (2015), Nemzetközi marketing , Akadémiai Kiadó, Budapest (in Hungarian language)				

Cateora, Philip R. (1998), International Marketing, Tenth Edition, Chicago, IL: Richard D.

Irwin. Website: http://www.mhhe.com/cateora

Web sites for international marketing:

http://www.odci.gov/cia/publications/factboo

k http://www.wto.org (World Trade

Organization), http://www.un.org (United

Nations), http://www.imf.org/ (International

Monetary Fund),

http://www.oecd.org/ (Organization for Economic Cooperation and

Development), http://europa.eu.int/en/comm/eurostat (Statistics of the

European Union), http://www.eiu.com (The Economist Intelligence Unit),

http://www.euromonitor.com (Euromonitor)

http://www.europeonline.com

Articles in the Business Press such as: The Economist, Business Central Europe, The Wall

Street Journal, Financial

Times, Fortune, Business Week, Figyelő,

HVG, etc. See, for example, the following

websites: http://www.economist.com,

http://www.wsj.com,

http://www.ft.com,

http://www.businessweek.com,

http://www.fortune.com

http://www.cnnfn.com

http://www.economedia.com

http://www.bcemag.com

http://www.fn.hu (Hungarian)

http://hvg.hu (Hungarian)

Research articles in journals such as: Harvard Business Review, Journal of Marketing,

Journal of International

Marketing, Journal of International Business Studies, Journal of Global Marketing, Journal of

International

Consumer Marketing, Journal of Euromarketing, International Journal of

Commerce and Management, Marketing

& menedzsment, etc.

Code	M17V	ZB16E	ECTS Credit	6		
Module Title:		BUSINESS CONSULTING				
Term:		spring				
Module Lead	er:	Dr. Roland Schmuck PhD		Office Hours:	Dr. Roland Schmuck: Tuesday	
					15:30-16:30 (office: B219)	
		Lecturer: Csaba Ruzsa				
Telephone:		+36-72-501-599/23369		E-mail:	roland@ktk.pte.hu	
			+30-72-301-399/23309		ruzsa.csaba@pte.hu	
Short Descrip	otion:	The MSc in Applied Management Programme is designed to give last year students an				
		opportunity to meet real life problems and to consult with real businesses and organisations.				
		This module will provide student interaction with existing business problems as well as with				
			top managers of the businesses. In the final stage student have to solve a real business			
		problem.				

Sessions (weeks)

(The schedule is tentative, and subject to change.)

- 1. Introduction. What do we expect from each other and from the course? A Brief introduction to Management Consulting.
- 2. Definition of management consulting. What consultants do?
- 3. Process of management consulting. Student presentations about Management Consulting market.
- 4. Methods of management consulting.
- 5. International tendencies of management consulting.
- 6. Gábor Kornai (CEO of AAM Consulting) guest lecturer. Student group work.
- 7. Methods of diagnosis in management consulting
- 8. New approaches and critics of consulting methods. Student group work.
- 9. Consulting and project management by Balázs Horváth (Product manager at Finastra) guest lecturer. Finastra is the third largest Fintech company in the world.
- 10. Spring break No lesson (10 April 2019).
- 11. Consulting at startups. Student group work.
- 12. Rovitex company visit (24 April 2019)
- 13. National Holiday (1 May 2019)
- 14. Student presentations based on Rovitex company visit

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	goals with consulting opportunities, demands and behaviours so as to help enhance placement and career opportunities in consulting.				
	Students work in teams, so the module develops team building skills. Students are required to solve problems by meeting the ethics of consultancy and business. Students develop communications skills to solve the client's problems.				
	Moreover, enhanced capabilities and presentation skills, both written and oral, are required in the classwork.				
Teaching and	Students learn in lectures about the basics of business consulting.				
Learning Strategies:	Later the semester students receive a real world company problem to solve as if they were consultants. Students have to work in team work on this problem. They have to make a				
	presentation of their work at the end of the semester.				
Assessment Scheme:	Students' knowledge and understanding is assessed by individual exam and team work tasks.				
	Evaluation consists of:				
	• Final exam (50%)				
	• Classwork (40%)				
	• Presentation (10%)				
	Evaluation:				
	• 0%-51%: fail (1)				
	• 51.1%-59.9%: pass (2)				
	• 60%-74.9%: fair (3)				
	• 75%-87.9%: good (4)				
	• 88%-100%: excellent (5)				
	Maximum 20% missing (3 classes) is acceptable.				
Core Learning Materials:	• Altman, W., 2008: what's the point of management consultants? In.: Engineering & Technology (17509637); 7/5/2008, Vol. 3 Issue 12, p80-83, 4p,				
	 Biswas, Sugata – Twitchell, Daryl: Management Consulting, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons. Inc., New York, 1999, 2002 pp. 5-28; 69-73; 101-126; 209-237. 				
	• Economist, 2011: Advice for consultants. In The Economist. 6/4/2011,				
	• Kubr M, 2002 : Management Consulting – A guide to the profession. International Labour Orrice Geneva. 3-85, 153-261, 547-575 pp.				
	 Markham, Calvert: Developing Consulting Skills = Consulting to Management - C2M, 2005, Vol. 16. Issue 4, pp. 33-37. 				
	• Nadler A.,D., 2005: Confession of a trusted consultant. In: HBR, 2005/sept. 68-77 pp.				
	 Poór, József – Gross, Andrew: Management Consultancy in an Eastern European Context, KJK-Kerszöv, Budapest, 2003 pp. 13-39; 57-72; 145-156. 				
	• Sadler, Philip (ed.): Management Consultancy, Kogan page, London 2001. pp. 293-321.				
	• RASIEL ETHAN M., FRIGA PAUL N.: The McKinsey Mind. McGraw-Hill. 2002. 1-103 pp.				
	 Schiffman, Stephan: The Consultant's Handbook, 2nd Edition, Adams Media Corporation Holbrook, Massachusetts, 2001 pp. 103-135. 				
Optional Learning Material:	7 110				
-					

Code	M17V	VZB15E ECTS Credit		6		
Module Title:		QUALITY MANAGEMENT				
Term:		spring				
Module Leader:		Dr. Roland Schmuck		Office Hours:	Tuesday 3.30-4.30 PM, B219	
Telephone:		+36-72-501-599/	/23369	E-mail:	roland@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:		The goal of the course is to show the concepts and methods of quality management in organizations.				

Sessions (weeks)

(The schedule is tentative, and subject to change.)

- 1. Differing perspectives on quality
- 2. Quality theory
- 3. The Gung Ho case study
- 4. Global supply chain quality and international quality standards; Strategic quality planning
- 5. Sakti Hendra Pramudya guest lecturer: Quality management at Wikipedia Indonesia
- 6. The voice of the customer; The voice of the market; Quality and innovation in product and process design; Designing quality services
- 7. Managing supplier quality in the supply chain; Acceptance sampling
- 8. The tools of quality
- 9. Biomark company visit: Pécs, Eperfás street (28th March 2019)
- 10. Reading week No lesson (4th April 2019)
- 11. Spring break No lesson (11th April 2019)
- 12. Student presentations of solutions based on the Biomark company visit (25th April 2019)
- 13. Group work excercise 1st part (2nd May 2019)
- 14. Group work excersise 2nd part (9th May 2019); Closing the course

Final exam in the exam period (exact date to be pronounced later)

Rationale Including Aims:	The aim of this module is to provide students with basic knowledge of quality assurance and quality management showing tools and methods that can be used in practice.			
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge	On completion of this module the successful student will be able to: Understand basic quality assurance and management definitions, including the principles of quality management, Understand the concepts of different quality management systems such as the ISO 9001, TQM, etc,			
Learning Outcomes: Skills	Develop critical and analytical problem-based learning and transferable skills. This module enhances the development of the students' existing skills base, allowing for cumulative learning experience. The skills gained in this module are transferable and the can be used in several situations. By the end of this module students will be able to demonstrate: • ability to have a complex view on quality management, • ability to create and evaluate quality policy and quality goals,			

Teaching and Learning Strategies:	 ability to analyse and develop company operations based on the principles of quality management, ability to use quality management tools and methods, team work skills are enhanced by group work tasks. The course consists of lectures, where up-to-date principles and tools are introduced by the lecturer. Team work case study presentations give opportunity of analysis and class discussion of these principles in practice. Case studies provide opportunity of a detailed analysis of real-world cases to further 			
	develop skills and deeper understand the principles. Company visit helps students experience quality management in practice.			
Assessment Scheme:	 Evaluation consists of: Final exam (50%): written exam in the exam period Class work (50%): Case studies (6x5%=30%) Presentation (10%) Group work exercise (10%) Marking: 0%-51%: fail (1) 51.1%-59.9%: pass (2) 60%-74.9%: fair (3) 75%-87.9%: good (4) 88%-100%: excellent (5) Maximum 20% missing (3 classes) is acceptable. 			
Further on Assessment:	Case studies: There will be 7 case studies handed out during the classes to be solved in class work. Only the best 6 solutions will be used to calculate your points, so you can skip one case study without any points lost. Presentation: You need to make one presentation based on the company visit at Biomark. Presentation should be about quality management and quality improvement suggestions at Biomark based on your own ideas. Presentation pointing consists of: content and structure, presentation style and visualization, excitement and involving audience. Group work exercise: This will be a training exercise to be solved in teams. The work will overlap two sessions in two weeks. You need to participate in both to receive all the points. In partial participation the points will be given proportionally. Further details about it will be announced before the exercise. Final exam: Topics will include topics included in the lessons and the book listed in the core learning materials. Some chapters may not be covered. The lecturer will give you further information about before the exam period.			
Core Learning Materials:	 Foster, S. Thomas: Managing Quality: Integrating the Supply Chain. Sixth Edition, Pearson, 2017 Slides of lectures to be provided after lectures in Neptun 			

Optional Learning	ISO 9001 quality management standard
Material:	 Goetsch, David L Davis, Stanley: Quality Management for Organizational Excellence: Introduction to Total Quality. Pearson, 2016 Schmuck, Roland: A minőségirányítás alapjai, Comenius Kiadó, 2010 Summers, Donna C. S.: Quality Management. Pearson, 2009
	Total Quality Management and Business Excellence journal, Taylor & Francis Group

Code	M17V	ZB05E	ECTS Credit	6	6		
Module Title:		CHANGE MANAGEMENT					
Term:		spring					
Module Le	cturer:	Mariann Benke		Office	Thursday 1:00-2:00 PM		
		assistant lecturer		Hours:	B223 office		
Telephone	:	+36-72-501-599	/23320	E-mail:	benkem@ktk.pte.hu		
Teaching a	ssistant			E-mail:			
Short Description:		Change Management is an area of management studies re-evaluating, synthesizing, and applying existing knowledge. The core aim of the course is to make students exercise managerial decision-making skills, to provide knowledge and skills for them to become change agents in organizations.					
Sessions (v	weeks)	1					
(The sched	ule is tenta	ative, and subject	to change.)				
1.	Require	ements, introducti	ion				
4 Feb	Organiz	zations and their changing environments					
	Case st	udy / practical task					
2. 11 Feb		ature of organizational change study / practical task					
3. 18 Feb	_	nizational structure, design and change study / practical task					
4. 25 Feb		Culture and change Case study / practical task					
5. 4 Mar	-	Hard systems models of change Case study / practical task					
6. 11 Mar	Compa	Company visit					
7. 18 Mar	-	Soft systems models of change Case study / practical task					
8. 25 Mar	Individ	Individual, Interpersonal, and Group Process Approaches Case study / practical task					
9. 1 Apr	-	Company visit or Guest lecturer Practical task					
10. 8 Apr	Spring	Spring break (no lesson)					

11.	Guest L	ecturer			
15 Apr	Case st	udy / practical task			
12. 22 Apr	Reading	Reading week (no lesson)			
13.	Deadlin	e of submitting individual papers (10 points)			
29 Apr	Present	cations of individual reports (5 points)			
14. 6 May	Present	rations of individual reports (5 points)			
	Final ex	am in Exam period			
Rationale In Aims:	cluding	The course aims at improving students' already existing knowledge in management and forces them to apply these to complex situations. Tasks will improve their ability of working in groups and communication and presentations skills, especially in novel and challenging situations. Concepts and theories will be critically analysed, and existing knowledge will be applied to higher level problems, this way analytical and synthesizing skills will be improved.			
Learning Outcomes:		Master level knowledge about change and organization development. Students will be able to:			
Knowledge		evaluate theories and apply them to real life situations.			
		comprehend the effect of change on organizations and individuals.			
		 use their knowledge to improve organizational efficiency and effectiveness. 			
Learning Outcomes:					
Skills	 Ability of designing and carrying through both simple and complex change e 				
		Development of human skills.			
Aiding people in threatening situations.					
		Ability of leading in difficult times.			
Teaching Learning Strategies:	and	Classes will be separated to two parts: in the first part a lecture will be provided about the main topic, then in the second half either an exercise will be given or a case study will be analysed in class relevant to the topic. Students are expected to read material before class. To enhance practical skill building, role plays, videos and discussion groups will be used.			
Assessment Scheme:	 Total points (100) consists of: Class work (case studies solutions) = 35 points (only the best 5 of 8 case study solutions are counted: 5x7 points). The cases will be distributed on the lessons. Individual paper = 15 points (written report 10 points + presentation 5 points). There is no obligation to deliver PPTs for the presentation. Written exam = 50 points 				

	Evaluation:			
	 0%-50%: fail (1) 50.01%-60%: pass (2) 60.01%-75%: fair (3) 75.01%-88%: good (4) 88.01%-100%: excellent (5) 			
	Maximum 20% missing (3 classes) is acceptable.			
Requirements of individual paper	Focus: Change management and your dissertation topic. (If your dissertation topic is nothing to do with change management, you can choose another case.)			
	Theoretical background: 3-4 references from world-leading journals or books.			
	Length: 10-13 pages (Times New Roman 12, 1.5 linespacing) with the following suggested structure:			
	 theories used 2-3 pages, discussion on the change topic (either macro or micro aspect is acceptable) 6-7 pages, recommendations 2-3 pages. In the paper please use theories discussed during the semester, mainly the soft and the hard systems models of change. Other theories discussed during the semester (structure, 			
	culture analysis, etc) can also be used. You can use one or more theories in your paper.			
	Submission: electronically in e-mail to benkem@ktk.pte.hu or take the file with you to the lesson. No need for a printed copy.			
	Verbal presentation should be a short summary of your paper. Presentations will be scheduled individually to the last two lessons two lessons of the semester.			
	Plagiarism is not acceptable!			
	Evaluation consists of the paper and the presentation together:			
	 Written paper: max. 10 points (in case of one week late submission the maximum points can be 50%=5 points after one week the paper is unacceptable) Presentation: max. 5 points 			
Core Learning Materials:	 Senior, Barbara – Swailes, Stephen: Organisational Change. 5th Edition. Prentice Hall, 2016. (previous editions after 2002 are acceptable) Cummings, Thomas G. – Worley, Christopher G.: Organizational Development and Change. 10th Edition. Cengage Learning, 2014 (or 9th Edition. South Western, 2009) Slides of the lectures. 			
Optional Learning Material:	 It is suggested that students follow Harvard Business Review's actual managing change articles in the given semester. Carnall, C.: Managing Change in Organizations. 6th Edition. Prentice Hall, 2014 			

Code	M17V	ZB04E	ECTS Credit	6	
Module Title:		LEADERSHIP AND INTERNATIONAL MANAGEMENT			
Term:		spring			
Module Leader:		Zsuzsanna Vitai		Office Hours:	Monday: 14 p.m. – 15 p.m. Or by appointment via the Program's secretary, Gabriella Kohlmann
Telephone:		23198		E-mail:	vitai@ktk.pte.hu
Short Description:		The module presumes that students had participated already at some introductory management course such as Organizational Behavior, General Management, or International Business Management. This module specifically addresses those critical problems and significant challenges that leaders and managers face in their daily lives. It will explore how can the student as a future manager and leader build and sustain high performance at the individual, group and organizational levels. The module emphasizes that it will be based on previous knowledge and will analyze, synthesize and raise previous experience to a higher stage. Besides aiming at a comprehensive coverage of the main theories, the module will develop, strengthen and polish skills such as motivation, communications, influence, conflict handling, negotiation.			
Sessions (we	eks) Ever	ry Wednesday 11-	12 30 a.m. and 12 3	0-14 p.m.	
There might	be slight	changes in the sc	hedule, due to unfo	eseen events!	
1. 02. 06.	Met Read	Requirements, introduction Methodology, Ice breaking exercise – group formation Readings for the class: Textbook: Chapter 1 What does it Mean to Be a Leader?			
2. 02. 13.					
3. 02. 20.	Read	Contingency Approaches to Leadership Readings for the class: Textbook: Chapter 3 Contingency Approaches to Leadership		ip	
4. 02. 27.	Read	The Leader as an Individual Readings for the class: Textbook: Chapter 4 The Leader as an Individual			
5. 03. 04.	First computer exam! MONDAY!				

5.	Leadership Mind and Heart			
03. 06.	Readings for the class:			
	Textbook: Chapter 5 Leadership Mind and Heart			
	Online Class – NO attendence is required!			
6.	Courage and Moral leadership			
03. 13.	Readings for the class:			
	Textbook: Chapter 6 Courage and Moral leadership			
_	Followership			
7. 03. 20.				
03. 20.	Readings for the class:			
	Textbook: Chapter 7 Followership			
8. 03.27.	Motivation and Empowerment			
	Readings for the class:			
	Textbook: Chapter 8 Motivation and Empowerment			
9. 04.01.	Second computer exam! Monday!			
9. 04. 03.	Leading Teams			
	Readings for the class:			
	Textbook: Chapter 10 Leading Teams			
	Online Class – NO attendence is required!			
10. 04. 0804. 14	Spring break, no class!			
	Guest lecture Stephan Kühnel Dresden University of Applied Sciences.			
11. 17.04.				
12. 04. 24	Decision-making –theories and practice			
	Readings for the class:			
	Osland, J.S., Kolb, D.A., Rubin, I.M.: Organizational Behavior, 8th ed. Chapter 17			
	Luthans, F. Organizational Behavior, 9th ed. Pages 365-377			
	Articles:			
	Kahneman, D., Rosenfield, A.M., Gandhi, I., Blaser, T.: Noise Harvard Business Review, October 2016			

	Soyer, E,, Hogarth, R.M.: Fooled by Experience Harvard Business Review, May 2015			
12. 01.05.				
13. 05. 08.	Leadership Power and Influence Readings for the class: Textbook: Chapter 12 Leadership Power and Influence			
Rationale Includ Aims:	To integrate management knowledge and show students how successful organizations are led achieving the threefold main aims of business: • profit, • growth and • stability in the conditions of the international business environment.			
Learning Outcomes: Knowledge	The module will help students to analyze and critically evaluate the nature of: 1. individual behavior in organizations as it affects the leader's ability to work with others, 2. group processes as they affect decision making and implementation, 3. problems – national and global, leaders encounter during the course of their work			
Learning Outcomes: Skills	This module will develop the students' competence to apply a range of management skills to the practice of management in the international context such as: critical thinking and creativity, problem solving and managerial decision making with an emphasis on personal effectiveness and self-efficacy.			
Teaching a Learning Strategies:	Each week we will focus on a particular challenge facing managers. The goal is to highlight effective strategies for dealing with these challenges. We will accomplish this by discussing concepts and analyzing related cases. Each week there will be assigned readings and problems to be dealt with individually before class. Each week there will be time spent with: • theories, • cases, • discussion and • practical exercises. All these and the assigned readings are important to achieve course objectives. Therefore, students are expected to have thoroughly read the assigned readings for the day and be ready to discuss them and their implications in the light of previous readings and assignments. Students will get the MindTap software and assignments will be provided and monitored via the computer.			

	- The cases and exercises provide concrete situations to which students should apply the concepts introduced in the readings. They provide an opportunity			
	for them to practice diagnosing the nature and causes of leadership performance and to practice thinking through the potential consequences of action strategies.			
Assessment	Three computer quizzes:		20% each (60%)	
Scheme:				
	Class contribution during the semester:			
	•	MindTap assignments	20%	
		Class participation	20%	
		Class participation	2070	
Core Learning	1.		aft: The Leadership Experience 7 th edition	
Core Learning Materials:	1. 2.	Textbook: Richard. L. D.		
		Textbook: Richard. L. D.	aft: The Leadership Experience 7 th edition	
	2.	Textbook: Richard. L. D Cengage Learning MindTap in	aft: The Leadership Experience 7 th edition nterface – provided by the Faculty of Business and	

For exchange students:

It is always a pleasure to have exchange students in my class. Nevertheless please do not expect extraordinary treatment. You will be handled the same as our registered students, with the same rights and responsibilities. All exams will be on the announced dates; no change is possible. Please carefully book flights and other tickets because the only exception I promise to make is if there is a clash in the exam timetable and you have more on one day that you can handle!

Code	KTKBABA-stratmNMA ECTS Credit 6					
Module Title:		STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT				
Term:		fall				
Module Leader:		Dr. Roland Schmuck		Office Hours:	Monday 2.00-3.30 PM, B219	
Telephon	ne:	+36-72-501-599,	/23369	E-mail:	roland@ktk.pte.hu	
Short Description:		The globalisation, extended European international co-operation, spreading West-European-Hungarian joint ventures, appearance of multinational firms in Hungary, the joining of Hungary to the European Union requires new knowledge of corporate planning, strategic management. This subject intends to serve and fulfil this demand.				
Sessions	(weeks)					
(The sche	edule is tenta	tive, and subject t	o change.)			
1.	INTRODUCTION. Course outline. ENVIRONMENT. Changing European environment: globalisation. Factors forcing changes in the world and Europe. Internationalised industries, multinational enterprises.					
2.	CORPORATE BUSINESS AND FUNCTIONAL STRATEGIES. An integrated approach to international business strategy. The nature of strategy. The three contrasting paradigms. Nature of strategy.					
3.	CORPORATE B	PORATE BUSINESS AND FUNCTIONAL STRATEGIES. Corporate parenting. Strategic management styles.				
4.	PÉCS-POGÁNY AIRPORT COMPANY VISIT. Examining strategic approaches and issues at a real company. (25 th SEPTEMBER 2019)					
5.	CORPORATE BUSINESS AND FUNCTIONAL STRATEGIES. New game vs. same game strategy. Corporate strategy, business strategy, functional strategy. Business performance and corrective adjustments.					
6.	THE INTERNATIONALISATION PROCESS. International business dynamics. Cross-border market entry decisions. International business development. International financial management. Measuring international business performance. Bi-polarization theory.					
7.	EXTERNAL TRIGGERS TO THE INTERNATIONALISATION PROCESS. Meta-level developments in the world economy. PEST analysis. Assessing the internationalisation of industries: globalisation versus localisation. 4C analysis.					
8.	AUTUMN HOLIDAY (23 RD OCTOBER 2019)					
9.	Internal triggers to the internationalisation process. Shaping an international vision and mindset. Organisational dynamics. Managing organisational change. Assessing and changing corporate culture. Resource capability and competitive advantage. Managing organisational change to improve business performance.					
10.	RESTRICTED NATIONAL MARKET SCOPE. National market development over time. Sustainability of national strategies. Internal vs. external growth. Measuring competitive advantage. Inter-market comparisons. Benchmarking.					

Comparisons	11.	READING WEEK. (13 TH NOVEMBER 2019)					
Final Exam Period (Exact date to be Pronounced Later)	12.	INTERNATIONAL MARKET ENTRY AND DEVELOPMENT. Measuring company competitiveness. Inter-market comparisons. Benchmarking.					
Rationale Including Aims: The aim of this module is to provide students with enhanced and deepened knowledge of strategic management principles and tools to help them better understand the operation of a company and to be able to build a career in a diverse range of business organisation worldwide. The module enhances the student's existing knowledge base as it provides. complex view on company management and integrates several basic economic principles. The module also enhances several different and important skills of the students. It develop the critical and analytical powers of students with the help of real world case studies am prepares them for graduate employment. Learning Outcomes: Knowledge On completion of this module the successful student will be able to: • Analyse the factors which affect the strategy of companies, including external an internal triggers, strategic options • Develop critical and analytical problem-based learning and transferable skills • Better understand nowadays complex environment and be able to identify strategic options for the future, evaluate them and select appropriate solutions to them • Understand the internationalization process, how to formulate and implement strategies in a rapidly changing competitive international environment • Evaluate the respective strengths and weaknesses of different strategies and critically analyse them • Plan and manage the strategy of a company Learning Outcomes: Skills This module enhances the development of the students' existing skills base, allowing for cumulative learning experience. The skills gained in this module are transferable and the can be used in several situations. By the end of this module students will be able to demonstrate: • Ability to have a complex view of long-term planning including problem solving strategic planning and coping with uncertainty • Analyse, interpret, evaluate and handle complex situations in a rapidly changing international environment • Positive contribution to decision making skills	13.	GUEST LECTURER FROM FTA GROUP KFT. Start-up companies and their strategies.					
Rationale Including Aims: Rationale Including Aims: The aim of this module is to provide students with enhanced and deepened knowledge of strategic management principles and tools to help them better understand the operation of a company and to be able to build a career in a diverse range of business organisation worldwide. The module enhances the student's existing knowledge base as it provides complex view on company management and integrates several basic economic principles. The module also enhances several different and important skills of the students. It develop the critical and analytical powers of students with the help of real world case studies an prepares them for graduate employment. Learning Outcomes: Knowledge On completion of this module the successful student will be able to: Analyse the factors which affect the strategy of companies, including external an internal triggers, strategic options Develop critical and analytical problem-based learning and transferable skills Better understand nowadays complex environment and be able to identify strategies options for the future, evaluate them and select appropriate solutions to them Understand the internationalization process, how to formulate and implement strategies in a rapidly changing competitive international environment Evaluate the respective strengths and weaknesses of different strategies and critically analyse them Plan and manage the strategy of a company This module enhances the development of the students' existing skills base, allowing for cumulative learning experience. The skills gained in this module are transferable and the can be used in several situations. By the end of this module students will be able to demonstrate: Ability to have a complex view of long-term planning including problem solving strategic planning and coping with uncertainty Analyse, interpret, evaluate and handle complex situations in a rapidly changin international environment Positive contribution to decision making skills Team work skills a		FINAL EXAM IN EXAM PERIOD					
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Teaching and Learning The course consists of lectures, where up-to-date principles and tools are introduced by the lecturer.							
Team work case study presentations give opportunity of analysis and class discussion of these principles in practice.		g	The course consists of lectures, where up-to-date principles and tools are introduced by the lecturer. Team work case study presentations give opportunity of analysis and class discussion of				

	Case studies provide opportunity of a detailed analysis of real-world cases to further develop skills and deeper understand the principles.		
Assessment Scheme:	Students' knowledge and understanding is assessed by individual exam and teamwork tasks.		
	Evaluation consists of:		
	Final exam (50%)		
	One presentation in teamwork (10%)		
	• Case studies in teamwork (8x5%=40%)		
	Evaluation:		
	• 0%-51%: fail (1)		
	• 51.1%-59.9%: pass (2)		
	• 60%-74.9%: fair (3)		

Further on Assessment:

Final Exam

Candidates are not allowed to use any written or printed material, including books, slides, etc. It is not allowed to use communication and/or recording equipment like notebooks, tablets, mobile phones, calculators, etc.

In those questions where examples are requested, examples can be chosen from case studies presented by any student group during the semester or give own examples.

Presentations

Each student have to make one team work presentation in predefined student groups. The topic of the presentation is discussed at the first lesson. All of the presentations are about case studies. Students have to make an analysis of the given case study and make a presentation of it. Case study materials are provided to the students by the instructor.

Presentations should take about 20-30 minutes including dispute. Presentations are evaluated by:

content and structure,

75%-87.9%: good (4) 88%-100%: excellent (5)

Maximum 20% missing (3 classes) is acceptable.

- implementation and presentation style,
- involving audience and drawing attention.

Case study analysis

During the semester case studies are handled to the students who need to analyse them according to theories discussed throughout the course. Case study analysis have to be done in teamwork during the classes. Submission: until the end of the lesson. Pointing of the case study analysis class work is in total 40 points (the best 8 of 10 case study solutions: 8x5 points). The cases will be distributed on the lessons.

Core Learning **Basic books:** ELLIS, JOHN - DAVID WILLIAMS: International Business Strategy. Pitman Publ., London, 1995 Materials: ISBN 0-273-60712-X (US version can be used as well) FITZROY, PETER - HULBERT, JAMES M. - O'SHANNASSY, TIMOTHY: Strategic Management: The Challenge of Creating Value, 3rd Edition, Routledge, 2016 Other core materials: 1. DAVID, FRED R.: Strategic Management. Concepts and Cases. 14th Edition, Pearson, 2. JOHNSON, GERRY - WHITTINGTON, RICHARD - SCHOLES, KEVAN: Exploring Strategy: Text & Cases. 9th edition, Pearson, 2011 Case studies: Case studies included in the presentations are the following: 1. Adidas 2. Apple 3. BMW 4. Bristol-Meyers Squibb 5. Cordia 6. Danone 7. Hotpoint 8. Le Creuset 9. Severstal 10. World Airline Industry Furthermore to the above cases, more case studies are analysed during the course in team work. **Optional Learning** 1. ASHTON, JAMES E. - FRANK X. COOK, JR - PAUL SCHMITZ: Uncovering Hidden Value in a Midsize Manufacturing Company. Harvard Business Review, June 2003, 111-119. Material: 2. COHEN, STEPHEN S. AND GAVIN BOYD (ed.): Corporate Governance and Globalization. "New Horizons in International Business Series", 2000 3. ELSBACH, KIMBERLY D.: How to Pitch a Brilliant Idea? HBR Sept 2003, 117-123 4. FARREL, DIANA: The Real New Economy. Harvard Business Review, October 2003, 104-112. 5. GHEMAWAT, PANKAJ – FAIBORZ GHADAR: The Dubious Logic of Global Megamergers. Harvard Business Review, July-August 2000. 6. GHEMAWAT, PANKAJ: The Forgotten Strategy. Harvard Business Review, November 2003 7. GOSLING, JONATHAN - HENRY MINTZBERG: The Five Mind of a Manager. HBR Nov 2003, 54-63. 8. HARVARD BUSINESS REVIEW - PORTER, MICHAEL E. - KIM, W. CHAN - MAUBORGNE, RENEE: HBR's 10 Must Reads on Strategy. Harvard Business Review, February 2011 9. IANSITI, MARCO - ROY LEVIEN: Strategy as Ecollogy. Harvard Business Review, March 2004, 68-78.

- 10. JOHNSON, GERRY WHITTINGTON, RICHARD SCHOLES, KEVAN: Fundamentals of Strategy. 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2012
- 11. KANTER, ROSABETH MOSS: Thriving Locally in the Global Economy. Harvard Business Review, August 2003, 119-127.
- 12. KIM, W. CHAN RENÉE MAUBORGNE: Knowing a Winning Business Idea. Harvard Business Review, September-October 2000, 129-138.
- 13. LESSEM, RONNIE: Managing in Four Worlds. Long Range Planning 34 (2001) 9-32
- 14. LORANGE, PETER: Intrapreneurship. Lausenne, 2000.
- 15. MSJ: Grundfos A/S in an International Perspective, Aalborg University, Department of Business Studies, Center for International Business, last updated in September 2009
- 16. Nohria, Nitin William Joyce Bruce Robertson: What Really Works. Harvard Business Review, July 2003, 43-52
- 17. Peterman, John: The Rise and Fall of the J. Peterman Company, Harvard Business Review, September 1999
- 18. PILLMORE, ERIC M.: How We're Fixing Up Tyco? Harvard Business Review December 2003, 96-103.
- 19. PORTER, MICHAEL: What is Strategy. Harvard Business Review, November-December 1996
- 20. PORTER, MICHAEL: Strategy and the Internet. Harvard Business Review, March 2001
- 21. PORTER, MICHAEL: The Five Competitive Forces That Shape Strategy. Harvard Business Review, January 2008
- 22. PORTER, MICHAEL: The Looming Challenge to U.S. Competitiveness. Harvard Business Review, March 2012, 55-62
- 23. PRAHALAD, C. K. KENNETH LIEBERTHAL: The End of Corporate Imperialism. Harvard Business Review, August 2003
- 24. STALK, GEORGE JR ROB LACHENAUER: Hard Ball Five Killer Strategies for Trouncing the Competition. Harvard Business Review, April 2004, 62-71.
- 25. WARTICK, STEVEN DONNA J. WOOD: International Business and Scoiety. Blackwell, Oxford, UK, 1998 (Chapters 1-4, 6-7).
- 26. Wheelen, Thomas L. Hunger, J. David: Concepts in Strategic Management and Business Policy. Toward Global Sustainability. 13th Edition, Pearson, 2012

Code	SSC 2	1101	ECTS Credit	6	
Module Title:		KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT			
Term:		fall			
Module Leader:		Dr. Edit Bányai		Office Hours:	Dr. Edit Bányai:
		associate professor			Tuesday 11:00-12:00
		and			Brigitta Szabó-Bálint:
		Brigitta Szabó-Bálint			Thursday: 13:00-14:30
		assistant lecturer			
Telephon	e:			E-mail:	banyai.edit@ktk.pte.hu
					balintb@ktk.pte.hu
		Organizational Behaviour and Human Resource Management module of the BA Programme and is designed to make students aware of the importance of knowledge and talent in the value production of organizations, and prepare them to be able to critically deal with issues in this field.			
Sessions	(weeks):				
1	Introduction to the semester program. Creating a common understanding, goals and expectations. Team formation. Clarification of results and requirements. Introduction to knowledge management. Critical insight over the different approaches to knowledge management. Trends, problems and solutions. Chapter 1-2 SZBB				
2	The nature of knowing. Basic KM definitions (knowledge, learning, memory, knowledge management etc). The dimensions of knowledge. Knowledge management strategy. Chapter 1-2 SZBB				
3	Creating kno	Creating knowledge: organizational learning Chapter 5 BE			
4	Learning organization. Organizations as open learning systems. What do influence success of companies? The transformation of resources to performance. What creates a learning organizational culture? The learning organization concept. System dynamics and system thinking basics. Chapter 6 SZBB				
5	Knowledge management tools (tools for capturing, evaluating, sharing knowledge) Chapter 7 BE				
6	Developing knowledge-sharing and talent-focused culture Chapter 9 BE				
7	Type and measurement of intellectual capital. Chapter 3 The evaluation of human capital. Guest lecturing				
8	The relationship between knowledge management and other management fields. Macro and micro context of talent management. Talent management as a strategic issue in knowledge and performance focused organizations. (war for talent, employer branding, etc) SZBB				
9	Implementing knowledge management. The issues of leading people in knowledge-based organizations. Chapter 10 BE				

10	Talent management process and practices. (attracting, developing and retaining the right talent, succession planning) SZBB				
11	Project prese	oject presentation			
12	Project prese	oject presentation			
Rationale Aims:	Including	The subject is aimed to provide students with knowledge, which they can use successfully in their future career. For this reason, it is important to introduce the newest and significant knowledge and talent management concepts. A special focus is placed on the practical aspects and application of the issues covered in the framework of this course. Aim is to develop students' ability to create and sustain an organizational culture and environment that is driven by intellectual capital, learning capabilities and knowledge.			
Learning (Outcomes:	At the end of the module successful students will be able			
Knowledge		 to understand importance of knowledge and talent in the value production of organizations and critically evaluate the different approaches to knowledge and talent management. to differentiate between human, structural, social, relationship and intellectual capital and explain the appropriateness of their use in any strategy for enhancing 			
		 organizational learning and knowledge. to understand and apply appropriate methods to evaluate critical knowledge and talent management processes in the organizational context, so as to demonstrate their impact on the achievement of organizational goals. 			
Learning (Outcomes:	By the end of this module successful students will be able to evaluate critically theories and practice of knowledge and talent management, apply different concepts and also to solve such problems in organizations where they work.			
Learning Strategies: to a p		In order to reach the goals set above, the lecture, which provides critical insight of the topic, will always be supported by in-class presentations and/or case studies, and home assignments. Students are expected to read the material before class since active participation in class discussions is a requirement. By analyzing the elected cases students develop their problem solving capabilities and improve their skills in this field.			
Assessme	nt Scheme:	Classroom work and homework assignment: 50 %			
		 Individual work: 10 % Group work: 20 % Project work (group work): Comparison of Global Companies' Knowledge Management Practices 20%; Exam: 50 % 			
		Bonus points: max. 10			
		During the semester students can earn 10 extra points with active participation and meaningful comments. They can get max. 2 points per class. It will be only considered if the student reaches 51 % from the total score.			

Further on Assessment:	Classroom work includes case studies with assignments to be solved partly individ partly as group work			
	The exam is a closed book exam based on the topics covered during the semester.			
Core Learning Materials:	 Jashapara, Ashok (2011): Knowledge management. An Integrated Approach. Pearson, Prentice Hall. Chapters: 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10 Hatum, Andrés (2010): Next generation talent management: talent management to survive turmoil, pp. 37-123. King, K. A. – Vaiman, V. (2019): Enabling effective talent management through a macro-contingent approach: A framework for research and practice. BRQ Business Research Quarterly, Volume 22, Issue 3, pp. 194-206. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.brq.2019.04.005. 			
Optional Learning	 Slides of the lectures Davenport T.H., De Long D.W., Beers M.C., (1998): Successfull Knowledge Management 			
Material:	 Projects Lehner, F and Haas, N. (2010) "Knowledge Management Success Factors – Proposal of an Empirical Research" in: Electronic Journal of Knowledge Management Volume 8 Issue 1 (pp79 - 90), available online at www.ejkm com Nonakai, I., 2007: The Knowledge Creating Company. In: Harvard Business Review, 2007, Júl-Aug. 162-171 pp. Wang Sheng, , Raymond A. Noe, 2010: Knowledge sharing: A review and directions for future research. in: Human Resource Management Review 20 (2010) 115–131 Zack M., H.,- 1999: Developing a Knowledge StrategyCalifornia Management Review 			
	Vol. 41, No. 3 Spring 1999. 125-145 pp.			
	 Cappelli, Peter (2008): Talent Management for the Twenty-First Dobrai, Katalin – Farkas Ferenc (2009): Knowledge Creation in the co-operation between Knowledge-Intensive Business Services and Client Organizations – A Theoretical Approach. In: Advances In Management, India, 2(6), pp. 7-12. 			
	 Dobrai, Katalin (2008): Knowledge-Related Issues in Human Resource Management. Proceedings of the International Conference: "New Trends and Tendencies in Human Resource Management – East Meets West", Pécs, Hungary, 13-14, June, 2008 CD: ISBN 978-963-642-3 			
	 Dobrai, Katalin and Farkas, Ferenc (2008): Knowledge-Based Organizations: Examining Knowledge Processes in Public-Serving Nonprofit Organization. International Journal of Knowledge, Culture and Change Management (Common Ground Publishing, Australia) Volume 8, Issue 2, pp. 9-22. Ready, Douglas A. – Conger, Jay A. (2007): Make your company a Talent Factory, HBR, 			
	June 2007, 68-77			
	• Schiemann, William A.: Reinventing Talent Management. How to Maximize Performance in the New Marketplace. Wiley 2009.			
	 Schmidt, Martin and Schmidt, Conrad (2010): How to Keep your Top Talent. HBR, may, 54-61. 			
	 Dobrai Katalin (2011): The Role of Organizational Culture in Knowledge Management. Proficient – an International Journal of Management, Aug. pp. 21-33. List of articles may change 			